The DAILY COMMERCIAL, published by the Commercial Printing Company, corner Fifth Avenue and Smithfield street, opposite Postoffice.

RUSSELL ERRETT, Editor.

[illegible], Business Manager.

TERMS OF THE DAILY: Single copy, 5 cents; delivered by carriers (per week) 25 cents; subscribers by mail (per year), $10 00.

Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.

Letters on Business, Subscription, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

The Weekly Commercial, a large sheet containing all the Current News, Miscellaneous, Literary and Scientific Intelligence, and Valuable Reading for the family.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY: Per Year (52 issues), $2 00; in Clubs of Twenty, $1 50; one copy gratis to the getter up of the Club.

The money must always accompany the Order, and in no instance can these terms be deviated from.

Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

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The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. XI. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 30, 1874. NO. 248.

The Daily and Weekly Commercial.

NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.—1. Any one who takes a paper regularly from the Postoffice—whether directed to his name or another's, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. The Courts have decided that refusing to take Newspapers or Periodicals from the Postoffice, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facia evidence of intentional fraud.

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FIRST EDITION.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Spain.

MARSHAL CONCHA KILLED—SUCCESSION TO COMMAND OF REPUBLICAN ARMY.

MADRID, June 29.—Dispatches received by the government this morning convey the startling intelligence that Marshal Concha was killed yesterday in an attack on the Carlist entrenchments at Muromar Estella. When the National force learned of the death of their commander, they returned to their former positions without disorder, leaving no trophy in the hands of the enemy. The command of the Republican army will now be taken by General Zabola, President of the Council and Minister of War. Senor Cotorrez will succeed General Zabola as Minister of War, and Senor Fagasta, Minister of the Interior, becomes President of the Council.

REPUBLICANS FALL BACK FROM ESTELLA.

MADRID, June 29.—Besides Marshal Concha, one brigadier and two staff officers were killed in the attack of the Republicans upon the Carlist intrenchments yesterday. General Martinez Campos commands the army of the North until the arrival of General Lebola. By orders from Madrid the whole army has fallen back to Lerin, eight miles from Estella.

CARLIST ACCOUNT OF CONCHA'S DEFEAT AND DEATH.

BAYONNE, June 29.—The following account of the recent fighting before Estella and the death of General Concha, is derived from Carlist sources: The Republicans made their first attack on the left bank of the river Ega, Thursday, and followed it up Friday, on the evening of which day they had forced the Carlists from their first line of defense. The next day, Saturday, they attempted to carry by assault the heights immediately commanding Estella. In the attack they failed and were driven back in disorder. Their retreat became a rout when General Concha was mortally wounded. The total loss of the Republicans in killed, wounded and missing is 4,000. General Echague's entire division narrowly escaped capture, and was saved only by the extraordinary exertion of the artillery. The assault was made during the night, under cover of which the Republicans succeeded in withdrawing all their cannon.

THE REPUBLICAN ACCOUNT.

MADRID, June 29.—Official dispatches place the loss of the national troops in the engagement before Estella, at 1,500. General Concha, after taking Abarzura, marched directly upon Estella. He found the Carlists massed at Muro, behind entrenchments. A general charge was ordered. General Concha placed himself at the head of his troops, taking his position in the center of the first line. While advancing rapidly, with the entire line, he received a ball in the chest, fell from his horse and died almost the instant he touched the ground. General Echague then took command, and ordered the army to retreat to Lorroga and Tafalla.

THE GOVERNMENT AND SUPPORTERS UNDISMAYED.

Marshal Serrano has just arrived in the city. Eighteen cannon have been dispatched to the army of the North. The government is organizing fifty battallions for immediate service. The spirit of the army is still good, and a very determined feeling prevails in Madrid.

THE BODY OF GENERAL CONCHA

will arrive here to-morrow and have an imposing funeral.

FRENCH VIEW OF THE SITUATION.

PARIS, June 29.—The death of General Concha is considered here as an event of great political importance. It is believed that Concha intended to proclaim Prince Alphonso king, as soon as the campaign against the Carlists was brought to a successful issue, and the Madrid government deeply mistrusted him.

England.

FARM LABORERS ON A PILGRIMAGE.

LONDON, June 29.—A deputation of one hundred locked-out farm laborers started from New Market to-day on a pilgrimage throughout the agricultural districts, in the course of which they will stop at the principal towns and plead their cause. Their route lies through Cambridge, Potton, Bedford, Olney, Northampton, Weedon and Coventry to Birmingham. A large assemblage of their fellow laborers witnessed their departure and cheered them enthusiastically.

RELATIONS OF CANADIAN DOMINION WITH THE IMPERIAL GOVERNMENT.

LONDON, June 29.—In the House of Commons this evening, Mr. Jenkins called attention to an article in to-day's *Standard*, which declared that the policy of the Canadian government aimed at secession to the United States. He asked Mr. Disraeli if there were any grounds for charging the Canadian government with such designs.

Mr. Disraeli replied that he did not consider it the duty of Her Majesty's government to find grounds for allegations contained in anonymous paragraphs of newspapers; but he would state, for the information of the gentlemen and the house, that the relations of the Canadian Dominion and the Imperial government were most cordial and satisfactory.

THE FULDA SESSION OF BISHOPS.

It is reported that the Catholic bishops in session at Fulda last week, have sent conciliatory proposals to Berlin.

A COMMUNIST BANQUET.

LONDON, June 30.—The Communists of this city gave a banquet to MM. Jourde and Grousset last night.

THE POPE GROWING WEAKER DAILY.

The correspondent of the *Daily News* telegraphs from Rome, that the Pope is growing weaker daily, and that several foreign representatives have notified their governments to that effect.

France.

COMMITTEE OF THIRTY—PERIRE'S BILL REJECTED—TRIUMPH OF PESONAL SEPTENATE.

PARIS, June 29.—In the Committee of Thirty two to-day, the constitutional bill moved by M. Casemir Perire, was rejected by a vote of 18 against 6. No vote was taken on the bill submitted by M. Lambert De Saint Croix. The committee decided to draw up a constitutional bill of its own, and for that purpose appointed three commissioners, viz: M. Ventayon and Compte Daru, Monarchists, and M. Charles de Lacombe, a Liberal Conservative. This selection shows that the personal septenate has triumphed, and neither a septennial republic nor a definitive republic have anything to hope from the Committee of Thirty.

THE SILENT PRESIDENT OCCASIONALLY SPEAKS TO THE POINT.

PARIS, June 29.—*La Patrie* says that President MacMahon recently declared that he would not cede his authority to any one for a single day, and he refused to hear of either a Stadtholderate or the Lieutenancy General of the kingdom. This is substantially confirmed by a declaration to the same effect in an order of the day congratulating the troops on the success of the review at Longchamps yesterday. The Legitimatists are very indignant at these expressions of the President.

Russia.

TERRIBLE FIRES IN RUSSIAN POLAND—THOUSANDS OF HOMELESS JEWS.

LONDON, June 29.—Russian papers received, contain reports of very destructive fires at Birditchev, in Volhynia, inhabited mostly by Jews. One day six hundred houses were burned, and the next day nearly as many more were destroyed. The two succeeding days the town was again visited by fires and whole streets were laid in ashes. Thousands of persons are homeless.

RUSSIAN COMPLICATIONS IN ASIA.

BERLIN, June 29.—The *North German Gazette*, in an article headed "Fresh Complications in Asia," says: "Caravans arriving from Central Asia bring reports that Yakoob Bey is arming against the Russians. It is believed that he is prompted to this by the movements of Great Britain. There is also a possibility of a collision between Russia and China.

Germany.

WIFE OF RUSSIAN AMBASSADOR DROWNED.

BERLIN, June 29.—The Princess D'Oubril, wife of the Russian Ambassador to this country, was drowned at Potsdam yesterday.

Marine News.

QUEENSTOWN, June 29.—The steamship Adriatic, from New York, has arrived.

European Markets.

LONDON June 29, 5 P. M.—Consols for money, 92⅝@92¾; for account, 92¾@92⅞; 5-20's, 1865 104¾, do 1867, 108¾; 10-40's, 105¾; new 5s 104¾. New York Central 90; Erie 28; do preferred 45. Linseed oil 29s.

PARIS, June 27.—Rentes 59 francs 30 centimes.

LIVERPOOL, June 29.—Cotton easier; middling upland 8¾d; Orleans 8⅞@8¼d. Sales 12,000 bales; American 8,200; speculation and export 2,000. Cheese 68s 6d. Bacon—Long clear middles 45s 6d. Turpentine 27@27s 6d.

International Yacht Race.

DETROIT, June 29.—The international yacht race took place at Put-in Bay to-day. The wind blew fresh. The "Ina," of Toronto, which won the flag last year, was ruled out for non-compliance with the rules. The "Cora," of Detroit, came in first; time, 6 hours, 13 minutes and 30 seconds. The "Cuthbert," of Coburg, Ontario, came in second, and the "Lena," of Detroit, third. Eight yachts competed.

CRIMINAL RECORD.

Suicide at Wooster, O.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WOOSTER, O., June 29, 1874.

A man by the name of Dilyard committed suicide last night, about twelve o'clock, by taking laudanum. Deceased had been under the influence of liquor for several days past. He was about fifty years of age and leaves a large family.

Murder Trial at Waterloo, Ind.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WATERLOO, IND., June 29, 1874.

A murder was committed last Tuesday evening by Alamander Inman, who killed Jno. Burtnett, of Knox county, Ohio, two miles from here, and robbed him of sixty dollars. The dying man was found in a short time by a passer-by, who got help and brought him to town. Inman in the meantime, went to the house of a widow near by, informed her that he had committed the deed and counted the money before her. The trial commenced to-day.

Congressman Sloss, of Alabama, Shoots the Defamer of His Daughter.

CINCINNATI, O., June 29.—A special to the *Commercial* from Tuscumbia, Alabama, June 26th, contains the following:

A year ago, George F. Long, of good fame and family, was forbidden by Hon. J. H. Sloss, a member of Congress from this district, from having any communication with his daughter. Long, indignant, denounced Sloss and assailed the girl's character, asserting his own great intimacy. Sloss came home from Washington on Friday evening, and heard the facts from his daughter Sunday evening. He stood in a window of his room in the second story of his house, and shot Long, who was on the opposite side of the street. Four buckshot entered Long, one in the skull, another through the neck and two in the body. The doctors say Long cannot live. Sloss confessed the deed and is now in the hands of the Sheriff.

Death Warrants at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, June 29.—The death warrants of Ernest Smith and Charles H. Jones, both colored, have been signed. The date fixed for execution is August 7th.

A Boston Clerk Kills his Daughter and Himself.

BOSTON, June 29.—Joseph Sprague, aged thirty, clerk for Matthew Boller & Co., bankers, shot his daughter, aged six years, and then himself, yesterday, in a wood near his residence in Malden. Sprague's wife died two months ago.

Demonstration Against Gupton, the Cairo Pilot Murderer.

CAIRO, ILLS., June 29.—The fire bells rung an alarm about eleven o'clock last night which seems to have been for the purpose of collecting a crowd to take Gupton, the murderer of Eschbach, from jail and hang him. Quite a crowd presented themselves at the jail, but soon retired without making any violent demonstrations.

San Diego Custom House Robbed.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—Last night two men went to the house of McCormick, Collector of Customs at San Diego, bound and gagged him, and then procured the combination of the Custom House keys. One remained guard over him, and the other went to the Custom House, opened the safe and secured $3,000. The men were disguised and made their escape. A man named Williams has been arrested on suspicion of being one of the robbers. McCormick was alone in his house.

Suicide in Detroit.

DETROIT, June 29.—Hugh Martin, owner of a small cigar store, suicided this evening. The cause is supposed to have been financial difficulties.

Another Suicide from the St. Louis Bridge.

ST. LOUIS, June 29.—A well dressed young man, name unknown, jumped off the east pier of the bridge at eleven o'clock to-night. He struck the base of the pier in his descent, and was not seen again after striking the water.

CASUALTIES.

Drowned While Swimming.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

PIERCETON, IND., June 29, 1874.

William Ryan, aged twenty-three, while swimming yesterday, was taken with cramps and drowned before his comrades could reach him. The body was found this morning.

Fatal Results of Thunder and Lightning in Indiana.

FORT WAYNE, June 29.—Telegrams from points in this vicinity report another severe storm of thunder and lightning last night. At Zanesville, Ind., a small village near Roanoke, the house of Mr. Burneans was struck by lightning and his daughter Ida, aged nineteen, instantly killed. A young man who was visiting at the house, was so severely stunned as to render his life in peril. He is conscious, but perfectly deaf. The rest of the family, was considerably stunned, but not seriously hurt. Strange to say, the building was entirely unharmed.

Three Persons Burned to Death.

DETROIT, June 29.—James Gleason, wife and child were burned to death in their house this morning, at Evart, Michigan.

Killed by a Runaway Team.

CLEVELAND, June 29.—Michael Steiner and M. Weissenburg were thrown from a wagon on Woodland avenue, this afternoon, by a runaway team. The former was killed and the latter seriously and probably fatally injured.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, June 29, 1874.

MORE TESTIMONY IN THE BEECHER CASE.

Wm. F. West, who is mentioned by Theodore Tilton in his letter to Rev. Leonard Bacon, has addressed a letter to the same clergyman, in which, while he regrets exceedingly that statements contained in Tilton's letter compel him again to take part in this unhappy controversy, he says: "First, the charges against Tilton were made nearly two months previous to my interview with him, and not a few weeks afterwards, as stated in his letter. Second, at the time when they were made they were intended to secure the conviction of Tilton, if he were guilty, to remove the stain which rested on the church, and to vindicate its pastor. They were not 'an indirect and insincere method of investigating one man under the false pretense of investigating another.'"

THE RESIGNED POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

Mr. John Kelly, Chairman of Tammany, has forwarded a communication to Mayor Havemeyer in reply to the letter of the convicted Police Commissioners Gardner and Chardick, tendering their resignations. He characterizes their letter as an ingenious tissue of special pleading suggestive of misstatements and bold falsehoods, and accuses Chardick of having associated himself with Henry Smith and Gardner to gratify his political aspirations. Finding the Democratic party was not disposed to gratify them, the three men formed a ring and excluded their fellow members, who were upright and conscientious men. He states that the election law of 1872 was most carefully framed by the Republicans to protect the purity of the ballot box, and that a suggestion from a great Republican lawyer, put the prosecutors on the road to final victory.

BROOKLYN TABERNACLE HAS ITS SCANDAL.

The officers of the Brooklyn Tabernacle have been investigating the serious scandal which had its origin in that place of worship. Mr. Talmadge, on the recommendation of the Examining Committee, read from the pulpit yesterday a writ of excommunication against Benjamin C. Mitchell, who is charged by Major Corwin, President of the Board of Trustees and Superintendent of the Sunday school, with having misappropriated funds of the church, and having applied them to his own use.

MEMORIAL DISCOURSE UPON MRS. AUDUBON.

Yesterday morning, at the Washington Heights Presbyterian Church, Rev. C. A. Stoddard preached the memorial discourse upon Mrs. John J. Audubon, the recently deceased widow of the eminent naturalist.

AWARDING OF INDIAN CONTRACTS.

The annual awarding of contracts for Indian annuities goods, was concluded to-day by a commission consisting of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Hon. N. J. Turney, F. H. Smith, of the Board of Indian Commissioners, Hon. Walter H. Smith, Assistant Attorney General, and General B. R. Cowen, Assistant Secretary of the Interior Department. The prices at which awards were made are without exception, lower than they were last year, and the successful bidders are men of the highest standing and comprising some of the most extensive manufacturers and dealers in the country.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

Reduction of Hours in the Fort Wayne Shop of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad.

FORT WAYNE, June 29.—Considerable excitement was caused to-day by a further reduction of hours in the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad shops to five hours per day. Just after the panic the company reduced wages ten per cent. and a short time after that, reduced the working hours to nine hours per day, at the reduced rate. The reduction cuts the wages of the men down less than half, and wipers, day laborers, &c., will now only receive about fifty-seven cents per day. The men are nearly desperate, and some apprehensions of serious trouble are felt.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Internal Revenue Receipts for the Year.

Business Revival Since the Panic.

Seven Hundred Clerks to be Dismissed from the Department To-day

Assistant Secretary to be Appointed Very Soon.

New Solicitor General Takes Possession of His Office.

William O. Avery Appointed Chief Clerk.

TWO BILLS POCKETED BY THE PRESIDENT.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 29, 1874.

Internal Revenue Receipts.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue to-day stated that the aggregate receipts from internal taxes for the fiscal year which ends to-morrow, will reach one hundred and two and a half millions. Before the panic he contemplated an estimate of one hundred and three to five millions, but reduced it to one hundred millions. The result shows a degree of recuperation even in the excess of Commissioner Douglass' liberal estimate. There was a discouraging outlook during the first half of the year, but since that time there has been a steady gain, and during the last three months of the year the gains have indicated unusual business activity in many of the branches subject to taxation.

Seven Hundred Clerks to be Dismissed.

Secretary Bristow remarked to-day that one of the most painful duties he has ever been called upon to perform, is that of the discharge of so many men and women, who have no other means of support than the compensation received from the government. The number is greater than has been generally stated. In the Treasury Department proper, four hundred will be dispensed with and in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing about three hundred. The latter is necessitated by the decline of work in the printing of notes and securities. The Secretary, for several nights past, has been engaged with his chiefs in looking over the lists prepared by them, upon which dismissals are to be made, and, as a rule, has retained only the most efficient clerks. To-morrow will be the last day for those who have been set down for dismissal.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

The Secretary says that the designation of an Assistant Secretary will be made as soon as the President returns. He states that no one has been fixed upon at present.

The New Solicitor General.

Mr. Wilson, the new Solicitor General, took possession to-day, and will to-morrow look into the affairs of the secret service division and at the suggestion of Secretary Bristow, will begin an investigation of the safe burglary which figured so prominently in the recent District inquiry.

Chief Clerk of Treasury Department.

It is stated on good authority that Wm. O. Avery, Chief Clerk of the Internal Revenue Bureau, has been appointed Chief Clerk of the Treasury Department, in place of Mr. Saville. The latter has been in Europe on official business for a year, and is daily expected to return.

Two Pocket Vetoes.

There were two bills which passed both Houses, and which failed to become laws in consequence of pocket vetoes, the President withholding his signature; one for the relief of Alexander Buck, and the other to prevent the killing of buffaloes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 29, 1874.

TREASURER SPINNER PERFORMING HIS PART OF THE NEW FINANCE PROGRAMME.

Treasurer Spinner has issued a circular respecting the deposit of United States notes by national banks for the redemption of their circulating notes, as required by sections second and third of the Currency bill, approved June 22. Every national bank, national gold banks excepted, is required to cause to be deposited in the Treasurer's office an amount of United States notes equal to five per centum of its circulation. In estimating circulation upon which the percentage is required there must be included all notes of its own issue in possession of a bank as well as those in actual circulation, and there should also be included any amount that may have been returned to the Comptroller of the Currency by the bank, and for which it is to receive new currency. The United States notes may be sent to the Treasurer under the control of the Treasury Department, with the Adams Express Company, and under the same regulations as are prescribed for the forwarding of notes and currency to the United States for redemption. The expenses of transportation will be paid by the Department, which will thereafter be reimbursed for such expense. If any bank shall prefer, it may forward the required amount by its draft on New York, Boston or Philadelphia, drawn to the order of the Treasurer of the United States, and payable in United States notes: if so drawn and paid in such notes, credit will be given to the bank when collected. If payment is made in United States notes, the draft will be returned to the bank, and a detail of such notes required to be made by express. Acknowledgments will be made to each bank for its deposit, when collected, by remittance to it of a certificate in proper form.

PROPOSALS FOR GOVERNMENT CARTAGE.

Secretary Bristow this morning ordered advertisements be made immediately in principal cities for proposals for the public cartage of merchandize in the custody of the government.

INDIAN WAR NEWS FROM FORT SILL.

Lieutenant Colonel Davidson, commanding at Fort Sill, reports an attack by Indians on the night of the 15th inst., and says: "Now that I have received authority to punish these Indians, under certain restrictions, for acts of aggression, I trust not to annoy the General with these details, but to be enabled to show some results."

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM NOT ABANDONED.

It is said in official circles that the Civil Service Commission and its subordinate boards will continue. Although Congress did not make a special appropriation to effect and enforce the rules, the President does not intend to abandon the system, but will do all in his power to consummate it.

ARRIVAL OF COMMISSIONER DENNISON.

Ex-Governor Dennison arrived this morning and formally accepted the appointment of Commissioner of the District in a letter to the President. Blow will arrive to-morrow evening.

REMOVAL OF ARMY HEADQUARTERS—GENERAL SHERMAN HAS NEITHER POSITION NOR AUTHORITY.

The *Chronicle* of to-morrow, in an editorial upon the removal of General Sherman's headquarters to St. Louis, says: "We have the highest authority for saying that the personal relation between the Secretary of the War and the General of the Army are cordial and friendly, and that there has been no open rupture. General Sherman's removal is made at this time on account of private and personal matters which, in his judgment, under the circumstances, justify his course. But it is equally true, that, had he any duties to perform as General of the army, he would remain at the capital. His letter to the Secretary of War has as yet been unanswered, nor its receipt acknowledged. He has no authority, nor is his position recognized in the government of the army. Orders go from the Secretary of War direct to commanders of troops, giving orders to companies and moving regiments, of which he knows nothing unless he incidentally learns it in the newspapers. Court martials are ordered, the sentences reviewed and the punishment executed without even his knowledge."

The *Chronicle* further remarks: "It is due to the present Secretary of War, to say that the orders and present usage of the War Department concerning the relative authority of the Secretary of War and the General of the army, were determined and acted upon by his predecessor in that office, and that he has not, as has been asserted, inaugurated any new doctrine or construction of the law."

WASHINGTON, PA.

Argument Court in Session---Railroad Cases to be Heard.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON PA., June 29, 1874.

A special session of court for the hearing of arguments began to-day. The list is unusually long, a majority of the cases being those of the Chartiers Railway against subscribers of stock.

MINING MATTERS AT STRAITSVILLE, O.

The Union Holds Out Against Present Prices--Threats of Violence--Trouble Between Operators Reduces Coal to Nine Cents a Bushel.

COLUMBUS, O., June 29.—The coal operators at Straitsville are making a final attempt to put white miners into their mines, but thus far the leaders of the union refuse to allow their men to go to work at the prices proposed. The mines will all be filled with colored men by July 4th, and then the white miners will be compelled to look for work elsewhere. It is reported that at Danville about one hundred white men desire to resume work, but are deterred by threats of violence and the destruction of their property by fire. On the 22d of this month the coal dealers doing business here made an agreement, fixing the price of coal at eleven dollars per hundred bushel, and twelve dollars when bought in small quantities. One prominent dealer, who was compelled to be at his mines, complains that other dealers took advantage of his absence and, to get even, sold his coal at one cent per bushel lower than the rate agreed on. The others broke up the combination, and coal has been dropping all day, and to-night is quoted at nine cents per bushel, the lowest figure it has sold at for about ten years, and there are further reductions possible if large operators get excited.

INDIGNATION MEETING AT COLUMBUS.

The Grand Jury Censured for its Action in Liquor Cases---Three Hundred Prominent Citizens Express Themselves.

COLUMBUS, June 29.—About three hundred prominent citizens held a meeting at City Hall to-night, to give expression to their feelings relative to the recent action of the Grand Jury in refusing to listen to testimony in regard to violations of the liquor laws of the State in this city. Pointed and significant speeches were made by Hon. C. N. Olds and Judge James L. Bates, after which a preamble and resolutions were adopted, declaring that the recent action of the Grand Jury was such as to endanger the rights of both good citizens and criminals, and calculated to bring disgrace upon our city and county, that the jurors who violated their oaths are amenable to public censure, and requesting the trustees of wards and townships to return good and true men to serve as jurors.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 30, 1 A. M., 1874.

PROBABILITIES FOR TO-DAY.

For New England, the Middle States and the Lower Lake region, partly cloudy weather and local rains will prevail, with southeast or northwest winds, a slight fall of temperature and rising barometer. For the South Atlantic and Gulf States light rains east of Mississippi, southwest to northwest winds, no decided change of temperature and rising barometer. For the Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, partly cloudy weather, with variable winds, lower temperature and rising barometer. For the Upper Lake region and the Northwest clear weather, except near Lake Superior and in Minnesota, with northeast or southeast winds, stationary or falling temperature and rising barometer. The Central Mississippi river will fall during Tuesday.

Midnight Bulletin.

JUNE 29, 1874—10:48 P. M.

STATIONS.	Bar.	Ther	Wind.	Weather.
Cairo	29.92	77	N. E.	Fair.
Cincinnati	29.91	75	N. W.	Fair.
Davenport	29.93	69	N. W.	Clear.
Indianapolis	29.88	73	....	Fair.
Keokuk	29.89	73	....	Clear.
Fort Gibson	29.88	76	....	Clear.
Lacrosse	29.90	70	S. W.	Fair.
Leavenworth	29.90	70	S.	Clear.
Louisville	29.89	73	N. W.	Clear.
Memphis	29.92	76	S. W.	Cloudy.
Nashville	29.85	81	N.	Fair.
Omaha	29.84	72	S.	Fair.
Pittsburgh	29.84	72	N.	Fair.
Shreveport	29.91	83	....	Clear.
St. Louis	29.95	77	N. W.	Fair.
St. Paul	29.82	69	S. E.	Fair.
Vicksburg	29.96	80	S.	Clear.
Yankton	29.79	73	E.	Threat'g.

FIRE RECORD.

Crop of Broom Corn Destroyed.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

LANCASTER, O., June 29, 1874.

The barn of Jacob Crawford, two miles east of this city, burned to the ground last evening with $5,000 dollars worth of broom corn.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Base Ball—At New York, Chicagos 5, Atlantics 3.

The steamer Oceanica, from Liverpool, arrived at New York yesterday.

Bishop Wheeler, of the Catholic diocese of Wheeling, who has been seriously ill at St. Agnes hospital, Baltimore, is considered out of all danger.

A Washington dispatch states that Col. H. C. Whitely, Chief of the Secret Service, has not resigned, but has demanded a thorough investigation, which has been granted.

The Massachusetts Legislature yesterday refused, by a vote of 110 to 93, to pass the license bill over the Governor's veto. A bill was introduced and engrossed which provides that sex shall not be a disqualification for service on School Committees.

The Full Bench of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts has decided that the School Committee Board is the sole judge of its own membership. This decision sustains the Boston School Board in refusing seats to women, and the latter must go to the Legislature to obtain that privilege.

THE New Orleans people are becoming rather tired of the little locomotive called "dummy," which they have on some of their city roads. The dummy has a habit of becoming uncoupled from its train and running away and playing smash with everything on its track. There have been several runaways of this kind lately, and the last one came very near being serious. A dummy somehow broke loose with a full head of steam on, the driver having just stopped off for a moment before it got under way. It flew down the track like a frightened thing, and soon got a speed of about sixty miles an hour. There was a train some distance ahead of it and directly in its road. There was a passenger car with an old lady and a gentleman in it. The driver of its dummy saw the thing coming like a slug shot from some artillery engine. He had just time to tell his passengers to jump and then jump himself. He got off, and the passengers were put off. The dummy ran into the car, smashing it all to pieces, and then jumping the track turned a complete somersault into the mud at the roadside. The old lady was found insensible, lying fifteen yards in the rear of the overturned dummy. She was not badly hurt, however. The male passenger was hurled off the car, and does not even recollect being jolted. His nose got a severe scratch. They are thinking about going back to horses unless the dummies can be securely held to their work.

Here she is again, this time in the Allentown *Chronicle*: We very much regret that we cannot give the public the name of a certain well preserved old lady who resides on a farm in Salisbury at the venerable old age of eighty-one years, and who last Wednesday went into the hay field and performed the remarkable feat of mowing once around a body of grass with a scythe. Our information that such a feat was accomplished by a lady of such an age and upon such a day, is correct and may be relied upon, but her name was kept from our reporter. So unusual a performance, of which she acquitted herself without injury, entitles her to a personal distinction we are sorry we can't give her.

A MISSIONARY to Upper Burmah says that when a person is first found guilty of drunkenness there he is paraded through the streets by the state ministers, who read the crime at the street corners and lash him with thongs. He is then taken to the high court and flogged more severely, and then sent home. If the offense is repeated he is again subjected to the same punishment and then banished from the country. There would be a dearth of corner-loafers if that law prevailed in this city.

A NEW counterfeit of the recent issue of fifty-cent script has just made its appearance. It is one-sixteenth of an inch shorter in length and width than the genuine, and the line connecting the two upright lines of the letter N in the small words *engraved*, *engraving* and *printing* at the end of the script is reversed in every instance but one. In the counterfeit there is no distinction between the white cravat and shirt bosom of Samuel Dexter, while in the genuine they are well defined.

Navigation on the upper lakes has been of late much interrupted by fogs, which has resulted in several vessels getting ashore, and in some instances involving the loss of cargo, besides other damage and delay.

Too much beer and not enough music, is the epigramatic criticism upon the late Cleveland Saengerfest.

POLITICAL.

State.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS OF JEFFERSON COUNTY.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BROOKVILLE, PA., June 29, 1874.

The Republican County Convention to-day nominated the following ticket: Congress, Silas J[illegible] of Brookville, by acclamation: State, R. C. Winslow, of Punxatawney; Assembly, Isaac C. Jordan; County Commissioner, S. A. Hunter; Auditor, John [illegible]inson; Coroner, Dr. W. J. McKnight; Surveyor, Jas. Caldwell. A. Weaver was elected Chairman of the County Committee.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS OF WARREN COUNTY.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WARREN, PA., June 29, 1874.

The Republican Convention of Warren county nominated [illegible] F. Watson for Congress, C. W. [illegible] for the Senate, George W. Allen Assembly, Myron Dunham for Commissioner and Robert E. Miller for Treasurer.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS OF INDIANA COUNTY.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

INDIANA, June 29, 1874.

The Republican primary elections were held last Saturday. The nominations are as follows: President Judge, J. P. Blair; Congress, General Harry White; Senate, F. Porter; District Attorney, S. Cunningham; Assembly, J. K. Thompson and W. Kinter; Register, Samuel Lewis; Commissioner, Frank Mabon; Surveyor, E. [illegible]ge. General White's majority was one hundred and seventy-three over [illegible] hundred.

The Democrats of Clarion county have nominated the following ticket: Assembly, Martin Williams, J. H. W[illegible]; Commissioner, George T. Henry; Auditor, W. Boyles. The Congressional conferees were instructed to support the best and most available man.

The Bucks county Democratic Standing Committee selected the following delegates to the Democratic State Convention: [illegible] C. James, Senatorial delegate; [illegible] Yerkes, Hiram Scarborough Representative delegates. Samuel Darrah and Charles R. Hicking, are additional delegates, having been chosen at the county convention held last fall. The committee passed resolutions of instruction for Henry Ross for Judge of the Supreme Court.

The Democratic press of the State is attempting to make political capital by spreading the report that a coalition has been formed between the Philadelphia and the Allegheny Republicans to capture the Lieutenant Governorship and Chief Justiceship to be divided between the two. Will some of these wise editors please inform us "where the Republicans of Pennsylvania" will be while this thing is going on?—*Minersville Republican.*

The Democrats of this Congressional district are in somewhat of a muddle. Last March the Luzerne end held a meeting and called a convention to meet in Scranton on July 15th, to determine the order of selecting of candidates for Congress and fix the number of conferees of each county. G. [illegible] Black, A. Beamish and Edwin Shortz were appointed on the part of Luzerne. In the Columbia county convention it was resolved that each county should have two conferees and that the conference should take place in Mauch Chunk. Last month the Democracy of Monroe appointed three conferees to meet a similar number from each county to arrange a basis of representation. At last Saturday Monroe receded and agreed to the Columbia county plan except that Stroudsburg should be the place of meeting. By the time the Columbia county men heard of this change, they, too, had altered their plans. They now want Columbia to have four delegates in the Conference, and the gentlemen have been named and instructed "to see that no injustice is done any of the local candidates." By the time Pike and Carbon are heard from, affairs will be found to be in a muddled state.—*Mauch Chunk Gazette.*

Ohio.

RICHLAND COUNTY DEMOCRATIC PRIMARIES.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

MANSFIELD, O., June 29, 1874.

The Democratic primary meetings held on Saturday resulted in the selection of the following county ticket: Prosecuting Attorney, R B. McCrary; Recorder, A. H. Littler; Infirmary Director, William Fass; Commissioner, Daniel M. Snyder; Coroner, J. M. McLaughlin. The whole number of votes cast was 1,142.

General.

The investigation with the books of the Auditor of Democratic Holmes has already unearthed $60,000 to $80,000 deficiency, with prospect of further discoveries.

Col. Mosby, the guerrilla chief, is out as an independent candidate for Congress. The district is Democratic by nearly 3,000 majority. His prospects for election are said to be unfavorable.

There is an advertisement going the rounds of the Massachusetts papers for honest Democrats to come forward and take possession of the State this fall. There is a good deal of interest to see who will put in an appearance.—*Graphic.*

It is strange that, with all the signs of disintegration which the "independent leading journals" of the country have discovered in the Republican party, that the State Conventions recently held in Illinois and Indiana should have been remarkable for the harmony of their action and for the absence of all disturbing elements. Both bodies met and concluded their labors without a jar, and the delegates went home inspired with a purpose to secure an overwhelming victory. The cat-fighting will begin when the happy Democratic family holds its conventions. Look out for flying fur about that time.—*St. Louis Democrat.*

Virginia Conservatives are working themselves into an excitement over a report that Governor Kemper is in an alliance with Colonel Mosby and General Grant for the purpose of securing a third term for the latter. One version of the story is that Governor Kemper has signified to Colonel Mosby his willingness to vote for Grant not only for the third, but for a seventh term, and has promised that 500 Confederate braves should follow him to Grant's support." There is said to be written evidence to this generous statement, and the Virginia newspapers are urging Governor Kemper to publish the letters which are supposed to contain it.

Concerning the Republican party of the present and future, the Cincinnati *Gazette* says: The platforms and declarations of principles in Indiana and Illinois are all that could be asked. On the great question of finance it seems hopeless to expect a party unanimity between the West and the South on one hand, and the East on the other; but the Democratic party is as much, even more, divided on that point as the Republican. What the end is to be on this matter the wisest shrink from predicting, but whether it is finally to become an issue for the formation of new parties we are not now called upon to determine. That remains for the campaign of 1876—in 1874 our duty is to return to Congress the best possible men of the Republican party, and earnestly devoted to a wisely directed retrenchment and reform. To accomplish this our labor must be constant and energetic.

STATE NEWS.

Williamsport's journalistic love-feast is still in progress.

An old man fell from a load of hay at the Lehigh county poor-house, last week, and was killed.

Mrs. Mary Collins, of Lewisburg, caught her foot in a dress, fell to the floor and broke her hip bone. She is eighty-two years old and it is thought her injuries will terminate fatally.

James Francis, colored, of West Chester, was arrested and held to answer at court the charge of cruelty to his four year old son. He used to tie his child to a tree and leave him suspended eighteen inches from the ground.

The wife of R. A. Osmer, a prominent merchant of Jamestown, and one of the firm of Proudfit & Osmer, rose from bed on Saturday morning and taking her eldest child, a girl of five years in her arms, jumped into a cistern. She was missed and found after twenty minutes. Both were dead when discovered. The lady has been sick and despondent for some weeks.

A Titusville local reporter drew his $3 salary on Saturday night and thus discourses in his paper on Monday: Wild strawberries are very plenty hereabouts and will soon be ripe. Though not so large as the tame strawberries, they have a much finer flavor. Who would pick them this hot weather when they can buy tame ones for ten cents per quart?

"The compliments of the Clarion *Republican*" accompany a copy of the pamphlet containing the premium list and rules and regulations for the seventeenth annual exhibition of the Clarion county Agricultural Society, just received at this office. The fair will be held at Clarion, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, September 29th and 30th, and October 1st, 1874. As a specimen of printing the pamphlet reflects credit upon the *Republican* office.

THE Great White River Flour is now being made under a new patent, and is giving general satisfaction. It is now the leading brand in this market. Every dealer should keep it.

MINNESOTA FLOURS!

The Largest Assortment in this City.

We would recommend Bread Bakers to buy stock ahead now, as new Flour will soon be on the market.

F. W. Jenkins & Bro.

WHOLESALE FLOUR MERCHANTS.

THE estimate of pine timber in feet in the United States and Canada is 248,440,000,000, of which 178,440,000,000 is east of the Rocky Mountains, and 70,000,000,000 west of that range. The Dominion has 73,000,000,000 and the United States, east of the Rocky Mountains, 105,440,000,000. Michigan proudly heads the list with 50,000,000,000 feet, then follows Minnesota 18,000,000,000, Wisconsin 16,000,000,000, Pennsylvania 7,000,000,000, West Virginia 7,000,000,000, Florida 1,700,000,000, North Carolina 1,600,000,000, Georgia 1,500,000,000, Maine 1,500,000,000, New York 900,000,000, Virginia 150,000,000, South Carolina 90,000,000.

IT is stated that in consequence of the death of the mother of Mr. J. D. Cameron, President of the Northern Central Railway Company, preventing the attendance of that officer with the rest of the committee representing the Northern Central stockholders, there has been some delay in the negotiations with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for a reorganization of the working management of the Northern Central. We learn that a most amicable feeling prevails between the parties, and that there is every reason to believe that an adjustment satisfactory alike to the two companies and to the individual stockholders will be soon arrived at.

Dealers Beware

of brands of flour represented by traveling men as being the same as my *Great White River*. The commission they get for their orders amount to a dealer's profit. T. C. Jenkins.

Inducements for Cash.

Twenty-five cents per barrel on *Flour* and one per cent. discount on *Sugars, Roast Coffees, Syrups, Tobaccos, Cheese*, and all kinds of *Groceries*, if paid within ten days from date of bills, at the *Checkered Front*. T. C. Jenkins.

CHEAPEST

Flour AND Grocery House

IN PITTSBURGH.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

The Great White River Flour.

Jenkins's Snow Flake and Golden Fleece.
Complete Line Groceries.
Cleveland and Louisville Lime.
Sugars, Syrups, Cheese, Tobaccos, Teas, Roast Coffees, &c., &c.
No Charge for Drayage.
No Retail House connected with this establishment.

Advertisements on this page, under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—EVERY SPORTSMAN—To call or send for a price list of Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Ammunition, &c. Address J. H. JOHNSTON, Great Western Gun Works, 285 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—PURCHASERS—FOR Cheap Lands. I am prepared to furnish cheap Mineral, Coal and Timber Lands in tracts from 1,000 to 10,000 Acres each in the States of Arkansas, Texas, East and West Virginia and Kentucky. These lands are well located on navigable streams, accessible by railroads, and will be sold low for cash or exchanged for city or country property at its market value, by applying to E. C. KEYS, 66 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Pennsylvania, Missouri and Michigan Pine Lands made a specialty.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—OFFICES ON THE SECOND Floor and fine large Hall on third floor of German-American Bank, No. 120 Penn avenue. Apply at Bank.

FOR RENT—SECOND STORY FRONT Room, with Bathroom in rear, suitable for a Dentist. Location unsurpassed. Call at 65 Fulton street, near Wylie avenue.

FOR RENT OR SALE—NEW TWO-STORY Frame House, with Bay Window, containing 6 Rooms, Vestibule and Hall, Water in Kitchen; Lot 45x200, with Grapevines, &c., located on Grandview avenue, Mount Washington, Thirty-fifth ward, commanding the finest view in the city. Rent moderate to a good tenant. For particulars, &c., apply to E. ABEL, Commercial Counting Room.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—700 POUNDS MINION TYPE, nearly new. Will be sold at a bargain. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and Second-hand, of all sizes, Stationary and Portable, from 2 to 60-horse power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P., Ft. W. and C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—BUILDING LOT—IN Fourteenth Ward, on Atwood street, near Oakland Car Station; will be sold cheap and on easy terms. For further particulars inquire of THOS. F. STEWART, No. 48 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND MACHINERY—Three Planers and Matchers; one 10 by 20, two 8 by 20 and one 7 by 14 inch Engines; one Drill Press and one Sturtevant Fan, all in good order. M. B. COCHRAN & CO. 121 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—THREE NEW DOUBLE-FLUE Boilers, 20x36; twelve Portable Boilers, from 12 to 20 horse power; Engines from 4 to 80 horse power; one Hoisting Engine and Boiler. ANDERSON, MAXWELL & PORTER, 40 Park Way, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—THE FINEST SITE FOR Residence in either city, 105 feet on Ridge avenue, Allegheny, by 200 feet deep to a 40 foot street, half a square from the Park. Will be sold as a whole or in parts on reasonable terms. C. A. CARPENTER, Pennsylvania Railroad.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE BUILDING Lot in the Nineteenth Ward, Pittsburgh, on the northeastern side of Rural avenue, beginning 80 feet eastwardly from Euclid street, thence along Rural avenue 136 6-10 feet, by a depth of 218 8-10 feet, adjoining the residence of Danl. F. Negley, Esq. For particulars apply to W. K. JENNINGS, Attorney-at-Law, Fifth avenue, corner Grant st.

FOR SALE—SMALL FARM SITUATE in Armstrong County, Pa. Good farming land, with Dwelling of four rooms, young Orchard of 60 trees. Will be sold low, or would exchange for city property. Also, 10 Building Lots situate in Sixteenth Ward, between the two greatest thoroughfares in the city (Penn and Liberty Avenues). Will be sold on long payments. Apply to G. W. RANKIN, Real Estate Agent, No. 104 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS.

The finest collection of Steam Engines and Boilers ever offered for sale in this market. Engines new and perfect—warranted such. Boilers new and second-hand—Double flued Portable and Stationary Tubular, guaranteed to carry 100 pounds steam pressure with perfect safety. Will sell to suit customers very cheap for cash or its equivalent.

INDUSTRIAL MACHINE WORKS.

HUGH M. BOLE,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO ANY GENTLEMAN WISHING TO GO SOUTH—A quarter interest in one of the finest Sugar Plantations in all the South, situate at St. Martinsville, on the Bayou Teache, Louisiana, about sixty miles west of New Orleans, with direct communication by water and rail.

The Property consists of nearly 1,200 Acres of most excellent Land, all in cultivation except about 300 Acres, which is in Timber; 500 Acres planted in Sugar Cane and Corn this season; a good Mansion House, a Manager's House and quarters for nearly 100 negroes; Sugar House with all the necessary machinery for manufacturing fifteen hogsheads of sugar, with a corresponding amount of molasses per day; Mules, Horses, Oxen, Wagons, Carts, and, in fact, one of the best stocked places in the State. The only object in selling this interest, is to get an active man who will be interested in giving the place a proper superintendance. The plantation is near the beautiful home of Joseph Jefferson, "Rip Van Winkle," and only a short distance from Gold Avery's celebrated Salt Island.

To a suitable person this interest will be sold for much less than its value and on easy terms.

For additional information apply to

THOS. F. STEWART,

48 Fifth avenue.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED a supply of large and heavy Lace Leather of Page's Patent, the best in the city. HARTLEY, McKEE & CO., corner Fourth avenue and Smithfield street.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—A PLEASANT FRONT Room with Balcony and Board, at 188 Second avenue.

BOARDING—WANTED, BOARDERS and Lodgers in a pleasant neighborhood. Apply at No. 65 Ledlie street, Allegheny city.

NOTICES.

TO OWNERS OF DEAD ANIMALS.—I am now prepared to remove dead animals from the City of Pittsburgh and Allegheny. Orders may be left at the office of the Board of Health, Municipal Hall, Pittsburgh, and City Hall, Allegheny City.

EDWARD CZARNIECKI.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY.—Desiring that the public should more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, I would give notice to persons desiring to have their Meters Tested to leave their orders at the office of their respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they shall receive prompt attention.

R. H. SMITH, Inspector.

NOTICE—

Property-holders on SECOND AVENUE, between Murphy street and Glenwood, are earnestly requested to make Gas and Water connections at the the earliest possible moment, in order that the ground may settle before the pavement is laid.

W. J. LEWIS,

President Second Avenue Commissioners.

NOTICE—THE MANAGERS OF THE SHELTERING ARMS have resolved to admit into their Home, Wilkinsburg, a limited number of incurables, who on account of incurability cannot be admitted into any of the city Hospitals. Much expense will attend this branch of our work, but only a small charge will be required varying from $3 to $5 per week, to be paid monthly in advance. Protestant Women only admitted. All persons desirous of availing themselves of this offer can communicate with Mrs. GEO. H. THURSTON, 16 Cliff street and Mrs. F. H. EATON, Addison street, near Center avenue, at their residences, or through the Postoffice. By order of the Board.

MRS. FELIX R. BRENOT, President.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE

Allegheny Valley Railroad Company.

The Adjourned Meeting of the Creditors of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company, will be held at

LAFAYETTE HALL,

On TUESDAY, June 30th, 1874, at 2 o'clock P. M. By request of the Committee.

JOHN SCOTT, President.

OFFICE UNION BRIDGE COMPANY—

NOTICE TO RIVERMEN.

Notice is hereby given to those interested in the navigation of the Allegheny River, that on and after JUNE 8TH, 1874, the channel from South Abutment to Pier No. 4, (distance 212 feet), will be temporarily obstructed by the false work of the first span of Union Bridge. The Contractor will keep Red Light by night, as signal of danger.

By order Board of Directors,

F. W. SMITH, Chief Engineer.

Pittsburgh, June 1, 1874.

ELECTION NOTICES.

UNITED SAVINGS BANK—The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, on WEDNESDAY, July 8th, between the hours of 1 and 3 P. M.

W. R. BROWN, JR., Cashier.

Pittsburgh, June 23, 1874.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK—The Regular Election for Nine Trustees of the People's Savings Bank will be held at their Banking Rooms, No. 81 Fourth avenue, on TUESDAY, July the 7th, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 o'clock P. M.

S. F. VONBONNHORST, Treasurer and Secretary.

Pittsburgh, June 26, 1874.

DIVIDENDS.

PEOPLES' SAVINGS BANK OF ALLEGHENY, PA.—DIVIDEND—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after July 6, 1874, free of tax.

E. P. YOUNG, Cashier.

Allegheny, June 25, 1874.

DIVIDEND NOTICE—FREEHOLD BANK AND BUILDING ASSOCIATION—The Directors of this Bank have declared a Dividend of (5) FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith, free of tax.

THOS. STEEL, Secretary and Treasurer.

June 26, 1874.

OFFICE OF THE ENTERPRISE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 423 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.—DIVIDEND No. 10—The Directors of this Company have declared a Dividend of TWO DOLLARS per share, payable on and after July 1st, 1874.

J. J. ALBEITZ, Secretary.

White & Brown,

MANUFACTURERS OF

VENETIAN BLINDS,

No. 98 GRANT STREET,

(Near corner of Fifth avenue, opposite Cathedral.)

Keep constantly on hand a large assortment of VENETIAN BLINDS, of all sizes and colors.

PAINTING, TRIMMING and REPAIRING promptly and neatly done, at Lower Prices than elsewhere.

Particular attention given to Churches and Hotels.

N. B.—Trimmings furnished ready for putting on, to suit customers. Reglets furnished for printers. All work warranted.

NOTICE.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

The partnership heretofore existing between LEWIS ROLL and GEORGE REBER, Tinners, at No. 214 Wylie avenue, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 24th day of June, 1874. Each partner will receive or pay any debts due by them; and all outstanding accounts due late firm must be paid at the old stand.

LEWIS ROLL,
G. K. REBER.

I HAVE THIS DAY SOLD MY ENTIRE interest in the above firm to ROBT. B. CUNNINGHAM, and the business hereafter will be conducted under the name and style of REBER & CUNNINGHAM, respectfully recommending my patrons to give the new firm that favor they have the old.

LEWIS ROLL.

Notice to Bakers and Butchers.

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., June 29, 1874.

SEALED PROPOSALS, directed to the Board of Prison Inspectors of Allegheny county, will be received at this office, until the 10TH DAY OF JULY NEXT, inclusive, for furnishing the County Jail with good WHEAT BREAD for six months, beginning on the 15th of July, 1874, to be delivered daily in such quantities as the Warden or his Agent may direct.

Also, Sealed Proposals, directed as above, will be received at this office until the 10TH DAY OF JULY NEXT, inclusive, for furnishing the County Jail with good BOILING BEEF, free from bone, for six months, beginning on the 15th day of July, 1874, to be delivered daily in such quantities as the Warden or his Agent may direct.

HENRY WARNER, County Controller.

PATENTS.

Persons desiring to procure Patents, or wishing to obtain information from the U. S. Patent Office, are advised to consult F. A. LEHMANN, of Washington, D. C., corner of Seventh and G streets.

NO PATENT—NO PAY.

Send for a Circular.

In Store.

50 bales HOPS, Wisconsin and New York;
50 bags PRIME TIMOTHY SEED;
50 barrels HALVES DRIED PEACHES.
IN ELEVATOR:
3 cars PRIME WHEAT;
1 car PRIME WHITE OATS.
TO ARRIVE:
3 cars WHITE OATS;
3 cars SHELLED CORN;
2 cars WHEAT.
BUTTER, EGGS and PRODUCE GENERALLY Daily, For Sale by

D. McMILLAN & CO.,

347 LIBERTY STREET.

Wm. B. Hays & Son,

PORK PACKERS,

Bacon, Mess Pork, Dried Beef,

Lard, Lard Oil, Carbon Oils.

Curers of the Celebrated STAR-ANCHOR BRAND EXTRA SUGAR-CURED HAMS.

281 AND 283 LIBERTY STREET.

JAMES ROSS SNOWDEN.......GEORGE R. SNOWDEN.

JAS. R. & GEO. R. SNOWDEN,

Attorneys and Counsellors-at-Law,

NO. 532 WALNUT STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

Jesse H. Lippincott,

231 LIBERTY STREET.

CANNED GOODS.

WE HAVE THE LARGEST STOCKS AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.

Look at our Line of rapid selling articles, in tins and bottles, for Lunches, Excursions, Pic-Nics, Parties, &c.

California Salmon in one lb. cans,
California Salmon in two lb. cans,
California Salmon in two and a half lb. cans,
Spiced Salmon in one lb. cans,
Spiced Salmon in two lb. cans,
Spiced Salmon in three lb. cans,
Fresh Lobster in one lb. cans,
Fresh Lobster in two lb. cans,
Pickled Lobster in quart bottles,
Cove Oysters in one lb. cans,
Cove Oysters in two lb. cans,
Spiced Oysters in one lb. cans,
Spiced Oysters in two lb. cans,
Pickled Oysters in quart bottles,
Fresh Clams in one lb. cans,
Fresh Clams in two lb. cans,
Golden Pie Pumpkin in three lb. cans.

ENGLISH PICKLES,

Eight Varieties, in Pints and Quarts, (Our Own Importation.)

Sardines, quarter boxes, small fish,
Sardines, half boxes, small fish,
American Sardines in fine oil,
Ocean Trout for Lunch,
Genuine French Mustard,
Genuine Olive Oil.

The sale of our General Line of Goods at the Lowest Prices of the Season still goes on. In many instances we are glad to duplicate eastern purchases

Without Charging for Freight.

THIS IS NOT A RETAIL HOUSE.

Jesse H. Lippincott,

231 LIBERTY STREET.

Lowest Prices Yet Reached!

CHOICE NEW PRINTS, 8 1-2c.

LINEN SUITINGS,
GRASS SUITINGS,
STRIPED SKIRTINGS.
French and American Chintzes.

WHITTENTON, EVERETT, YORK AND PHILADELPHIA COTTONADES.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

239 and 241 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.

The Snowdon Heater

INSURES

STEAM BOILERS

Against Injury caused by a Low Temperature of Feed Water.

CIRCULARS AND PRICES FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

ATWOOD & McCAFFREY,

CORNER THIRD AVENUE AND LIBERTY STREET.

RANDOLPH'S

FINE CLOTHING EMPORIUM,

87 SMITHFIELD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Boys and Children's Clothing, A Specialty

Duquesne Brass Works and Foundry

S. CADMAN & SON,

Brass Founders and Manufacturers, and Steam Pipe Fitters.

AGENTS FOR COPE & MAXWELL'S PUMPING MACHINERY AND BOILER FEEDERS.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

CORNER DUQUESNE WAY AND SIXTH ST.

To Our Customers!

WE OFFER

NEW SHIRTING PRINTS,
NEW FANCY PRINTS,
NEW LANCASTER GINGHAMS,

ALSO,

DOUBLE AND TWIST COTTONADES,
YORK COTTONADES, RED TABLEDAMASK,
KENTUCKY JEANS, CORSET JEANS,
BLACK ALPACAS,
WHITE PIQUES, BUFF PIQUES,
FANCY CASSIMERES, RUFFLED SKIRTS,
TICKINGS, PAPER CAMBRIC.

NEW GOODS EVERY WEEK!

Prices Lower Than Since 1860.

McElroy & Dickson,

54 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

ROBT. ARTHURS........President.
L. HALSEY WILLIAMS........Cashier.

ST. CLAIR BANKING COMPANY,

CAPITAL, - - - $100,000.

WE OFFER FOR SALE

Verona Borough Bonds.

Eight Per Cent. Bonds, free from taxation, at Par and Accrued Interest.

No. 16 Sixth Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

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The Commercial.

TUESDAY, JUNE 30, 1874.

THIS is the last day of the current fiscal year.

SAWYER still continues to whine, beg, and importune. His moral callousness is only equaled by his intellectual obtusity.

HON. D. P. LOWE, of Kansas, will not be a candidate for re-election. He took the back-pay, and that put him down so low in the estimation of his constituents that he despairs of future success.

CONGRESSMAN G. F. HOAR, of Massachusetts, declines a re-election, and joins the noble army of martyrs headed by DAWES. The report that BUTLER will also decline is too good, almost, to be true.

AND now it is rumored that Attorney General WILLIAMS will soon discover that he has private business suffering from a lack of personal attention, and so proceed to imitate CRESWELL'S example. We hope no one will heedlessly block the way.

THE Memphis *Avalanche* is of opinion that if ANDREW JOHNSON should be elected to the United States Senate, the moral tone of that body would soon be improved. Possibly: "Awful examples" do sometimes exert a marked reformatory influence upon others.

EX-GOVERNOR STONE, of Iowa, who has gone somewhat extensively into the hayseed business of late, is now spoken of out West as the "third party" Presidential nominee in 1876. Unless, however, he wants to come out of the campaign stone dead, he had better fight shy of all other parties except the Republican party.

THE Louisville papers complain that on entering or leaving that city by railroad the traveler is met with the imposition of being compelled to pay ten cents for a local paper. It *is* a swindle, undoubtedly—and when one takes into consideration the peculiar characteristics of Louisville journalism, the fraud becomes utterly indefensible.

THE New York *Times* speaks of Associate Justice WRIGHT, of the Supreme Court of South Carolina, as "an ignorant negro who knows nothing of law." This is wholly unjust. It is true that Judge WRIGHT is a negro, but he is also an educated, scholarly and thoughtful man, and a successful lawyer of trained intelligence and skill.

HOPE springs eternal in the Democratic breast. The Maine Democracy, with 32,924 votes last year against 45,244, talk jubilantly of carrying the State at the ensuing election. If every failure is a step towards success, the Democracy of Maine should be near their goal of triumph by this time. They have traveled long and far enough, goodness knows.

IN THE communication discussing the affairs of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company, which appeared in our columns yesterday morning, a provoking typographical error occurred. As printed the earnings of the main line of the rairoad were stated to have been $1,697,238 24; whereas they were, in reality, just one million dollars more, or $2,697,238 24.

MR. SHEARMAN, the clerk of Plymouth congregation, says all that is necessary to vindicate BEECHER against TILTON is to pronounce the letter of confession, which TILTON gives as coming from BEECHER, a forgery. Then why does not BEECHER so pronounce it? It is a very easy thing to say, if the letter *is* a forgery, and it does not need a week to get ready to say it.

THE imports exclusive of specie, at the port of New York, for the week ending last Saturday, amounted to $6,646,571, against $8,447,831 for the corresponding week last year. The total imports since the first of January foot up $211,153,641, against $213,099,606 for the corresponding period of 1873. The exports of gold and silver for the week were $1,020,310, making, with $34,708,626 previously reported, $35,728,936 since the first of January.

IT IS estimated that, following the plan adopted by the English government, the new Secretary of the Treasury will probably before long commence the publication of an official weekly statement of receipts and expenditures, with the aggregates brought down from the beginning of the fiscal year. Such a method would be a decided improvement on the one now in vogue, and would be of considerable advantage to the business community at large.

THERE are six colored men in Congress, out of 290; and because no one of the six has yet earned a national reputation, the New York *World* concludes that the colored race is incapable of producing a statesman. As not over half a dozen of the 284 white men in the House were able to earn Congressional distinction, the argument is just as good against the white race. The six colored representatives made as good a showing as the 278 white ones who are unknown beyond their own districts.

THE New York *Bulletin* says that a banking house, in that city, "who are understood to transact business for a Senator," sold $5,000,000 of gold at 112 before the "memorandum" to Senator JONES was made public, and bought the same amount at 111 *after* the memorandum was published, thus clearing $50,000 by the transaction. It is inferred that the house knew all about the "memorandum" at the time they made their sale, although the public did not. Who is the Senator for whom this house are "understood to transact business?"

IN ORDINARY years the reports of the growing crops have a varied aspect, showing a good yield here and a bad one there, and it requires some skill, in such cases, to make up a fair average. This year, however, there is less of this variety than usual. The reports are not all alike good, but they all unite in indicating that this year's crop will be the largest and best, taken altogether, that has ever been gathered in this country. This is the one feature that excites encouragement everywhere, and and leads to the general hope that the good crop will help the country out of all its troubles.

THE advanced rates adopted by the fire insurance companies a year or two ago, together with the few fires during the past year, have enabled them to make money, and several companies which were so crippled by the Chicago and Boston fires that they were in despair have now got on their feet again. New companies are being organized in New York and Philadelphia. These will most likely compete for business by cutting down rates, which will naturally have the effect of making the old companies return to something like their former schedule. A considerable reduction in rates may therefore, we think, presently be looked for.

THE tonnage of bituminous coal over the Pennsylvania Railroad, East and West, averages 60,000 tons weekly, and the total for the year, up to June 26, was 1,209,291 tons coal, and 228,298 tons coke, or 1,437,589 tons in all. Each of these tons represents thirty bushels of coal, and the total, in bushels, for the first half of the current year, is 53,137,670 bushels. At the same rate for the remainder of the year, the amount will reach 110,000,000 bushels. A comparison of these figures with the river shipments of the same articles will show that this one railroad carries twice the amount shipped by river from this place to ports below.

THE important house of DUN, BARLOW & Co., New York, have just issued their semi-annual circular, summarizing the results of their inquiries into the present state of credit throughout the country. They say:

"The effects of the panic of last September have lingered longer than was anticipated by many; but, these effects have been more apparent in restricting trade than in producing disaster. Considering the suddenness and violence of the crisis of last autumn, the commercial fabric of the country has not shown serious signs of disorder, if the number or importance of mercantile failures are to be taken as an index as to its condition. It is a fact, as surprising as it is gratifying, that, within the past six months, there have absolutely been fewer failures in number, and certainly fewer in prominence than for the same period in the average of years. On the contrary, we have had abundant opportunity for observing a very remarkable reduction of indebtedness in all classes, and in almost all sections of the country. It is safe to say that the internal mercantile indebtedness in the country to-day is not more than two-thirds what it [was at this time] last year. Indeed, so great [illegible] as any want of confidence in the stability of the country, or the safety of credit. The fright that the debtor class received in September has had its effect, and the very prominence of the failures that immediately followed impressed deeply a lesson that has been heeded.

"If, then, it is good to be reducing debts—if it is wise to owe two dollars where last year three were due—the six months of dull times which have been experienced are not without some compensation. With this consideration in mind, the future does not wear as gloomy a look as might be anticipated, in view of the almost universally depressed tone of public sentiment regarding the condition of business which has prevailed for some time. It would be idle to deny that the dull trade of the past six months has made some inroads upon the surplus capital of not a few, for expenses have been reduced in proportion to the decline of profits, while the depreciation of values in many departments has been very marked. Many a trader is therefore poorer to-day than he was a year ago. Should the restricted business continue, disaster may follow, and failures be frequent; but it is surely a reasonable expectation that the autumn trade will be a fair one."

The indications are that the country is about entering on a career of unusual business and industrial activity and enterprise of a non-speculative character.

A BLOW AT RITUALISM.

At length there is some prospect of Parliamentary interposition for the suppression of Ritualistic innovations in the Church of England. The Bishops at present feel unable to intervene with effect against the abuse. A Bishop may *ad libitum* denounce the objectionable practices or even issue positive orders for their cessation, but if the offending clergyman chooses to defy his diocesan by continuing to exemplify the "true principles of Anglicanism," his lordship is almost helpless. The only way in which he can even attempt either to carry out his commands or to punish the refractory clergyman is by due process of law. Litigation is costly in England, and litigation in the ecclesiastical courts is especially expensive. Of the two famous trials to which, within living memory, religious controversy has given rise in England, one cost £11,000 and the other cost £7,000. Certainly it is no wonder that, in consideration of the mere pecuniary expenditure involved, the most zealous Bishop shrinks from such a mode of maintaining his episcopal authority. And perhaps the cost is not the most repulsive feature of the struggle. From the nature of the proces passions are violently excited; the Bishop becomes the object of bitter invective and ridicule, and after all the issue is a matter of the utmost uncertainty.

The last of these evils, the uncertainty of the result, the Archbishop of Canterbury doubtless hopes to avoid by means of the new method for the establishment of which he has introduced a bill in the House of Lords. If adopted, the new method, besides being cheap, might also be expected to avoid at least a portion of the scandal and vehemence of general debate which inevitably attend heretical trials in the ancient courts. The bill provides that any member of a community, whether layman or clergyman may lodge complaint against a clerical incumbent who introduces objectionable innovations into the prescribed ritual of worship, and that the Bishop, on finding the complaint worthy of consideration, shall proceed to examine and decide the question thus raised. In performing this duty the Bishop shall be assisted by a council of four assessors, the dean, the chancellor of the diocese, a master of canon law and a person of suitable qualifications to be selected by the Bishop. In certain exceptional cases only an appeal may be taken to a higher authority, the House of Lords, one may suppose.

Whether or no the bill is likely to become law we do not know. It is, however, certain to be the subject of lively debate, both in Parliament and in the country. The Ritualists are already in arms against the measure, as are also "those false sons of the Church of England, who, while ministering at her altars, are secretly laboring for the restoration of Papal authority in England." Moreover, not a few of the clergy, whose Protestantism cannot be a subject of doubt, are yet hostile to the bill, because they regard its provisions as encroaching on their individual freedom of thought and action. To this class, most likely, the members of the Broad church commonly belong. How the Liberal party will treat the matter remains to be seen, their position perhaps somewhat depending on what Mr. GLADSTONE has to say on the subject. Some allege that the late premier's sympathies are Romish, and that he will resist any and every measure adapted to interfere with the secret Roman Catholic propagandism going on in England since many years. In his early manhood Mr. GLADSTONE was very churchly minded, and his loyalty to the church has probably never wavered. It is, however, absurd to suspect him of anything more than high Anglicanism. Both as an Anglican and as a Liberal he may oppose the Archbishop's bill. The bill the Conservatives are expected to take up and push as a means of increasing their favor with certain sections of the people. Mr. DISRAELI, as LOTHAIR showed, has long kept a sharp eye on the Catholic propagandists, the crypto-Jesuits and their coadjutors for several decades so busy and versatile in their labors among the upper and the wealthy classes, and he may use or try to use the Archbishop's bill as an opportunely presented instrument.

REV. DR. MAYO, a distinguished Massachusetts divine, but who for a number of years resided in Ohio, communicates to the Cincinnati *Gazette* a long and able review of the practical workings of the Prohibitory Liquor Law in the former State. Dr. MAYO being himself an earnest temperance worker, his testimony is invested with unusual importance and value. He says, after pointing out the impossibility of enforcing the law in cities and manufacturing towns, and showing how the trade, hunted out of large establishments, takes refuge in a myriad of tenement houses and dirty little shops, bringing men, women and children cheek by jowl with a rum jug, and how, behind these, lurk the multitude of private closets, cellars and homes, where alcoholic liquors are ever present:

"There is, therefore, growing up among the sober, religious, temperate people of the State a strong conviction that this policy of repression is overdone all round; that the foreign element of our New England population must be assimulated to ourselves by a more sympathetic policy rather than driven off, in the old English regulation way, into a caste perpetually hostile to our institutions. Unless the people of Massachusetts can learn and practice this gospel of conciliation, the State will finally become a new edition of old England; a country rent by an endless war of classes."

It is beyond question that large numbers of the more thoughtful classes of society are everywhere losing faith in the methods of prohibitory liquor laws; and that man who shall devise the statute that would at once promote temperance and public morality, will deserve to be hailed as the benefactor of his race.

HON. WILLIAM ADAIR, of Ohio, the father of the Adair liquor law of that State, and a member of the convention which drafted the new Constitution to be voted upon by the people next August, publishes a lengthy letter stating the reasons why he shall vote against the new Constitution. At the humbug of minority representation he fires the following effective shot:

This *delusion* was adopted as a part of the constitution by the State of Illinois, a few years ago, and since then it has been incorporated into the Pennsylvania Constitution, and although of few years growth, it has proved to be a cheat and a snare. The leading papers of those States without regard to political differences, agree that it is no *reform*. A proposition that minorities should be represented in the political and corporate associations in the State, to prevent an abuse of power by the majority, sounds well to the ear, it looks well on paper; yet I have understood it to be a well settled rule that in a Republican form of Government majorities should govern. That all laws should be general, all rules universal in their application, giving to minorities all the protection, rights and privileges, that majorities ask for themselves individually, but as has been demonstrated in some instances and can be considered with certainty in many more, this cumulative voting or 'minority representation,' gives the minority the power to defeat, or govern and control the majority."

The indications are that the instrument will be rejected by a very decisive majority.

THE sharp strictures of the Republican press on the reactionary nature of Missouri Democracy are beginning to have some effect. Referring to this matter, one of the Bourbon organs in that State says:

"Our last State election gives the lie direct to our political enemies. The last State ticket contained the names of but two men who were rebels, who in any way sympathized with the South in her struggle for independence, while five of the candidates on that ticket were well known Unionists."

This, however, does not alter the fact [that the party], through its accredited [illegible] of Democratic faith to consist in keeping alive the feuds and animosities growing out of the war, and the real test of Democratic fealty to be the cultivation of the bitter feelings of hatred and revenge. In the next "State ticket" the preponderance of political sympathy on the part of the nominees will, as compared with the last ticket, be likely to be pretty thoroughly reversed.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

Hereafter at St Louis, the Fourth of July will be known as "Big Bridge Day."

The song of lovers now an evening is, "We will wander to the (soda) fountain."

It is proposed to erect two extensive asylums for priests banished from Germany, one in England and one in the United States.

These are the days in which to make a liberal use of carbolic acid about your premises.

There must, we think, be a premium on mediocrity and blather in the New York *Tribune* office.

The American pilgrims to Rome are said to have been almost stupified with astonishment at the grandeur of the Papal Court.

Senator Carpenter says he loves the Constitution. Except, he should have added, that clause of it which secures the freedom of the press.

T. Pott is an aspirant for Congressional honors in Minnesota, and as he meets with violent opposition there is quite a tempest in a tea-pot.

Fred. Douglass' paper denounces in unmeasured terms those Republican members of Congress who voted against the Civil Rights bill.

The New York *Sun* may not be the "father of all lies," but it can lie farther and make less out of it than any other sheet in Christendom.

In the convention of Univeralists of Maine, the other day, the committee on ordination was forbidden to make any distinction on account of sex.

An absolute faith in his own powers, and a knack of adapting himself to the coarser emergencies of a political existence, are Butler's only claims to distinction.

Much is just now being said concerning the importance of rehabilitating the South. Its fate is in its own hands. It has muscle and material; what it wants are energy and industry.

A Democratic exchange gives the following decidedly original quotation from Scripture: "A house divided against itself is not a safe roosting place, even for the faithful."

General Banks favors the abolition of standing armies and the education of a citizen soldiery as a corps of minute men. Banks wasn't much of a success as a "citizen soldier."

Some two hundred persons in Colorado have signed an agreement to reorganize the Yellowstone expedition, and to explore the Powder river country about the first of September.

New Jersey having gotten its compulsory educational system, is now at a loss how to enforce the law. It is a much easier matter to lead a horse to water than to make him drink.

The English postal system is so thorough that a misdirected letter will relentlessly chase a man from end to end of the British dominions, and never give up till it finds him or his corpse.

An authoritative critic incisively announces that the navy of England as it at present exists is "an excellent museum of aquatic antiquities and curiosities in the marine offensive way."

The publication of the Canadian reciprocity treaty bids fair to create such a sentiment against it as will insure its defeat should it be transmitted to the Senate at the next session of Congress.

In interposing in that Petersburg election, President Grant trampled with the fervor of a wheel-mule on the tenderest emotions of Governor Kemper, and the latter is dreadfully mad about it.

Progress. Miss E. Frances Willard, the Dean of the Woman's College at Evanston, is urged for the Republican nomination to the office of State Superintendent of Public Instruction, in Illinois.

Some meteorologists attribute the present hot weather to the influence of the comet. If that is so, all good Catholics should unite in petitioning the Pope to re-issue the "bull against the comet."

The Democratic clerk of the Democratic Board of Aldermen of Paterson, N. J., has been held to prison for defrauding his fellow-citizens by "raising" several small bills and pocketing the difference.

The counsel under whose advice Beecher seems to be acting is the Mr. Shearman who was so conspicuous as the attorney for Fisk in his celebrated frauds upon the owners of the Erie Railway Company.

A Michigan hen nearly spilt her larynx, the other day, cackling over an egg which weighed exactly three grains! For getting up a large reputation on a small outlay that hen is second only to "the oldest."

A nice place for a pic-nic: Summit station, California, is still surrounded by five or six feet of snow on an average, and in places the drifts can be sounded to a depth of thirty feet without reaching terra firma.

Train says it is only since he ceased taking animal food that he discovered how big a fool he has all along been making of himself. We know several would-be great men who should at once revert to a vegetable diet.

There is a Democrat in West Virginia who believes that the earth is flat and stationary, and that at night the sun crawls into a hole, like a ground hog, and crawls out again in the morning. He expects to be sent to Congress.

PERSONAL.

Andre's pocketbook has been placed beside Arnold's watch in the cabinet of the Connecticut Historical Society.

Mrs. Lillie Devereux Blake is to deliver the oration at the grand celebration at East Orange, New Jersey, on July 4, the first time in the history of the country that a woman was ever Fourth of July orator.

Sam Bushnell, of Troy, New York, is a nephew of Daniel Webster and a great miser. He doesn't expound the Constitution like his uncle, but picks rags in the street, at which useful employment he has amassed ten thousand dollars.

The London *Telegraph* announces that Mr. and Mrs. Bancroft, upon retiring from the Berlin mission, "received a number of imperial presents of great beauty and value." Has it become customary for American Ministers to accept "presents of great beauty and value" from foreign princes?

The warm-haired and hearted Bishop Haven, with the courage of his reputed hope to live until he sees a negro woman, the wife of a white man, in the Presidential chair, has actually convulsed the society of Atlanta by supping with a colored dentist at the latter's home. The bishop took his daughter along.

Sir John Astley, a member of the English Parliament, can evade a close question as neatly as an American stumper. At a meeting of his constituents the other day, at which he was present, a man in the crowd called out, "What about the liquor bill?" "Well," said Sir John, "mine was uncommonly high last year; how was yours?"

Bob Toombs, friendly call on the President, a few weeks ago, is thus explained. Toombs at first said he wouldn't call on Grant at all, as he wasn't a citizen of this country,—for Bob is the only known remaining citizen of the southern confederacy besides Jeff Davis. Afterward, however, he remarked to his friend, as they were driving around Washington: "Perry, if I were to go to a foreign country I'd surely, if practicable, pay my respects to the potentate of that country. Why not, then go to see your President?" They went in at a particularly busy time, but Grant said he'd see such a visitor at once. When they entered Toombs frankly "allowed:" "I am not a citizen of this country, General Grant, but being in town I have called to pay my respects to you as the ruler of this nation." "Oh, never mind about that, General Toombs," answered Grant, "sit down. I am glad to see you at last, for I hunted very unsuccessfully after you during the war." The interview lasted nearly two hours, and was characterized by the greatest jollity imaginable.

LAST month was the anniversary of the memorial financial crash at Vienna in 1873. We learn from our European exchanges that traces of that unfortunate event are not even yet totally obliterated. Sixteen joint-stock companies, forty-four banks, thirty-six industrial companies, eighteen building societies and one insurance company, representing in the aggregate a capital value of 313,500,000 florins, continue to the present day under the Bankruptcy Court. With regard to other more fortunate establishments, which have managed somehow to weather the storm, the effects of the crash are painfully visible in the quotation of shares. It is scarcely three-quarters of a year since our panic of 1873, and if the longer time has not served to obliterate the effects of the Vienna panic, it is hardly to be expected that impaired confidence here should be restored in the [illegible]

THE JULY MAGAZINES.

SCRIBNER.

Scribner's Monthly for July contains some notable features, not the least of which is Prof. Hart's carefully prepared article on "The Shakespeare Death-Mask," with a number of cuts giving views of this and other alleged likenesses of the poet. Mr. Stoddard's "Studies of Some British Authors" are here begun, with a paper on Ancestry, to be followed by another on the same subject. The much controverted "Orthodox Minister" is heard from again on "Our Eschatology." The opening article of the number is one of the Great South illustrated series by Edward King. Missouri is here described with considerable detail as to history, resources and enterprises. Mr. King has a little poem in the same number; and there are poems by B. F. Taylor, Louise Chandler Moulton, and John Fraser (a translation). Saxe Holm's "A Four-Leaved Clover" is concluded; Jules Verne's "Mysterious Island" and Miss Trafton's "Katherine Earle" are both continued. Mrs. Hodgson Burnett has a short story and General d'Abain an entertaining sketch of some extraordinary scenes in Cambodia.

Dr. Holland discusses "New York," "Taxation that Kills," and "Southern States." The Old Cabinet is about "A Search for a Fugitive;" and there is the usual variety in the other departments.

ATLANTIC.

The July number of the *Atlantic Monthly* presents a strong list of contributors. Mr. Howells begins a new story called "A Foregone Conclusion," the opening scene being in Venice, where he was long a resident. He sets out with some lively scenes at the Consulate, with an American lady as one of the characters. Bret Harte furnishes a long and fine poem, and Joaquin Miller a shorter one, but very good. Robert Dale Owen, in "An Earnest Sowing of Wild Oats," tells of some more of his early experiences when, as a dreamer of Utopia and socialism, he, along with the famous Fanny Wright, started a paper in New York called "The Free Inquirer." Mr. W. J. Stillman contributes an excellent paper on "Two European Schools of Design"—those of South Kensington and Antwerp. "A Rebel's Recollections" are continued, and are worth reading, North as well as South. Mr. William Wood's article on "Scottish Banking" is full of valuable information. The first part of a new story called "Katy's Fortune" is given in this number, and is excellent. The author is Will. Wallace Harney. So is the shorter sketch, "A Prodigal in Buskins," by Charles Warren Stoddard. The minor articles, prose and poetry, are good, and the editorial departments are particularly well written and judicious.

ST. NICHOLAS.

"*St. Nicholas*," the girls' and boys' magazine, is out for July, and a beautiful and artistic magazine it is. Elegant in typography, rich in good illustrations, and filled with the most interesting reading matter, it is a work an editor can praise liberally without puffing, and one which is as necessary in every family where there are children, as a sled, a hoop, a doll, or a spelling book. The publishers have made a hit with this magazine, and no parent or guardian who reads a single number through will hesitate a moment in according it the palm of excellence. It is equal to a private tutor in any juvenile circle. The July number gives so great a variety of articles, both prose and poetry, that we have not space to enumerate them. Suffice it to say that boys and girls, young men and young women will find it full of interest from cover to cover.

POPULAR SCIENCE.

The July number of *The Popular Science Monthly* contains a sketch, with a portrait, of Dr. Thomas Young, a distinguished English savant of the earlier part of this century. Prof. Holden's illustrated article on "The Nebula of Orion" is very instructive and interesting, and so is that on "Humming Birds," by James H. Partridge. Herbert Spencer is the author of two striking articles. There are several other papers that are full of information, and the editorial departments contain a vast amount of instructive matter.

LIPPINCOTT.

Lippincott's Magazine for July sustains the reputation of the publication for pure, legitimate merit in all its departments. The illustrations are plenteous and good. "Malcolm," by George Macdonald, is one of the best novels now appearing. The "Vignettes from the Schuylkill Valley" are completed, and make an excellent description, with some pretty, picturesque views of that part of the country. The "New Hyperion" likewise displays all the merits both in composition and illustration for which we have already credited it, M. Dore's amusing sketches being not the least inviting feature. It is not often that the earthquake at Lisbon is made the subject of magazine articles, but it has been taken up here by Mr. R. Davey, in connection with an account of the old city before its destruction, and the paper is at once entertaining and instructive. The same, too, may be said of some recollections of Archbishop Whately, by Adolphus Trollope, who has introduced some small anecdotes which are as notable for their piquancy as for the insight they give us into the character of the Archbishop and his surroundings. These papers are suitably contrasted by some good stories, one by the author of "Blindpits," and the other by Robert Wilson—the best, perhaps, of the month. The "Gossip" in this magazine is noteworthy for its freshness and wide range of topics. In the present number it is unusually good, and enhances the value of a very excellent issue. Some particulars respecting Tennyson and his publisher—of the latter more particularly—will be new to many readers on this side of the Atlantic.

OLD AND NEW.

Old and New brings to a close Mr. Perkins' eccentric novel, "Scrope," which closes agreeably, as it began. Mr. Trollope's story advances toward a catastrophe, or half a dozen such, and is decidedly interesting. So are Mr. Tyrwhitt's chapters of "Our Sketching Club," and an article on dentistry which is both amusing and instructive. Dr. Martineau's essay is the latter, and there are other good papers, besides the book notices, which in this magazine are almost always good. In the "Records of Progress," a longer abstract than has yet been published is given of Mr. Greenough's paper on public libraries, read at a Social Science meeting in New York. This magazine gives more space to social science than any other except the Philadelphia *Penn Monthly*.

BALLOU.

Ballou's Monthly Magazine for July presents, as usual, an agreeably varied table of contents, embracing fiction, poetry, history, travel, domestic and other recipes. It is the best of the cheap magazines.

Swindling the Druggists.

[From the Binghampton Republican.]

About a week ago a well dressed woman came into Otis Brothers' drug store and inquired for a box of morphine. In a box of morphine there are eight bottles containing one drachm each. The price is one dollar a bottle, or eight dollars a box. She looked at the box, inquired the price, and concluded that she would take only six bottles. Mr. Otis took two bottles from the box and placed them on a shelf behind him. He then handed her the box. The woman preferred to put the bottles in a bag which she carried, and not take the box. She next ordered a quart of alcohol, and a bottle of oil. When these were put up she told Mr. Otis that she had some shopping to do, and would put the bottles of morphine back in the box, and leave them with the alcohol and oil, and call for them in an hour. She left the store and has not been seen since.

The morphine bottles were opened a few days ago, and found to contain carbonate of magnesia. The bottles that she left were wrapped and sealed precisely similar to those containing morphine, and only an expert, by close examination, can tell the difference.

A woman, supposed to be the same one that swindled Otis Brothers, visited H. Smith's drug store this week, and beat that gentleman out of an eight dollar box of morphine. Her plan of operation was essentially the same at both stores. At Smith's she put the box of morphine in her satchel and left a box of carbonate of magnesia in its stead. The magnesia costs five cents an ounce.

Chubbuck's drug store was also swindled out of a box of morphine.

This woman is supposed to be one of a gang of swindlers who are operating in a similar manner through the country.

There appears to be some tricks in trade that shopmen have not yet heard of.

An Entire New Currency.

The Treasury Department is making extensive preparations to retire the whole of the filthy and mutilated national bank currency, and replace it with fresh new currency, as provided in the third section of the new currency law.

Under previous law the renewal of worn and mutilated national bank notes was nearly impossible. By provision of the new law sums of one thousand dollars, or any multiple thereof, of miscellaneous notes, the issues of one or numerous banks, may be sent to Treasurer Spinner and new greenbacks obtaind in exchange. The old notes are destroyed and reissues of the same distributed among the banks that origanally issued them, the Government being at the same time reimbursed from the fund kept in the United States Treasury by the banks for the purpose.

In this way the currency of the country, both national bank and greenback, will be quickly renewed, and afterward kept in good condition. The section providing for this long-needed work is regarded as one of the best in the new currency bill.

THE wheat crop of Texas has matured, and the yield will be as high as forty bushels per acre. The corn, cotton and sugar crops promise to be excellent. The sanitary condition of the State is all that could be wished. Better than this for Texas, money is plentiful, immigration large and the health of the people good. The hay and oat crops in Michigan are very promising. The rains have thickened the grasses on the meadow lands. Corn is coming forward very rapidly, and nothing but late frost can prevent the crop from being excellent.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY [TICK]ET.

FOR CONGRESS—TWENTY-SECO[ND DISTRICT],
JAMES S. NEGLEY, [of] Pi[ttsburgh].

FOR CONGRESS—TWENTY-THI[RD DISTRICT],
THOMAS M. BAYNE, [illegible]

FOR STATE SENATE—FORTY-S[ECOND DISTRICT],
HUGH McNEILL, [illegible]

FOR STATE SENATE—FORTY-[THIRD DISTRICT],
JNO. C. NEWMYER, W[illegible] [T]ownship.

FOR STATE SENATE—FORT[Y-FOURTH DISTRICT],
MILES S. HUMPHRE[YS], [Pitts]burgh.

FOR ASSEMBLY—F[IRST DISTRICT],
HENRY M. LON[G],
W. H. GRAHAM,
HENRY GERW[IG].

FOR ASSEMBLY—SE[COND DISTRICT],
JAMES ONSL[OW],
CHARLES JE[illegible]

FOR ASSEMBLY—[THIRD] DISTRICT,
D. B. MORRI[S],
S. J. WAINW[RIGHT],
J. P. McCOR[D],
JAMES LA[illegible]

FOR ASSEMBL[Y—FOURTH] DISTRICT,
B. C. CHRI[STY], [S]ewickley,
H. K. SAM[illegible]

FOR ASSEMB[LY—SI]XTH DISTRICT,
A. B. YOU[NG],
GEORGE [AR]CHBALD.

FOR JUDG[E OR]PHANS' COURT,
W. G. HAWKIN[S], Wilkins Township.

FOR DIS[TRICT] ATTORNEY,
E. A. MON[TO]OTH, Pittsburgh.

FOR ASSIST[ANT] DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
JOHN [S. ROB]B, [illegible]IDE, Etna.

[FOR CO]MMISSIONER,
G. W. WEI[HE]L, McKeesport Borough.

FOR [DIR]ECTOR OF THE POOR,
HE[NRY] R. CHALFANT.

Li[fe] Without Enjoyment.

No human being whose stomach and liver are disordered can enjoy life. Business is fatigue and bore, and all amusements "flat and unprofitable," to the victim of indigestion, biliousness, and disturbances of the bowels and the nerves which always accompany them. The shortest, surest, safest way to get rid of these evils, and of the mental despondency which grows out of them, is to tone and regulate the system with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Of all stimulants it is the purest, all vegetable tonics the most active, of all cathartics the mildest, of all anti-bilious preparations the most swift and certain in its operation. During the twenty odd years that it has been in use it has lived down professional prejudices, distanced competition, and taken rank as the standard restorative of the age.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
No. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
Assets January 1, 1873 - $78,251 56
CHARTERED IN 1862.
Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of Six Per Cent., compounded on the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Book of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
BOARD OF MANAGERS.
GEO. A. BERRY, President. JOHN SCOTT, JAS. PARK, JR., Vice Presidents. D. E. McKINLEY, Secretary and Treasurer. A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, J. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
John H. Bailey, Solicitor.

FAMILY MEDICINES.

SPECIALTIES!
Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.
We make a Specialty of
Sponges, Fine Hair Brushes, Combs, Pocket Books, Imported Perfumes, Cosmetics, Hair Oils, Chamois Skins and Patent Medicines.
You will always find the Largest and best Assorted Stock of the above articles at the Drug and Family Medicine Store of
JOSEPH BROWIE,
Cor. Penn Avenue and Sixth Street.

SUMMER RESORT.

BERKELEY SPRINGS AND BATHS
Bath, Morgan County, West Virginia,
Two and a half miles from Sir John's Run Station on Baltimore and Ohio Road, 200 miles East of Pittsburgh.
TWO TRAINS DAILY.
The BERKELEY SPRINGS HOTEL
With first-class accommodations for 500 guests, now open for the reception of visitors. Every amusement will be found at this delightful Mountain Resort—pure air, beautiful scenery, fishing, hunting, magnificent swimming pools.
Every variety of Baths; natural temperature, 74 degrees Fahrenheit, possessing wonderful curative properties. Post, express and telegraph in office Hotel. Round Trip Tickets at reduced rates, good till October 31. Carriages moderate; liberal arrangements with families.
Apply at the Office of Pittsburgh, Washington and Baltimore Short Line Railroad for circulars.
For Rooms apply to
A. R. POTTS, Proprietor.

BEDFORD Mineral Springs
THE BEDFORD SPRINGS will be open for Reception of Guests on the 10TH DAY OF JUNE. Connections are made with Trains on Pennsylvania Railroad, at Huntingdon, Pa., East and West, and on Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, at Cumberland, Md., for Passengers from South and West, directly through by rail to Bedford.
Excursion Tickets can be had at Railroad Offices and Baggage checked through to Springs.
For Analysis of Water, Terms of Board, &c., address
A. G. ALLEN,
Superintendent Bedford Springs.
Price of Water in Barrels, (oak)
Price of Water in Half Barrels, (oak)
Price of Water in Kegs, (oak)
Price of Water in Half Barrels, (in Mulberry)

RENOVO HOTEL
A delightful and healthy Summer Resort, on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad; also located on the west branch of the Susquehanna river, surrounded by beautiful mountain scenery, with fine trout streams in the vicinity, will open for Boarders JUNE 22. Accommodation first-class and charges reasonable. Train leaves Union Depot at 2:35 A. M., arriving at Renovo at 4:15 P. M. The route to Renovo is one of the most attractive and picturesque Summer trips that can be enjoyed. Excursion Tickets at reduced rates for sale at 78 Fifth avenue and the Union Depot. For further information apply to
R. M. N. TAYLOR, Proprietor,
RENOVO, CLINTON COUNTY, PA.

Thomson House,
AT KANE, PA.,
On the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad.
Situated on the summit of the Alleghenies, 2,000 feet above the sea, will be open for Summer guests on JUNE 22d. Train leaves Union Depot at 2:35 A. M., arriving at Kane at 9:15 P. M.
For Rooms and rates apply to
R. M. N. TAYLOR, Proprietor,
KANE, McKEAN COUNTY, PA.

THE COLUMBIA HOUSE,
AT CAPE MAY
WILL BE OPENED JULY 1.
Mr. BOLTON, of Bolton's Hotel, Harrisburg, and Washington Hotel, Philadelphia, is still proprietor of the Columbia.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
Cresson Springs, Cambria County, Pa.
Will open for the reception of guests JUNE 18th, 1874. For other information apply to or address
GEORGE W. MULLIN,
Proprietor Mountain House,
Or St. Cloud Hotel, Philadelphia.

SUMMER EXCURSIONS.

SUMMER EXCURSION,
SEASON OF 1874.
THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY have now on sale EXCURSION TICKETS to all SUMMER RESORTS and POINTS OF INTEREST in the Middle and Eastern States. These tickets are sold at greatly reduced rates, and furnish to travelers a choice of routes combining every comfort and attraction. The SUMMER EXCURSION ROUTE BOOK for 1874, profusely illustrated and filled with information of interest to tourists, can be obtained on application at the following ticket offices: Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, Pittsburgh; No. 78 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh.
A. J. CASSATT, General Manager.
D. M. BOYD, JR.,
General Passenger Agent.

ALEX. G. COCHRAN. J. M. GAZZAM.
GAZZAM & COCHRAN,
Attorneys and Counsellors-at-Law,
OFFICES:
94 DIAMOND ST., PITTSBURGH.
Practice in all the Federal, State and County Courts. Collections made and legal business transacted through reliable correspondents in all parts of the United States, Canada and Europe.

Get the Best HOWE STANDARD Scales,
Warehouse and Mill Trucks, Tucker's Patent Alarm Till, Grocers' Fixtures. Scales repaired.
W. A. McCLURG, 63 Wood [St.]

W. G. DUNSEATH,
Watchmaker, Jeweler and Optician,
67 Federal Street, Allegheny City, Pa.
WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

DRY GOODS.

A. D. McKEE
OFFERS A
Magnificent Stock
OF
Suits, Polanaise, Lace Jackets, Parasols, Silk Umbrellas,
COMPRISING
ALL LATEST STYLES
AND AT THE
RIGHT PRICES.
No. 59 Market Street.

GREAT Closing Out SALE!
$125,000
WORTH OF
DRY GOODS
Marked Down to Close Out!
James Caldwell & Co.
Have Marked Down the Prices of their Large Stock of Dry Goods with a view to Close Out, preparatory to Removing to their New Store in the Fall.
Buyers in want of Goods will find this a rare opportunity to purchase Choice Goods, at Low Prices, as many will be sold
REGARDLESS OF COST.
The Stock is now Complete in Every Department.
To Secure Choice Seasonable Goods it will be necessary to call early.
A choice lot of Pure Silk Warp Hernanis reduced from $1 25 to $1 00 per yard.
Black French Silks, from $3 75 to $1 25 per yard.
Black Alpacas, from 50c to 37 1-2c per yard.
Chintzes, from 31c to 20c per yard.
Fancy Dress Goods, from 25c to 15c per yard.
James Caldwell & Co.,
118 and 120
Federal St., Allegheny.

NEW Spring Goods
JUST OPENING,
At Very Low Prices.
SPRING PRINTS.
In Merrimack, Cocheco, Sprague, American. All the Best Makes and Newest Styles, at Prices Lower than they ever were.
Spring Chintzes,
In Percales, French Chintzes, Light and Dark Colored, Handsome Styles at Popular Prices.
LOW-PRICED DRESS GOODS,
The Choicest Assortment in this market, at prices from 12 1-2c to 25c per yard, some Really Good Bargains.
MEDIUM-PRICED DRESS GOODS
In Mohairs, Alpacas, Japs, Silk Warp Goods, Pure Mohair, DeBege, Empress Cloth, in New Spring Shades, Stripes, Grey Mixtures, Spring Plaids, &c., at all Prices Much Lower than they ever were.
New Goods Opening Every Day.
A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
172 and 174
FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY,
AND
26 FIFTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.

EDUCATIONAL.

EDGEWORTH SCHOOL,
64 Mount Vernon Place,
BALTIMORE, Md.
THE TWELFTH ANNUAL SESSION OF THIS ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL will commence
On Thursday, 17th of September.
For circulars apply to
Mrs. H. P. LEFEBORE,
PRINCIPAL.

A POINTED ADDRESS.
The Foundation Principle,
READY MONEY.
JOHN WANAMAKER & Co,
The One-Price, Ready Money
CLOTHING HOUSE
818 & 820 Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

DRY GOODS.

Important to Buyers of Dry Goods.
ALLEGHENY, PA., SATURDAY, JUNE 27th, 1874.
NEW SUMMER DRESS GOODS.
NEW LACE AND SILK OUTSIDE GARMENTS.
NEW LADIES' AND MISSES' SUITS.
NEW CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c.
NEW LACE JACKETS, SACQUES AND MANTLES.
NEW SILK AND CASHMERE JACKETS, SACQUES, &c.
NEW CLOTH JACKETS, SACQUES, &c.
NEW SUMMER SHAWLS.
LADIES' WHITE SUITS AND POLONAISES.
LADIES' LINEN AND ALPACA SUITS.
MISSES' WHITE & COLORED SUITS.
MEDIUM CASSIMERS, JEANS, &c.
PANT AND COAT LINENS.
NEW CALICOS, MUSLINS, &c.
NEW CHINTZES, PERCALES AND LAWNS.
NEW HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.
NEW SHIRTINGS, GINGHAMS, &c.
LACE CURTAINS AND CORNICES.
WINDOW BLINDS, HOLLANDS, &c.
WINDOW SCREENS, TO KEEP OUT FLIES.
CARPETS, all kinds and qualities.
OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &c.
RUGS, MATS, OTTOMANS, &c.
BASKETS, ALL KINDS AND SIZES.
BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
BRACKETS, HAT RACKS, &c.
CHILDREN'S CHAIRS, &c.
NEW MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS.
NEW EMBROIDERIES & TRIMMINGS.
NEW LACE AND LACE GOODS.
NEW LADIES' AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.
NEW WHITE DRESS GOODS.
LADIES' & CHILDREN'S STOCKINGS AND GLOVES.
LADIES' AND MISSES' MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.
WHITE DRESS GOODS, ALL KINDS.
INFANTS' DRESSES, CAPES, &c.
LADIES' & CHILDREN'S APRONS, &c.
GENTS' FINE WHITE AND COLORED SHIRTS.
GENTS' GLOVES, SOCKS, &c.
GENTS' COLLARS, BOWS, SCARFS, &c.
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, ALL KINDS.
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street, Allegheny.

WHOLESALE HOUSE!
JOS. HORNE & CO.,
NOW OPENING,
CHOICE STYLES SILESIAS, FANCY AND SHIRTING PRINTS.
DOMESTIC COTTONS, some Good Bargains.
DRESS GOODS,
CES TO CLOSE.
Choice Goods in Summer Millinery, at Low Prices.
WHOLESALE ONLY!
77 and 79 MARKET STREET.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

HENRY SMITH & SONS,
FASHIONABLE TAILORS
98 WYLIE AVENUE,
CORNER OF FEDERAL STREET.

C. A. MUHLANBRINK,
Draper and Fashionable Tailor
Has Removed to No. 26 FIFTH AVENUE.
Spring Styles of Goods.

MERCHANT TAILOR
B. TIEGEL.
NO. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET.

LINEN SUITS! WHITE SUITS! LINEN SUITS! WHITE SUITS!
At Very Low Prices.
White, Orr & Co.,
25 FIFTH AVENUE.

NOTICE
All persons paying their State and County Taxes between now and the first day of July will be allowed a discount of ten per cent.
SAML. KILGORE,
COUNTY TREASURER.

BLAKE'S
Patent Steam Pump.
Over 7,000 in Use.
The Best, Simplest and Most Economical Pump Made.
GEO. H. STOVER & CO.,
DEALERS IN
BELTING, HOSE, CORDAGE, MACHINERY, &c.,
75 Water Street, Pittsburgh.

Butler County Collecting and Real Estate Agency,
OF MILLERSTOWN, BUTLER CO., PA.
MARK G. McCASLIN, Attorney-at-Law.

Fairbank's Standard
Scales
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO.

MILLINERY, STRAW GOODS, &C.

MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS!
THE PLACE TO BUY
Ladies', Misses' and Children's
Trimmed or Untrimmed Hats,
Ribbons, Flowers, Laces,
EMBROIDERIES, FEATHERS,
OR ANY OTHER
MILLINERY GOODS,
IS AT
R. H. PALMER'S,
105 MARKET STREET.

CARPETS.

Consequent upon the slackening of trade after the Spring Season, and justified by advantageous purchases just made at the factories and in the Eastern markets, we have concluded to materially reduce our prices on all grades of Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, &c., and can now offer special inducements in the way of New Goods and low rates to all in want of goods in our line. Discount the needs of the Future and make your selections now.
Oliver McClintock & Co
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

CARPETS!
Spring Stock!
New Styles,
Large Assortment,
All Grades,
Low Prices.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.

W. & H. PHILLIPS,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Oil Cloth, Window Shades, &c.
GREEN SHADE CLOTH A SPECIALTY.
Nos. 26 and 28 SIXTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

1874.
SPRING AND SUMMER
SILK, FUR AND WOOL
HATS,
Silk and Cloth Caps,
STRAW GOODS,
Palm Leaf and Leghorn Hats,
AT
PALMER'S
Hat House
151 WOOD ST.

NOTICE.

INSURANCE.

South Side Fire Insurance Co.
CAPITAL, $100,000,
Office, 2635 CARSON ST., Pittsburgh.

People's Insurance Company
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, N. E. CORNER WOOD STREET AND FIFTH AVENUE.

Manufacturers and Merchants' INSURANCE COMPANY,
87 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
CAPITAL $250,000.

Western Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH,
INCORPORATED APRIL, 1849.
CAPITAL, $250,000.
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

Monongahela Insurance Co,
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED, 1854.
Cash Capital, $175,000.

Citizens' Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office—No. 133 Smithfield street, second door from Fifth Avenue.

"OLD RELIABLE"
Franklin Fire Ins. Co, of Philad'a,
INCORPORATED 1829.
CASH ASSETS $3,500,000.
COFFIN, KELLOG & CO., Agents,
Corner Third avenue and Wood streets, Pittsburgh.

WINES, LIQUORS, &C.

SETH WILMOT. FRANK H. WHITE.
WILMOT, WHITE & CO.,
Imported Wines and Liquors,
No. 153 WYLIE AVENUE,
Cor. Elm Street, PITTSBURGH.

B. H. LUBBERS,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Foreign and Domestic
Wines and Liquors,
No. 386 Fifth Avenue Extension,

STATIONERY!
Bankers, Manufacturers, Merchants, Etc.
KERNS & HORNER,

I. W. GRUBBS,
COAL AND NUT COAL.

...AGUE
...eet,
...ILEGES.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

MONDAY EVENING, June 29, 1874.

[illegible]

...w York Stock Exchange, or responsible parties:

June 15, 1874	Puts. Below Market.	Calls. Above Market.
Gold, 30 days for $50	¼@ ⅜	¼@ ¾
Gold, 60 days for $100	at m'kt	at m'kt
Western U. Telegraph	1¼@2¼	2 @2¼
Pacific Mail	2 @2½	2 @2½
N. Y. Central & Hudson	1¼@2	2 @2½
Harlem	2½@3	3 @4
Erie	2½@3	3 @3½
Lake Shore	2 @3	2¼@3½
Northwestern	2 @2¼	2½@3½
Rock Island	1¼@2½	2 @3
M. & St. Paul	1½@2	2 @3
Wabash	1½@2½	2¼@3
Ohio & Mississippi	1½@2	2 @2¼
Union Pacific	1 @1½	2 @2½
Hannibal & St. Joseph	2 @2½	2½@3
C., C. & I. C.	1½@2	2½@3

Our commission buying puts or calls—every 100 shares $6 25

Our commission buying straddles—every 100 shares 12 50

—The following table shows the prices of gold, government bonds, railway stocks, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day. Furnished by the St. Clair Banking Company, No. 16 Sixth street:

June 29, 1874.	10:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	12:30 P. M.	1:30 P. M.	2:30 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
Gold	111	111	111	111	111	111
U. S. 6's, 1881	117¾	117	....	....	117	....
U. S. 6's, 1881, coup	121⅝	122	....	....	121¾	....
5-20's, 1862	114⅜	114¼	....	....	114⅜	....
5-20's, 1864	117	117	....	....	116⅞	....
5-20's, 1865	117⅞	117⅜	....	....	117⅝	....
5-20's, 1865, new	120½	120⅛	....	....	120⅜	....
5-20's, 1867	120⅞	120⅝	....	....	121	....
5-20's, 1868	120⅞	120¾	....	....	120⅞	....
10-40's	113⅞	114	....	....	....	....
10-40's, coupons	114	114	....	....	....	....
Currency 6's	115½	115½	....	....	115½	....
New 5 per cent	114	....	....	....	....	....
Registered, 1867	116⅝	116½	....	....	116	....
Western Union Tel	74⅝	75⅛	75⅝	75⅜	75¼	75
Pacific Mail	44⅝	44⅝	45⅞	45⅝	45⅝	45
Adams Express	....	107¼	....	107½	....	....
Wells-Fargo Express	....	80	....	80	....	....
American Express	....	60¼	....	60¼	....	....
United States Express	....	70	....	70⅝	....	....
New York Central	101	100⅜	100⅞	....	100¼	100½
Erie	31½	32⅜	33¼	33⅜	33	33
Michigan Central	....	76	....	76	....	....
Michigan Southern	76½	77⅛	77⅜	77¼	77	76½
Illinois Central	....	99	....	99½	....	....
Cleve. and Pitts	87½	87⅝	....	....	....	....
Chicago & Northw'n	43⅞	44⅜	44⅞	44	44⅜	43⅝
Do. preferred	....	60⅛	61⅛	61⅜	....	61⅛
Rock Island	101⅞	101¾	102⅛	102⅜	102	101⅞
St. Paul, common	39⅞	40⅞	41½	....	40¼	40⅛
Do preferred	....	59⅝	....	60	....	....
Wabash, common	36½	37⅞	39⅜	38⅜	38½	38¼
Fort Wayne	....	93⅛	....	93⅞	....	....
Ohio and Mississippi	25⅞	....	....	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜
Union Pacific	28⅛	28⅜	29⅞	28⅛	28⅛	28
Chicago and Alton	....	103½	....	103	....	....
Boston, Hart & Erie	....	....	....	1	....	....
Harlem	....	124	....	125	....	....
Hannibal & St. Joe	....	....	....	28⅝	28½	27⅜
C. C. & I. C.	....	....	19⅛	....	19⅛	19¼
Money	....	....	3	....	....	....
Tenn. State bonds, old	....	80	....	....	80	....
Do, new	....	80	....	....	80½	....
Missouri 6's	....	97½	....	....	....	....

GENERAL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, MONDAY, June 29, 1874.

The week opened on a market showing a moderate degree of activity in most of its branches. The grain market was rather dull, and little was done in round lots. Flour was more active. There was a moderate movement in groceries, while in country produce the trade was almost exclusively confined to fruits and green truck. The provision trade continues steady and unchanged.

The *Echo Agricole* gives a general review of the crop situation in Europe, which we find condensed as follows: Great Britain will have an average yield: Belgium and Holland have no reason to complain, and the cereals look well. In Southern Germany the rye crop has been injured, but the general aspect of the crops was good. In Austria-Hungary some provinces have suffered pretty severely; but the wheat crop is placed at 75 per cent. In addition to this, news from Southern Russia is very favorable.

The following are the receipts of the leading articles of produce in this city, since our last:

Flour, bbls	760	Cheese, bxs	391
Corn, sks	170	Wheat, sks	115
Oats, sks	3,000	Butter, pks	25
Bacon, pcs	1,449	Bacon, tcs	24

The following quotations are rates realized in wholesale transactions unless otherwise specified. On small sales dealers charge an advance.

GRAIN, FLOUR AND FEED.

GRAIN—The grain market was rather dull to-day with few transactions in round lots. Wheat is unchanged as yet, at $1 35@1 38 for No. 1 red winter; $1 30@1 33 for No. 2; amber and white $1 40@1 45. Corn remains steady at 80@83c for ear; we heard of 84c being offered for a car of prime yellow; shelled 76@78c. Oats are steady and unchanged at 60@62c for white; 58@59 for mixed. Rye remains steady at $1 05 @1 10. Barley is nominal. We note sales of car lots as follows:

1 car No. 1 red winter wheat $1 36
2 cars white oats, in buyer's sacks 60c
1 car ear, mixed 81c

Sales in a jobbing way and to country trade are active at 2@4c above quotations.

FLOUR—Sales in round lots are rather dull. We note the sale of 100 barrels bakers flour at $6 75; 75 do, family, at $7 50. Trade in jobbing lots, is more active. We note prices as follows: St. Louis $9 00@10 00 ⅌ bbl; white winter wheat $7 50@7 75; Minnesota spring wheat $7 00 @7 25; Wisconsin $6 75; red winter $7 25 @7 50; rye flour $6 00; Graham flour $7 25@7 50; corn meal $3 50; oat meal $7 25@8 00 ⅌ bbl. Prices of city mills flour are as follows: No. 1 white wheat flour $8 30 ⅌ bbl; No. 1 red wheat $7 60; No. 2 red wheat $7 30; in sacks 30c off per bbl.

HAY AND STRAW—We quote at $23 00@24 00 ⅌ ton from store, and $20 00 on the wharf. Wagon hay on the Allegheny hay market was quoted at $27 00@28 00 for No. 1 timothy; No. 2, $23 00@24 00; common to good $20 00 @21 00. Straw is quoted at $15 00@17 00 ⅌ ton.

MILL FEED—The market is steady and prices firm. We quote bran at $1 05@1 10 ⅌ cwt.; middlings $1 50@1 60; oil meal $1 90@2 00; chopped feed $1 75@1 85 ⅌ cwt.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—The market remains decidedly in buyers favor. We note the sales of 315 packages, at 14c ⅌ pound. Quotations range from that figure up to 17c for choice yellow, and from 10@13c for inferior grades.

BEANS—Prime white navy beans are quoted at $2 60@2 65; medium $2 45@2 50; fair to good $2 25@2 35.

BEESWAX—We quote white wax at 38@40c; yellow 34@35c: dark 30@32c ⅌ ℔.

APPLE BUTTER—Prime 80c ⅌ gal; fair to good 60@70c.

CHICKENS—Live, spring 60@65c; old 70@75c ⅌ pair as to size—market good.

CHEESE—The market for cheese continues tolerably active but prices are ½c lower than last week. We quote Ohio factory at 13@13½c Western Reserve dairy 11@12c.

DRIED SWEET CORN—Quotations are given at 9@10c ⅌ ℔.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples, choice new are quoted at 11@12c ⅌ ℔; choice peaches 13c ⅌ ℔; mixed 7 @10c; blackberries, choice, 22c.

EGGS—Are in good supply and selling freely at 16@17c. Some dealers are holding at 18c but we hear of no sales at that price.

FEATHERS—Are quoted as follows: No. 1 ⅌ ℔ 73c; No. 2 ⅌ ℔ 60c.

HOPS—The market is very dull, with little trade of any sort. We quote growth of 1872 at 25@35c ⅌ ℔; old stock 10@15c ⅌ ℔.

HONEY—Clover 35c ⅌ ℔; buckwheat blossom 25c.

HOMINY—Quotations are at $5 00 ⅌ bbl.

ONIONS—Bermudas $2 50@2 75 ⅌ box.

POTATOES—Old potatoes are practically out of the market, as there is no inquiry for them. New potatoes are in fair supply at $5 00 ⅌ barrel.

SWEET POTATOES—Are in light supply and small demand at $5 00@5 50 ⅌ barrel.

PROVISIONS.

BACON AND PROVISIONS—There continues to be a steady trade in this line, with quotations unchanged. The receipts last week were rather light, being 6,355 pieces and 952 tierces. Prices are as follows: Canvassed hams, ⅌ ℔, 14½c; shoulders, canvassed, ⅌ ℔, 9½c; breakfast bacon, clear 13c; short rib 12½c; dried beef, canvassed, 17c; beef tongues, ⅌ doz, $7 50; bacon shoulders, ⅌ ℔, 8¼c; rib sides, do, 10¾c; short rib sides, do, 11¼c; clear sides, do, 11¾c; mess pork, ⅌ bbl, $19 50; prime leaf lard, in tierces, ⅌ ℔, 12¼; refined for summer use, in tierces; do, 12¾c; ½ bbls, ds, 13¼c, buckets, do, 13½c; in 3 ℔ caddies, do, 14¼c; in 5 ℔ caddies, do, in 6 ℔ pails, do, 14½c ... pails, do, 15¼c; in 5 ℔ pails, do, 15c;

FISH—Trade is moderately active, especially for new fish, with little done in old. We quote as follows:

No. 1 extra mess mackerel, ⅌ bbl	$31 00	Lake trout	$7 50
No. 1 mess do	26 00	White fish	7 50
Extra No. 1 shore	21 00	Lake herring	5 50
Extra No. 1 bay	18 00	Potomac herring, bbls	6 75
No. 1 bay	17 00	Potomac herring, hlf bbls	3 63
Extra No. 2	16 50	Potomac shad, hlf bbls	7 00
No. 2 bay	15 00	Burling'n herring S. C., 50 in a box	1 75
New No. 3	13 00		
Georges codfish, ⅌ 100	6 50		
Medium do	5 00		

On hlf bbls 32c for extra packing is charged.

CARBON OIL—We quote carbon oil from store at 13 ⅌ gall; in car lots at the usual deduction. Market rather firmer, with a better demand.

COUNTRY BACON—Market active and firm; hams 10@11c ⅌ ℔; clear sides 10@10½c; ribbed sides 8½@9c; shoulders 7@7½c. Country lard 9 @10c, as to quality.

LARD OIL—We quote extra winter strained at 90@92c ⅌ gallon; summer 86@88c; No. 2, 67@72c.

TALLOW—Sales at 7c ⅌ ℔ for prime and 6¼c for medium. Demand good and market firm.

GROCERIES.

The trade in groceries is only moderately active. Coffees and sugars are firm but unchanged. We quote as follows:

Green Coffees. ⅌ ℔.		Oolong	25 @ 85
Fancy	25½c	Fancy	$1 00
Choice	24½c	Souchong	25 @ 85
Prime	23 c	*Molasses.* ⅌ gal.	
Good	22 c	Strictly chce N. O	@88c
Java	33 c	Good	@83c
Roasted Coffees.		Prime	@85c
Rio, in papers	29 c	Demerara	65@70c
Loose	28½c	*Syrups.*	
Roasted Java	40 c	Ex. white drips	@75c
Sugars.		Sugar drips	@65c
Standard A	10½c	Lower grades	45@50c
Standard B	10⅜c	*Rice.* ⅌ ℔.	
Standard C	10¼c	Choice Carolina	9@9½c
Standard hards	11⅜c	Patna	8@8½c
Franklin extra	9½c	Rangoon	@ 8c
American extra C	9¾c	*Raisins.*	
Tea.		Layers, ⅌ box	$3 25
Young Hyson	50c@$1 00	Valentias, ⅌ ℔	13@14c
Gunpowder	50c@$1 25	Currants	7½@ 8c
Imperial	50c@$1 00	Prunes	13½@14c
Japan	55c@$1 00		

MISCELLANEOUS.

ASHES—Soda ashes, refined 4¼@4¾c; common 3½@4c: black lead 5c; arsenic 5c; potash 9c; pearls 10c.

ALES—X $9 00 ⅌ bbl; XX $10 00 ⅌ bbl; India ale $11 00 ⅌ bbl; Bass' English ale, in kilderkins of 22 gal, $24 00@25 00; bbls, 41 gals, $40 00@41 00; hhds, 68 gals, $62 50@65 00; in cases, 4 doz bottles, $20 75.

BROOMS—We quote as follows: Common $1 75 @2 00 ⅌ dozen; medium $2 25@2 50; good $2 75@ 3 25; choice $3 50@3 75; extra $4 00; carpet brooms $4 00@4 25; whisps $1 50@1 75 ⅌ dozen.

BROOM CORN—In fair demand. We note sales of Harl at 9@10c; green 7@8c; red 5@6c; ⅌ ℔.

BANNER BAKING POWDER—Sales as follows: ¼ ℔ cans $1 50 ⅌ doz; ½-℔ cans $3 00; 1-℔ cans $5 50; 5-℔ cans $26 00; 10-℔ boxes 40c ⅌ ℔.

COTTON GOODS—Anchor A brown cottons, 11c; Eagle, 11c; Idaho, 10½c; Duquesne, 9½c; Magnolia, 9c. Penn Mill A No. 1, 4-4 sheeting at 11c; Nonatook, 10½c; Pittsburgh family, 10c; Juniata B, fine, 9½c; Penn Mill 2 bus bags 35c; do 2½, 40c; do 3 bus bags 50c; white cotton chain 31c; do colored 38c; cotton batting 16c; cotton twine 31c.

CEMENT—Louisville hydraulic cement $2 00@ 2 25 ⅌ bbl; Phœnix hydraulic cement $2 00@2 25 ⅌ bbl; Rosedale cement $3 50@4 00; Youghiogheny $1 75@2 00; Portland cement $7 50@8 00.

CONCENTRATED LYE—Quotations are given at $7 50@8 00.

CRACKERS—We quote as follows: Lemon biscuit at 11; ginger snaps 12c; oysters crackers 6¼c; soda crackers 6¼c; sugar crackers 9@ 9½c; butter crackers 6¼c; water crackers 6¼ ⅌ ℔.

PAPERS—Baling papers 4@8c ⅌ ℔, as to quality; manilla 7@12c; hardware papers [illegible] wrapping 4½@4¾c; felt papers 4[illegible] news, 4@11c; rag, news, 12½[illegible] 15@18c ⅌ ℔.

RISING SUN STOVE P[illegible] Sales made $6 00 ⅌ gross.

RAGS—[illegible] 2½@3c ⅌ ℔ and woolen at ... ½c. ... Cases of 6 dozen, $6 00; hand sapolio, ... of 6 dozen, $5 00.

SALT—Car lots, ⅌ bbl, $1 60, jobbing lots $1 80@1 85.

WHISKY—The market is quiet and steady. We quote highwines at $1 00½ ⅌ gall.

WOOL

[Wo]ol continues to move with a fair activity. [Pri]ces are unchanged in this vicinity, and the [illegible] are of opinion that there will be no [illegible] We quote as [illegible]

[illegible]	50@ c	Fine fleece	42@44c
[illegible]	43@	Medium	40@42c
[illegible]	30@32c	Common fleece	36@[illegible]

[The] *Wheeling R[egister]* ...day has the following: Sprigg S. Jacob, Esq., of Liberty township, informed us on Saturday, that the wool in Ohio county (West Virginia) has pretty much all been sold within the last few days. The price has ranged, he states, at from 50c to 60c—very little having been sold below 50c. Mr. Jacob and his brother sold their clips at 52c; Mr. Ridgely sold his, if we remember rightly, at 60c; George Sawtell, Esq., sold his at 60c, and Mr. N. Bell, of Liberty, got 65c for his clip. These prices are beyond what we were led by our dealers here to understand to rule; and are several cents higher than our quotations of last week. We are gratified that our wool growers have realized so handsomely on their products. In these times when business is dull and money circulates sluggishly, this sudden movement in the wool crop at fair prices, will be "good for the nerves." Since writing the above we have conversed with other wool producers who have sold at figures as high as 60 cents. They inform us that there is still a good deal of wool in the country unsold, and express the belief that the price will advance rather than decline.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, TUESDAY, June 30, 1874.

REMARKS—The market for oil yesterday was quiet, with, however, more strength than for some time past. The week opened with prices ten cents higher than a week previous. There is also a steadier movement in oil, the sales of crude and refined both being somewhat on the increase. Sellers are still inclined to hold their oil, in the belief that higher prices will prevail.

CRUDE.

The market for crude oil was quiet but steady with prices advanced. We quote United at $1 17½@1 20 at river; immediate shipment $1 05; United at wells 90@92½c. Sales as follows are reported from

PARKERS:

2,500 bbls United, at wells .... $ 90
3,000 bbls, United, at wells 92½
2,000 bbls, United, at river 1 17½
2,000 bbls, United at river 1 20

REFINED.

The home refined market is quiet and steady. We quote at 11c for carlots f. o. b. at works.

New York—The market is firm, with refined quoted at 13@13¼c for June and July; August 13½c. Sales of 13,500 barrels are reported at these quotations.

Philadelphia—The market is steady; refined, spot 13@13⅛c; July 13 August 13¼@13⅜c.

OIL BARRELS

quiet and dull; city 55; country $1 50.

TITUSVILLE, June [illegible]—The *Herald* says: The petroleum markets are quiet and unchanged. On the upper road the market was at $1 20@ 1 22½ for spot. At Parker's it was $1 17½@1 20 at river, and 90@92½ at wells for United pipe. The home refined market was 6¼@7c in bulk, and 10½@11c in barrels. Sales:

1,000 bbls. upper road spot $1 20
1,000 bbls. upper road spot 1 22½
2,500 bbls. Parkers, United, at wells 90
3,000 bbls. Parkers, United, at wells 92½
2,000 bbls. Parkers, United, at river 1 17½
2,000 bbls. Parkers, United, at river 1 20

NEW YORK, June 27.—The market is firmer with a moderate inquiry. Crude in bulk 5¼@5⅜c; shipping [illegible]; refined 13¼@13½c June and July; cases 1[illegible]; naptha 7¼@7½c; sales of 2,500 barrels refined, vessels, to be ready July 10th, was sold at 13; 5,000 do, July 15th, at 13½c; 3,000 do, first half July, 13¾c; 3,000 do, first half of August, [illegible]c. Philadelphia delivery quiet and firm; refined 13¼c June and July.

PETROLEUM CENTRE, June 29.—The market is quiet and unchanged.

TIDIOUTE, June [illegible]—The market is unchanged at 87½c.

OIL CITY, June [illegible]—The market is stronger; $1 20 bid, with no sellers.

TITUSVILLE, June 29.—The market is very quiet and steady with no sales; quotations are nominally $1 20@22½.

PARKERS, June [illegible]—United 90c at wells; immediate shipment $1 05.

PHILADELPHIA, June 29.—The market is steady: S. W. [illegible]13½c; crude 8¾@9c in bbls: cases 17½c; sales none; futures, July 13½c; August 13¾@13⅞.

Crude Oil Received by A. V. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
L W Young	Citizens O W	634
Owners	Citizens O W	160
McKelvey	Vesta O W	314
McKelvey	Hutchinson O W	80
McKelvey	Cosmos O W	456
Duncan	Cosmos O W	320
Wm Stewart	Penn O W	80
Stevenson	Central O W	477
Total		2,441

Refined Oil Shipped East by A. V. R. R.

WEST PENN JUNCTION, June 29, 1874.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
J Spear	J B Tilford & Co, Phila	100
J Spear	Emil Schalk & Co, Phila	200
Standard O	Warden, F. & Co., Phila	416
Standard O	Warden, F & Co, Phila	52
Standard O	Warden, F & Co, Phila	364
Citizens Oil	Tack Bros, Phila	364
J A McKee	J B Tilford & Co, Phila	300
Braun	Waring Bros, Phila	350
Livingston Bros	Warden, F & Co, Phila	350
L Irwin	Waring Bros, Phila	468
King & Goodwin	Emil Schalk, Phila	150
Wormser, M Co	J P Logan, Phila	100
Central O	J P Logan, Phila	261
Central O	J P Logan, Phila	153
Vesta O W	Waring Bros, Phila	100
Vesta O W	W L Elkins, Phila	100
Total		3,718

ALLEGHENY LIVE STOCK MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, MONDAY, June 29, 1874.

REMARKS—The run of cattle to-day and offered for sale at the Allegheny drove yards was, if anything heavier than that of the last week. The quality of the stock offered was much the same as that of last week, their being some fine choice tops, but the great bulk of the offerings were composed of fair to medium stock, with a heavy sprinkling of grassers and scallawags. With regard to sheep there was again a perfect inundation, the number offering not falling short of 1,700 head against 1,600 last week. Owing to the extreem warm weather the run of hogs has again proved light, not being over [illegible]0 head. Indeed, so far as the Allegheny market is concerned, the trade in fresh pork seems to be played out.

STATE OF THE MARKET.

So far we could ascertain, the market to-day was largely in buyers' favor. Particularly was this the case with regard to sheep, which could be bought all the way up from $1 00 to $5 00. There were a large number of fine lambs offered which found a better market at $1 50@3 per head. Cattle, although the offerings were heavy, were taken by the the local butchers at fair rates, and but few were left unsold in the pens.

RUN OF STOCK.

We omit our usual statement of stock received by rail, giving but the aggregate, with a comparison of last week. The receipts of cattle by rail and driven in, would aggregate about [illegible] head; last week some 500 head. The number of sheep this week footed up about 1,700 against 1,600 last week. So far as hogs were concerned the number on sale this week was very small, not being over 100, including all varieties.

Sales of Stock.

Below will be found a brief statement of the sales of cattle, sheep and hogs made this morning at the Allegheny stock yards. Before giving these it may be well to say that the market was satisfactory to buyers of stock, who purchased at their own prices, whilst the usual amount of grumbling was heard on the part of the sellers, who claimed that they were losing money. We may add that the market was represented as being off at least 25c ⅌ cwt. on cattle, hogs and sheep.

CATTLE.

Extra prime tops	$6 90@7 00
Prime 1,200 to 1,300 ℔s	6 50@6 75
Good 1,100 to 1,200 ℔s	5 25@6 60
Grassers and scalawags	4 50@5 75

SHEEP.

Extra 90 to 100 ℔s	$4 75@5 25
Good, 80 to 90 ℔s	4 50@5 00
Fair, 70 to 80 ℔s	4 25@5 50
Scalawags	1 50@3 00

HOGS.

Heavy fat hogs (few on sale)	$6 00@6 20
Light and smooth	6 20@6 80
Common stock	4 60@5 00

LAMBS.

Extra fine lambs, per head	$3 00@3 50
Lesser weights	1 50@2 50

MILCH COWS.

Extra good milkers	45 00@50 00
Fair to good	30 00@35 00
Inferior	25 00@30 00

Horses and Mules.

So far as we know there was neither horse nor mule received at the yards to-day. If there were any such they were promptly shipped East, and we have no account of them.

Yard Removal.

There is still some talk of the removal of the Allegheny cattle yard, from its present location to some more eligiable and less objectionable locality. Just where that locality is we are not authorized to state, but the gentlemen having the matter in hand will, if they are compelled to *vamoose* the present ranche find a convenient abiding place.

IRON MARKETS

BOSTON.

June 27.—The market continues dull and [pric]es are almost wholly nominal. The mail advices from abroad indicate a firmer tone to [E]nglish pig, but the stock is so very heavy, with collieries piling up higher and higher [th]eir output of coal, that the Staffordshire [m]akers anticipate a break in coals to start a [b]usiness. The ten shilling advance in Scotch [a]nd h[eld] strong, but no orders for American [illegible] been laid on the new basis. We [h]ave a[n] arrival here of 700 tons Eglinton [per] John Brown, going into store. Lots were offered out of this at $38 00, but there were no buyers. This is about all the stock in the market. The stock of Coltness is less than 300 tons. [Of Ame]rican pig there is a stock of about 500 [t]ons, sufficient in view of the meagre business [for] the month out. The steamer Canada of [the reg]ular New York National Line landed [her car]go railroad iron at Portland for the [Portla]nd and Ogdensburgh Railroad. They [were tak]en at Liverpool at a specially low rate, [the frei]ghts to New York being insufficient to [induce] the last. [At] the auction sale of the Boston and Maine [foundry] property on Tuesday the stoves and [hollo]ware were knocked down at about [illegible] per cent. under the ruling wholesale [rates, w]hile 51 tons No. 1 American pig was [bid from] Wigan to $28 50, and knocked off to [illegible] $29 00. The property itself, building [and lot]s, brought $20,500. [We qu]ote yard lots of American pig iron at [$3]9 00 ⅌ ton, including No. 2 extra at [$38] 00, and No. 1 at $37 00@40 00. We quote [Eglinton] at $38 00@40 00, Coltness at $45 00@ [and ch]arcoal at $45 00@55 00.—*Commercial Bul[letin].*

Gloucester Fish Market.

For the week ending June 26th.

[Georges] Codfish—No change from last week's [quotatio]ns, market remaining quiet, with light [receipts; $]4 ⅌ qtl. Bank are selling at $3 36@ [illegible] to quality.

[Mack]erel—Shore continue in good receipt. [We no]te last sales of No. 2 at $9 00 ⅌ bbl; $7 50@8 00; mediums $5 50@6 00 ⅌ bbl.

Halibut—In light receipt. Last sales [were] at $7 00 ⅌ cwt. for white and $3 00 for [gray].

[Smok]ed Halibut—9@9½c ⅌ ℔.

[Oil, C]od, 60c per gallon.—*Cape Ann Adver[tiser].*

[N]ew York Dry Goods Market.

[NEW] YORK, June 29.—The dry goods business [was som]ewhat checked by the intensely warm [weathe]r, but a fair aggregate amount of staple and woolen fabrics was distributed by [agents.] Heavy fancy cassimeres and worsted [coatings we]re more active by the package. Brown [and m]edium bleached cottons in steady demand and firm. Colored cottons and prints quiet. Foreign goods dull.

Nashville Market.

[NASH]VILLE, June 29.—Cotton 14¾@15⅜. Flour quiet at $5 50@7 50. Corn steady at 88¼@85c. Oats [illegible]5@68c. Lard 12c. Bulk shoulders 7⅞c; sides 10¼@10½c. Bacon—shoulders 8½c; sides [illegible] Sugar-cured hams 13½c, all packed. Whisky at 99c.

Memphis Market.

[illegible]

New York Finance and Trade.

Gold Closed at 111.

NEW YORK, June 29, 1874.

MONEY.

Money active, closed at 5 per cent.

STERLING.

Sterling, 487¾@488 for 60 days, and 490@490½ for sight. Prime commercial paper 6½ per cent.

GOLD

opened at 111⅛, but all sales of the day were at 111. Carrying rates 1 per cent. Borrowing 1 1-64 to flat. Treasury disbursements $12,000. Customs receipts $315,000.

GOVERNMENTS.

Government bonds a shade lower, closing as follows:

U. S. coupons, 1881	121⅞	5-20s, 1867	120⅝
5-20s, 1862	114	5-20s, 1868	121⅜
5-20s, 1864	117⅝	10-40s	114
5-20s, 1865	117¾	New 5s	114
5-20s, 1865, new	120⅜	Currency 6s	115½

STATE BONDS.

State bonds quiet, closing as follows:

Missouri 6s	97	Virginia, old	30½
Tennessee, old	80¼	North Carolina, old	18
Tennessee, new	80½	N'th Carolina, new	10
Virginia, new	32		

THE STOCK MARKET

opened active and advanced early in the day 1@3½ per cent. in the whole list. This advance caused heavy realizations which, with the advance in money, caused a reaction from the highest point of ¼@2 per cent. At the close the market was steady. The following were the sales of the most active stocks: Western Union 40,000 shares, Pacific Mail 20,000, Erie 39,600, Lake Shore 76,000, Union Pacific 38,000, Northwestern 12,000, Rock Island 8,000, St. Paul 17,000, and Wabash 39,000. The market closed as follows:

Canton	57	Do preferred	59½
W. U. Telegraph	75	Wabash	38
Quicksilver	23¼	do preferred	65
Adams Express	107¼	Ft. Wayne	93⅞
Wells, Fargo & Co	80	Terre Haute	7
American Ex	60¼	do preferred	25
U. S. Express	70½	Chicago & Alton	103
Pacific Mail	44⅝	do preferred	106
N. Y. Central	100¼	Ohio & Mississippi	26
Erie	32⅞	Clev. Col. & Cin	76⅝
Do preferred	48	Panama	19¼
Harlem	125½	Illinois Central	99
Do preferred	125	Union Pacific	27⅞
Michigan Central	76¼	Central Pacific	93½
P. Ft. W. & C	87⅞	Union	87½
Northwestern	43⅞	Hartford & Erie	1
Do preferred	61½	Delaware & Lac	109⅝
Rock Island	101⅝	Lake Shore	76⅞
New Jersey Cent'l	107⅞	Bankers' bills	488½
St. Paul	40¼		

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, June 29, 1874.

FLOUR—Dull and nominal.

GRAIN—Wheat dull and declining; No. 1 spring $1 21; No. 2, $1 16¼ cash; $1 16⅞ seller July; $1 09 seller August; No. 3, $1 09@1 10; rejected 99½c. Corn—demand fair and prices advanced; No. 2 mixed 60⅝c cash; 60c seller July; 60⅝c seller August; rejected 57@57½c; high mixed 61@61¾c. Oats steady and in moderate demand; No. 2, 44½c cash; 41@41½c seller July; 33c seller August. Rye quiet; No. 1, 84c. Barley dull and nominal; No. 1, quoted at $1 18@ 1 25.

PROVISIONS—Pork—demand active and prices advanced at opening, dull and lower at close: $16 75 cash; $17 60 seller July; $17 85 seller August. Lard steady at 10½c cash or seller July. Bulk meats quiet and unchanged.

LATEST—On the open board in the afternoon wheat was a shade easier; $1 16¾ seller July; $1 09¼ seller August. Corn a shade firmer at 60⅞@61c cash; 61c July. Provisions inactive and unchanged.

New York Live Stock Market.

NEW YORK, June 29.—Beeves—Receipts 5,170 head; making 10,400 head for the week against 9,000 head last week. Quality mixed with too many common Texans. The demand is very moderate and market dull, closing weak at a decline of ¼@¾c, compared with last week. The poorest cattle are suffering most; some of the worst Texans were taken out of the market; sales at 6½@11c for poor to good Texans and native steers. Among the transactions were 14 cars Illinois steers, 6¾ cwt, at 11@12c; 14 cars do, 7@8¼ cwt, 11¾@12½c; 6 cars do 6¼ cwt, 11c; 2 cars do, 6 cwt, 10¾c; 2 cars 5¾ cwt, 10½c; 6 cars 8¼ cwt, 12¾c; 5 cars, 7 cwt, 12½c; 8 cars, 7¼ cwt, 11½@ 13c; 4 cars, 7½ cwt, 12c; 10 cars 7½ cwt, 11¾c; 10 cars, 10¾ cwt, 12½c; 5 cars Kentucky steers, 8¾ cwt, 12@12½c; 5 cars do, 8 cwt, 12¼c; 3 cars Texans 5¼ cwt, 7½c; 12 cars do, 5¾ cwt, 8½@ 9½c; 13 cars Texas stillers 6¼ cwt, 11c, and 6 cars poor Texans, 4¼ cwt, 6¾@7½c.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts yesterday and to-day 6,800 head, making 26,200 head for the week, against 21,500 head last week. The market is very dull and weak at 4@5½c for sheep, and 6@9c for lambs, a decline of ¼@½c from last Friday. The sales include 1 car Ohio sheep, 95 ℔s, 5c; 6 cars do, 90 ℔s, 5¼@5½c; 2 cars do, 82 ℔s, 4½c; 1 car do, 92 ℔s, 5c; 1 car State lambs, 63 ℔s, at 9c, and 2 cars Kentucky lambs, 58 ℔s, 7¼ @7½c.

Swine—Receipts yesterday and to-day 10,520 head; making 30,270 head for the week, against 31,480 head for last week. Live hogs in demand at 5¾@6½c; dressed steady and firm at 7¾@ 7⅞c.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, June 29.—Cotton dull at 17⅝c. Flour dull and lower; superfine western and State $5 00@5 50; common to good, $5 90@6 15; good to choice $6 30@6 50; extra Ohio $6 15@ 11 00. Wheat heavy and lower; No. 2 spring $1 35½@1 36; No. 2 Milwaukee $1 38@1 40; No. 1 spring $1 43. Rye dull at $1 07@1 14. Barley nominal. Malt quiet. Corn heavy and lower; Western mixed 78@80½c; yellow 80@80½c. Oats heavy and lower; mixed western 68@62; white 64@66c. Hay and hops unchanged. Coffee firm at 19½@22½c. Sugar steady. Molasses and rice quiet. Petroleum dull and easier; crude 5½c; refined 13c. Turpentine steady at 36c. Eggs firm at 18@20c. Pork firmer at $18 62½ cash. Beef quiet; prime mess tierces 20@22c; India 24. Cut meats quiet; shoulders in bulk 7c; smoked hams 14@14½c. Middles steady at 10¼@10½c. Lard firmer; steam 11¼@11 9-16c. Butter steady at 14@25c. Cheese heavy at 11@ 14c. Whisky steady at 99c.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, June 29.—Wheat quiet with a declining tendency; Ohio and Indiana $1 35@1 36; Western spring $1 30@1 34. Corn weaker at 79 @81½c. Oats firmer; Western mixed 58@60c; white 61@65c. Rye dull. Flour quiet and unchanged. Provisions quiet and firm. Pork $18 50. Bulk shoulders 7@7¼c; sides 9¼@9½c. Bacon—shoulders 7¾@8c; sides 10¼@11c. Sugar cured hams 16c. Lard 11½c. Butter strong and market bare at 20@22c. Coffee strong and unchanged. Whisky 98@99c.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, June 29.—Cotton dull at 17½c. Flour dull at $5 80@6 15. Wheat quiet at $1 20 @1 23. Corn dull at 63@65c. Oats dull at 47@55c. Rye steady at 90c. Barley dull and nominal. Pork, lard and bacon quiet and unchanged. Bulk meats quiet; shoulders 6⅞c; clear rib sides small sales at 9c; generally held higher; clear sides 9⅞c. Whisky steady and in moderate demand at 94c.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, June 29.—Flour quiet at $4 00@4 50; State, Ohio and Indiana extra family $6 50@7 00. Wheat dull; red $1 40; amber $1 55@1 57. Rye 95c@$1 00. Corn quiet and weak at 81@82c. Oats dull at 65@67c. Butter and cheese unchanged. Eggs advancing; Western 22@23c. Refined petroleum 13c. Whisky 98½c.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, June 29.—Cotton quiet at 16⅞c. Flour, wheat and corn quiet and unchanged. Oats dull at 55@62c. Rye dull at 85c. Pork quiet at $18 25. Bacon dull at 7¾@10⅝@ 10¾c. Sugar cured hams 13½c; plain 12½c. Bulk meats dull and lower at 6⅞@9⅞@9⅞c. Lard 12¼@12¾c. Whisky 94c.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, June 29.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat steady and in moderate demand; No. 2 white Wabash $1 50; No. 1 white Michigan $1 46; No. 2 red, $1 24; No. 3 do, $1 20. Corn a shade higher; high mixed, 65c; seller July, 65½c; seller August 65⅝c; seller September 66c; no grade 61¾@62c; damaged 53c. Oats quiet; No. 1, 56c.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, June 29.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat steady and in moderate demand; No. 1 Milwaukee $1 22½; No. 2, $1 20⅞. Corn—demand fair and prices advanced; No. 2 mixed 60⅝c. Oats—demand good at 44½c. Rye lower; No. 1, 88@90c. Barley dull and nominal; No. 3, 85c.

Oswego Market.

OSWEGO, June 29.—Wheat quiet; extra white Michigan unchanged; No. 1 Milwaukee $1 40@ 1 41. Corn dull at 74c.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

DATE OF DEPARTURE FROM NEW YORK.

Montana .... June 30 .... Liverpool.
Russia .... July 1 .... Liverpool.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A., PITTSBURGH, June 29, 1874.

The following is the daily report of the stage of water, with changes in the twenty-four hours ending 3 P. M.

STATIONS.	ABOVE L'W W'R. Ft.	In.	CHANGE — OR † Ft.	In.	DIREC'T'N OF WIND.	STATE OF WEATHER.
Brownsvil'*	1	8	—0	1	W.	Cloudy.
Brunswick	8	9	..	..	N. E.	Fair.
Cairo	14	8	—0	8	W.	Threat'g.
Cincinnati	6	8	—0	3	N. W.	Clear.
Confluence*	0	4	..	..	S. W.	Fair.
Evansville	4	5	..	..	W.	Cloudy.
Helena	19	4	..	..	E.	Cloudy.
Freeport*	3	1	..	..	N. W.	Cloudy.
Hermann	9	3	—0	2	N. E.	Clear.
Jeffers'n Cy	9	9	—0	8	S. W.	H'vy rain.
Kansas City	12	11	—0	5	N. E.	Fair.
Keokuk	5	8	0	0	N. W.	Fair.
Leavenw'th	7	5	—0	1	S.	Fair.
Little Rock	4	2	—0	2	N. W.	Cloudy.
Louisville	4	9	†0	1	W.	Fair.
Marietta	3	7	..	..	N. W.	Fair.
Memphis	13	2	—0	7	N. W.	Fair.
Nashville	1	7	0	0	N. W.	Fair.
N. Geneva*	3	0	..	..	W.	Threat'g.
Oil City	0	6	—0	1	W.	Fair.
Pittsburgh	1	11	—0	1	W.	Fair.
Shreveport	14	8	—0	4	N. W.	Fair.
St. Joseph	9	9	—0	2	E.	Fair.
St. Louis	14	10	0	0	W.	Fair.
Vicksburg	22	8	—0	2	S. W.	Clear.
Morgant'n	0	7	0	0	S.	Clearing.

*Surface of water below bench mark.

GEORGE H. ROHE, Observer, Signal Service, U. S. A.

Greensboro, Pa.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

GREENSBORO, PA., June 29, 1874.

River stationary with 2 feet of water in the channel. Weather cloudy at 4 P. M.

Brownsville, Pa.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BROWNSVILLE, PA., June 29, 1874.

River stationary at about 4 feet 8 inches. Weather clear; thermometer 78 at 6 P. M.

Wheeling, W. Va.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WHEELING, W. VA., June 29, 1874.

Weather clear and hot. River 3 feet 9 inches and falling. Departed—Science, for Parkersburg.

For Additional Dispatches see Fourth page

STEAM BOILERS

We hereby notify the public that M. W. HAZELTON is no longer an Agent of ours, and his acts will not be recognized by us.

All parties Manufacturing or using FEED WATER HEATERS will do well to look to their interest before purchasing Heaters infringing on us, as all will be held strictly accountable for infringments, and no other party or parties have patents on same. For information apply to GEO. H. STOVER & CO., 75 Water street, Agents, and E. A. MONTOOTH, Attorney, Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE WAT[ERS PATENT] HEATER CO.

[illegible]

J. WILCOX, President.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

Geneva .... M. A. Cox .... Geneva.
Elector .... Abrams .... Geneva.

Departed.

E. Bennett .... Donaldson .... Geneva.
Elector .... Abrams .... Geneva.

MONONGAHELA—Two feet one inch, and about at a stand.

Boats Advertised to Depart.

Brownsville and Geneva—Morning boat, 8 A. M.; evening, 4 P. M.

THE marks last evening indicated two feet one inch and about at a stand. Navigation to the lower ports is suspended. The water is the lowest this season.

THE towboat Tom Rees will be sold this morning by the Marshal.

THE weather continues melting hot. We are in the midst of the heated term and no mistake.

THE ship John Watt, 1,166 tons, of Bath, for Cronstadt, has been sold to Capt. Deshon, of Boston, for $35,000. She is fifteen years old.

THE brig Georgia has been chartered to load 200,000 feet of Lumber at Pascagoula for St. Thomas, and is to receive $12, gold, per M feet.

THE Philadelphia *Price-Current* says: There are forty-five vessels at present at the different oil yards, loading and waiting to load Petroleum for European ports.

THE British ship Eliza Everett, to arrive at Philadelphia from Sandy Hook, will load refined Oil here for the Continent, Dutch ports excluded. Her capacity is 5,900 bbls.

THE American bark Joseph Baker, now in port loading refined Petroleum for the Mediterranean, will load Dried Fruit at Malaga for Philadelphia, for which voyage $2,500 will be paid.

THE boats on the slackwater arrive and depart on time, having ample water. The hours of departure are 8 A. M. and 4 P. M. For all necessary information call on Capt. A. S. Carlile, on the wharf boat.

THE Belmont steam yacht, to run between the Falls and Fairmont, made a successful trial trip on Saturday. Another is in course of construction to run from Fairmont to the new Zoological Garden.

CAPTAIN MORGAN, of the Telegraph, reports a brick-boat stuck at Straight River, below Gallipolis, and some towboat working to get it off; also two coal-boats at Eight Mile grounded by the Kanawha Belle.

THE iron screw steamer Allentown, 1,300 tons, built for the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company by W. Cramp & Sons, was launched from the yard, at foot of Norris street, on Wednesday morning last.

PHILADELPHIA.—Five hundred tons of coal are to be shipped by the Government to the Norfolk navy yard, and the schooners A. H. Leaming, T. J. Seward, and David McQuinn have been chartered for that purpose.

THE splendid passenger steamer Andes, Capt. Muhleman, takes her departure from Bellair for Cincinnati this day on the arrival of the 1:28 P. M. train from this city. The Andes is an A No. 1 boat in all respects, and is in charge of careful and attentive officers.

A STEAMER called the Swataratan ran from St Louis to the Ohio river in 1846 and 7, and sunk above Cairo, proving a total loss in the spring of 1848. An old Nebraska settler writes about having traveled from Virginia to St. Louis in this boat in 1846, and then walking to a point called Hogthief bend on the Missouri.

THE Cincinnati *Enquirer* says: Captain Wash Honshell, Superintendent of the Cincinnati, Big Sandy and Pomeroy Packet Company, has chartered the Emma Graham, R. W. Skillinger and Exchange to take the place of the Huntington railroad packets Fleetwood and Bostona. All the boats chartered are being put in complete order, and will be ready for business as soon as the side-wheels go to the bank.

THE six largest steamers in the world are the Great Eastern (owned by the International telegraph company), 678 feet long, 77 feet broad; the City of Pekin (Pacific mail steamship company), 6,000 tons, 423 feet long and 48 feet broad; the Liguria (Pacific steamship navigation company), 4,820 tons, 460 feet long, 45 feet broad; the Brittanic (White Star), 4,750 tons, 455 feet long, 45 broad; the City of Richmond (Inman), 4,600 tons, 453½ feet long, and 43 beam; Bothnia (Cunard), 4,500 tons 455 feet long and 42½ broad.

Old Time Boating.

We clip the following advertisement from the Cincinnati *Liberty Hall*, a semi-weekly paper published in 1822:

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

The fast running steamboat PARAGON.

W. Noble, master, will arrive at Shippingport on or about the 1st, and depart from the above place on Sunday, the 6th of April. Should the river not be high enough for her to cross the falls and take in her cargo at this place, freight will be received here, and conveyed to her at Shippingport in flatboats. For freight or passage apply on board, or to WM. M'LAUGHLIN. For Wm. Noble.

CINCINNATI, March 22, 1822.

Wm. Noble was well known to all of our old citizens as an old-time merchant. Wm. M'Laughlin was his clerk for several years, and died in Cincinnati a few weeks since. The Paragon was the first boat built here, of any size. She plied between Cincinnati and New Orleans before the Louisville and Portland canal was built. The Paragon was the first boat built at Cincinnati by Wm. Parsons.

Saturated Steam.

Suppose a boiler contained equal quantities of water and steam, the water at 335 degrees, or 120 lbs to the inch, the steam above it, so highly charged as to melt lead, 612 degrees; the moment the safety-valve or throttle be opened so as to permit so much of the water to rise and unite with the steam as to make it *saturated* or *elastic*, which could not possibly reduce the united mass below 473 degrees, the mean of the two sums named, or 525 lbs to the inch, as per Haswell. That on opening a valve a sufficient quantity of water would flush up into the highly heated steam, so as to fully saturate it, can readily be supposed. Hence we can account for the bursting of boilers and collapsing of flues, almost without exception, being just after *starting the engine*.

Some engineers speak of *burning* the steam or *killing it*, or destroying its elasticity; that they can *smell* this burning, and when it takes place, it is time to look out for danger. This is arriving very nearly at the truth of the matter, without pointing out the causes.

With the water that suplies the boilers there is always incorporated more or less atmospheric air: when iron is heated above 382 degrees (or the repulsive point) it imbibes the oxygen of this air and permits the heated nitrogen with which it was incorporated to escape; this causes the peculiar smell; it is not the decomposition o the water, as that would not take place until the heated metal would acquire a white heat.—Franklin Institute.

RECEIPTS OF MERCHANDISE.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad.

John Hayne, 3 cars stone; P Scanlon, 3 do do; I & T P Co, 1 do clay; T Rourke, 1 car curbstones; W W Wallace, 4 grate fronts, 4 grates; R Chnoble, 31 bdls felloes, 2 do axle caps; C Gerwig, 25 felloes; W P Townsend, 43 kgs rivets; Logan, G & Co, 10 bxs handles; I M Moore & Co, 18 bdls felloes; C West, 4 do do, 3 do axles, 5 do hickory; J Chislett, 1 car curbstones; S Napier, 36 felloes; Tate, M & T, 1 bbl o ware; Mullen & M, 9 bbls s iron; Wm McCallen, 15 bdls h felloes, 1 do shafts; Moore, Davis & D H, 2 w springs, 1 do, ½ do; Braden & Peabody, 122 bx cheese; S S Thomson son & Co, 1 bbl flour; F Sellers & Co, 7 etcs; A Speer & Sons, 1 car plow-feams; W B Hays & Son, 5 e tcs; Wm Buente, 4 cars stone; Wm Shaentes, 2 trunks, 2 bdls picks and mdse; F Hare & Bro, 20 bdls shafts; Arbuthnot S & Co, 4 cases d goods; H McCracken & Co, 7 bbls eggs; Hussey Wells & Co, 19 bdls mdse, 4 do coils; Scobie, Reed & Smith, 10 rake hands, 10 platforms, 9 bdls 20 wheels 10 cast seats; J Woodwell, 4 wagon skeins; J C Brownell, 65 bbls and 140 sks flour; C F Vallowe, 1 car ice; B H Voskamp & Co, 100 bbls flour; J W Woodburn, 1 car stone; J Hinchliffe, 1 do stone; W H Graff & Co, 22 bbls eggs, J H Loh & Co, 5 bbls eggs; S Hamilton & Co, 2 organs; W S Baughman, 1 car lime; T Barnes, 1 do c plaster; R & W Jenkinson, 1 butt tobacco; Voigt, M & Co, 1 tub butter; H Rea, Jr, 2 do; A J Nellis & Co, 1 bbl mdse; Logan, Gregg & Co, 12 bdls hdls; Hayes & Wilson, 6 bdls pat wheels; Keymer Bros 2 bxs bluing; Dorrington Bros, 1 car middling in bulk; Murphy & Rowan, 1 car shingles; S Brown & Co, 1 do; H Evert, 5 bbls spirits; J McCullough, 18 do; Gamble & A, 15 do; S Klinordlinger, 5 do; M McCullough & Co, 10 do; Schomaker & Co, bbls 64 flour, 17 sks oats; R Dickey, 320 bdls hdles, 1 bx machinery; Elwood & McCracken, 33 bxs cheese; E C There & Co, 2 brls water; J H Rankin, 12 coolers; J B Dunlevy, 1 bx dental goods; George H Stone & Co, 1 bx h d w; Carson Bros, 30 bxs machines, 6 cases irons; E E Sellers & Co, 10 cases mdse; S P Shriver & Co, 20 bxs starch, 50 do soap; H M Bennett, 2 brls whisky; Cavitt & Pollock, 1 cask lanterns; C Shultz, 2 refrigerators; Haworth & Dewhurst, 24 bxs yeast; Carlisle; 1 bx Demmler Bros, 17 filters; J Woodwell & Co, 1 bx legs; C G Hammer & Sons, 1 bx hall stands; England & B, 120 bxs h nails; J G Barr & S, 2 bbls crackers; D R McIntire, 1 pkg p matter; J Fleming, 1 do; G A Kelly & Co, 1 do; V E Knorr, 1 do; C L Weightman, 1 do; Adolph Fredrick, 1 do; C G Wood, 1 do; Danl Wallace, 100 bbls flour; F W Jenkins & Bro, 500 do; T C Jenkins, 500 do; Schomaker & Co, 200 do.

PER ELEVATOR—L C Newsom, 1 car corn; Marshall, K & Co, 2 cars wheat; Laing & McK, 2 cars oats; Young & Booth, 1 car malt.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad.

Central Ref Co, 1 car mt o bbls; Loomis & Co, 1 car oil; Heath & S, 1 do lumber; Kelly & Co, 1 do; D Carson & Co, 1 do; A S Carlile, 1 do; W Hutchison, 1 do s pipe; Curry & M, 20¼ barrels fish; J S Dilworth, 25 ½ do; Lemon & W, 3 boxes chairs; Whitmore, W, L & Co, 1 bx h ware; Johnson & Co, 1 do brushes; J Stevenson, 5 do soap; S H Baird, 10 do; J L Miller, 5 do; W Cooper & Co, 10½ bbls fish; Hubley, & Co, 2 kgs nuts; Wm Haslage & Co, 48 bdls paper; G E Palmer & Co, 2 kgs paint; F G Craighead, 1 bx hdw; Jos Herdman & Son, 1 case; W J McMaster, 3 bxs lights, 3 frames; Jas McKay, 1 hf bbl whisky; J C Buffum, 3 bxs bottles; E & C Maginn, 6 e bxs; Dilworth Bros, 6 do do; Arbuckles & Co, 10 do do; Reese, O & Co, 4 do tres; F C Miller, 25 bbls and 100 sks flour; Pretzfield Bros, 2 bxs tobacco; Lindsay, S & Co, bdls rakes; T C Jenkins, 25 kegs p barley; P P M Co, 26 bdls paper; Knox & Orr, 25 cases matches; McIntire & B, 1 bbl p barley, 2 do o meal, 1 do cr wheat; Lublee & Bro, 5 kegs p barley; W E Schmertz, 9 rolls leather; J Meyer & Son, 21 doz chairs; J D Johnson, 1 bbl mdse; S C Laner & Co, 10 doz do; Head, C & Co, 3 firkins butter, 5 bbls eggs, 34 new bbls; J Adolph, 1 case cigars; John Kenworthy, 2 doz chairs; H Berger, 2 do; 2 rocking chairs; McLean & Co, 1 doz chairs, 2 b chairs; Balwinger & Kline, 2 wardrobes; Close S & Co, 1 lot furniture.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad.

Fleming, A & Co, 30 bbls willows; W Flaccus & S, 7 sks scraps, 22 bbls glue; W Welsh & Co, 150 sks wheat; Penna Lead Co, 177 pgs lead; 2 csks litharge, 10 ladles; L G Graff & Co, 1 car hay; W & D Rinehart, 11 hhds tobacco; D McMillan & Co, 4 bales wool; R & W Jenkinson, 30 cads tobacco, 20 cases do, 20 boxes do, 10 pails do; Hanna, Wood & Co, 50 bbls flour; 200 sacks do; D Wallace, 100 bbls do; S Klinordlinger, 5 bbls whisky; Keil & R, 183 sks feed, 35 bbls flour, 20 bgs wheat; Watt, L & Co, 15 tcs hams; T C Jenkins, 20 pails tobacco, 5 bxs do; E Poerstel, 15 cads do, 10 pails do; Schomaker & Co, 50 bags meal; L Walter & Son, 1 car lumber; H Riddle, Son & Co, 10 bbls eggs; Fahnestock, H & S, 250 pigs' head; F Sellers & Co, 100 tcs hams; H Landis, 12 third buts tobac, 50 cads do.

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Chaut Lake Ice Co, 3 cars ice; Star F B Co, 2 do clay; Mackin & F, 1 do stone; Geo Dun, 1 do do; J L Lowry, 20 do do; Howard & Son, 7 do do; E Hertle, 1 do bark; Baughman, 2 do lime; Kloman & C Bros, 1 do clay; G W Glass, 2 do sand; Dithridge & Co, 1 do lumber; C P Reno & Co, 2 do clay; Sable Coal Co, 28 do coal; Shoenberger & Co, 6 do limestone; Kloman & C Bro, 4 do do; Braden & P, 199 bxs cheese.

Receipts of Blooms, Pig Metal and Ore

The following are the receipts of pig metal, blooms and ore for the past twenty-four hours:

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, P. R. R. LESSEE.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	30	Wayne I & S Co, s i	2
Caughey & H, m	12	Laughlin & Co, o	4
J Reamer, m	1	Singer, N & Co, s i	2
P D Nicols, m	8	Jones & L, s [illegible]	2
Brown & Co, m	1		
Total			62

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RA[ILROAD].

	Cars.		Cars.
Lucy Furnace Co, o	16	Zug & Co, [illegible]	2
McKnight, P & Co, m	2	Caughey & [illegible]	1
Total			[illegible]

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Nimick & Co, m [illegible]

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

[illegible]

RIVER PACKETS.

BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA.

U. S. MAIL LINE.

PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET CO.

LEAVES DAILY AT 8 A. M. and 4 P. M.
LEAVES BROWNSVILLE AT 4 A. M. and 4 P. M.

For all Points on the Monongahela River.

STEAMER GENEVA .... CAPT. M. A. COX
STEAMER ELECTOR .... CAPT. R. R. ABRAMS
STEAMER CHIEFTAIN .... CAPT. J. L. HENDRICKS
STEAMER E. BENNETT .... CAPT. P. DONALDSON

For further particulars, inquire on Wharfboat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.

No freight will be received after 5 o'clock.

A. S. CARLISLE, Agent.

FROM BELLAIR.

For Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Huntingdon, Ironton, Portsmouth and Cincinnati.

EVERY TUESDAY, 6 P. M., on arrival of the 1:28 P. M. train from Pittsburgh.

THE STEAMER ANDES,

CHARLES MUHLEMAN .... Commander.

Will leave as above.

ST. LOUIS.

For Louisville, Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis.

WILL HAVE DISPATCH.

THE FEARLESS BARGES,

J. M. BICKERSTAFF .... Master.
J. W. SCOTT .... Clerk.

Through receipts given to Nashville, Memphis, New Orleans, Shreveport and Jefferson, and all points Southwest, San Francisco, Cheyenne, Greeley, Colorado Springs, Topeka, Lawrence, St. Joe, Kansas City. Also, to all points on the Upper Mississippi river.

For lowest rates apply on Board, or to GHRIEST & MACKEY, or FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

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THE LIGHT DRAUGHT STEAMER L. C. McCormick,

Which has been thoroughly refitted, can now be chartered by Managers of Pic Nics, Social Circles, Sunday Schools, or other Excursion Parties, for any point on the Allegheny, Monongahela or Ohio rivers. This Steamer is specially adapted for Excursion Parties. Apply to JOHN M. PHILLIPS, Master, Or to FAIRMAN & HENDERSON, Agents, At Wharf-boat, foot of Wood street.

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GRAND PLEASURE EXCURSIONS TO LAKE SUPERIOR, DURING JULY AND AUGUST.

Time, Nine Days. Fare, $30.

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ANCHOR LINE.

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Cabin $65 to $90, according to Accommodations. Cabin Return Tickets issued at reduced rates.

Intermediate $30. Steerage $20.

Drafts issued for any amount at lowest rates.

For Tickets or further information apply to JOHN J. McCORMICK, Corner Fourth avenue and Smithfield street; T. H. MURRAY, 7 Ninth street; MAX SHAMBERG, 163 Smithfield street.

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THE FASTEST FLEET AFLOAT,

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REPUBLIC .... Capt. Gleadell.
CELTIC .... Capt. Thompson.
ADRIATIC .... Capt. Perry.

Passenger Accommodations Unrivalled.

Saloon, $80, Gold, (Sailings after April 1, $100 Gold) Steerage $30 Currency. Prepaid Certificates, $32. Drafts in sums to suit.

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T. H. MURRAY, No. 7 Ninth street.
P. M. CUSHING, cor. 43d and North streets.
MAX SCHAMBERG, 163 Smithfield street.
E. McCORMICK, 2127 Sarah street, South Side.

CLYDE'S COASTWISE AND WEST INDIA STEAM LINES

VIA. PHILADELPHIA, FOR

HAVANA, Cuba .... Weekly.
GALVESTON, Texas .... Weekly.
CHARLESTON, S. C. .... Weekly.
NORFOLK and RICHMOND, Va .... Tri-Weekly.
BOSTON and PROVIDENCE .... Semi-Weekly.

Through rates given to Portland and Bangor, Maine, and other principal cities in New England. Freight carefully handled and forwarded promptly. For through rates, or other information, apply to Agent Penna. R. R. Co., Pittsburgh, or WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Managers, 12 South Delaware avenue, Philadelphia.

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SHIP BROKERS and COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Freight engagements made for all parts of the world. Regular Packets for Cuban Ports.

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City and Country Work solicited and promptly attended to.

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DEALERS IN

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SLATE.

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SLATE ROOFS put on by experienced workmen.

Hugh Woodside,

Roofer and Dealer in

SLATE!

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All Orders promptly attended to. Work done by experienced workmen.

MEDICAL.

DR. WHITTIER, 296 PENN STREET PITTSBURGH, PA., continues to treat with his usual great success, all Private Diseases. Perfect cures guaranteed. Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, resulting from self-abuse or sexual excess, producing nervous debility, night emissions, despondency, dizziness, dimness of sight, pimples on the face, weakness of mind and body, and final impotency, loss of sexual power, sterility, &c., unfitting the victim for marriage or business, and rendering life miserable, are permanently cured in shortest possible time. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture (all forms) consisting of skin erruptions, ulcers, &c., are perfectly cured, and the blood-poison thoroughly eradicated from the system. DR. WHITTIER is a regular graduate of medicine, as his diploma at office shows; his life-long special experience in all private diseases, with purest medicine prepared by himself, enables him to cure difficult cases after others fail—it is self-evident that a physician treating thousands of cases every year acquires great skill. Consultation and correspondence private. Pamphlet sent sealed for stamp. Medicines sent everywhere. Office hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 to 1 P. M. "True Marriage Guide," 260 pages, fine illustrations. A book for private, careful reading, by both sexes, married or single, explaining wonders and mysteries of sexual system, reproduction, marriage impediments, &c., causes, consequence and cure. Price 50 cents, at office, or by mail, sent securely sealed. Dr. WHITTIER, 296 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. d*

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Possessing a liberal charter, ample capital, and a thorough organization, this Company offers to the public unsurpassed facilities for the transaction of financial affairs.

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TThs-3p

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PRIVILEGE - - - - $500,000

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I am now prepared to supply this very superior Powder to Sportsmen, F[illegible], Contractors and Dealers by KEG OR CAR LOAD, AT LOW PRICES.

SAFETY FUSE constantly on hand.

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CITY MATTERS.

Louisiana Relief Fund.

We acknowledge the receipt of the following in aid of the sufferers by the late Mississippi floods:

A lady........................ $5 00
Mrs. Bawders.................. 10 00
First English Lutheran church, Rev. S. Laird, pastor........ 101 20
J. F. Slagle.................. 5 00
Cash.......................... 10 00
German Evangelical Lutheran Church, Smithfield street........ 26 66

The "Fourth."

The Fourth of July will be signalized by a grand excursion and picnic, under the auspices of Leonidas Lodge, No. 385, K. of P., to Pythian Grove, McKeesport. A good time may be anticipated.

The A. V. R. R. Creditors.

This afternoon, at two o'clock, the adjourned meeting of the creditors of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company will be held at Lafayette Hall. The committee appointed to confer with the Directors of the Pennsylvania Company will probably present their report.

Election of Teachers.

Last Saturday evening the School Board of the Thaddeus Stevens Schools, Thirty-sixth ward, (Temperanceville,) re-elected the following teachers for the next school term: Samuel Andrews, Principal; Sarah J. Campbell, Mary C. White, Ellen White, Sallie M. Perkins and Nannie E. Shannon, assistants.

Obituary.

We grieve to have to announce the death of little Helen, only daughter of Mr. W. S. Meek, foreman of the *Evening Telegraph* office. The little one was taken ill on Sunday with congestion of the brain, and grew worse so rapidly that death resulted yesterday morning. The bereaved parents have the heart-felt sympathy of their many friends, and this sympathy is heightened by the fact that their little boy is, and has been for several days, suffering from the same disease.

Sabbath School Anniversary.

The eighth anniversary of the Sixth avenue Mission Sabbath School will be held in the Second United Presbyterian church (Rev. T. H. Hanna, pastor), corner Sixth avenue and Cherry alley, this evening, at half-past seven o'clock.

The exercises will consist of several interesting addresses, interspersed with music, vocal and instrumental. All are invited to be present.

Dangerously Hurt.

Yesterday a young man named Wickenbaugh, residing at Braddock's Fields, got on board the McKeesport accommodation train, on the Connellsville Railroad, to come to the Poor Farm station. The train not stopping there, he attempted to jump off. He was thrown under the wheels and received such injuries as will probably result in his death. One of his legs was cut almost completely off, and his head was also badly hurt. He was conveyed to his home at Braddock's.

Allegheny Market Committee.

The Market Committee of Allegheny Councils held a meeting last evening, Mr. Steddeford, chairman, presiding.

Bids for water closets in the Market House were opened, but owing to some informalities in the bids, the contract was not awarded, and the bids were referred to Chairman Steddeford and Controller Brown to have the informalities remedied. The contract will probably be awarded this evening.

Bills amounting to ten dollars were passed upon and the committee adjourned. It may be stated here, that the expenses of the water closets will not, probably, exceed $600.

A Ferocious Dog.

On Sunday evening a little boy, son of Mr. Seifreith, of Mount Washington, was frightfully lacerated by a ferocious dog. A neighbor of Mr. Seifreith keeps a large and fierce dog, and on the evening in question the dog, for some reason, had been let loose. The little boy went into the yard to leave some milk at the house, when the dog set upon him. Before he could be rescued the child had been fearfully bitten about the legs, arms and abdomen. His arms were almost crushed, and in several places on his legs the dog's teeth met through the flesh. The child, though very badly hurt, is not thought to be dangerously so. The dog is to be killed, but unhappily that fact does little good to the torn child.

A Quadrilateral Fight.

Last evening some man in passing the office of Alderman D. L. Smith, in Allegheny, took occasion to address the colored man known as the "General," employed there, as an "old black nigger." The General announced that he would not permit any man to call him that, and commenced a brisk aggressive movement. A fight was soon under full headway, and while it was in progress a man come along with a dog, and a man in the crowd of spectators took occasion to kick said dog. The dog in remonstrated and so did his proprietor, in an eminently practical way and in an instant another fight was inaugurated. Both battles raged for a brief space, and then, by some unexplained hocus pocus, the original conditions were suddenly changed by one of the parties to the second fight becoming involved in a muscular contest with the man who had obnoxiously addressed the General in the first instance. While this affair was in progress, the police made a sortie and marched one of the combattants named Lonstetter to the lock-up. Then there was peace.

Billiard News.

The Philadelphia *Sunday Press* contains the following:

Dodds *vs.* Nelms.—These players will cross cues on Tuesday evening, 30th inst., at the Assembly Buildings, despite the warm weather. Nelms has been practicing, afternoon and evening, in games of 400 points, with great satisfaction to his friends. If he plays next Tuesday evening as well as he has been doing the past week he will have a splendid chance to win. Dodds, we learn, has been doing some extraordinary playing, averaging from six to twelve, and making no runs above fifty. He is a very steady player and a dangerous one. His ding-dong way of playing does not look as if he was doing anything great, but those little runs of six, ten and fifteen count up very fast when they are made often. Nelms would like to have a cool night for the match; Dodds wants a hot, very hot one.

Levey vs. Hank Warren.—We much doubt if this match will take place. Mr. Warren wants to give or take $50 for expenses. The gentleman who is backing Mr. Levey objects to give any money for expenses, as he was informed that Warren was coming to Philadelphia to witness the Dodds-Nelms game. If Mr. Warren is coming on there will be no trouble about making the match, as the gentleman who is backing Mr. Levey intends to let the forfeiture remain with Mr. Creahan until Tuesday next. It is more than likely that Warren will come on.

Mortuary Report.

PITTSBURGH.

W. Snively, M. D., physician to the Board of Health, reports a total of sixty-seven deaths in the city during the week ending June 27. Of these, sixty-four were white, three colored; eleven were married, fifty-five single, and one a widow. The causes of death were as follows: Scarlet fever, 16; consumption, 7; cholera infantum, diarrhœa, meningitis, and pheumonitis, each 3; bronchitis, convulsions, dipthenitis, eteritis, typhoid fever, congestion of lungs, measles, and purpura hemorrhagica, each two; alcoholism, drowning, fall, cirrhosis of the liver, empyema, acute gastritis, gastro enteritis, disease of the heart, marasmus, metro-peritonitis, obstruction of bowels, old age, peritonitis, sunstroke, unknown and whooping cough each one. Of the above there were: Under 1 year, 17; from 1 to 2 years, 13; from 2 to 5 years, 12; from 5 to 10 years, 5; from 10 to 15 years, 2; from 20 to 30 years, 7; from 30 to 40 years, 6; from 50 to 60 years, 4; from 90 to 100 years, 1. Total 67.

ALLEGHENY.

Officer Hoeb, health officer of Allegheny, reports twenty-six deaths in that city during the past week, the causes of which were as follows: Scarlet fever, 7; cholera infantum, 2; still-born, 1; malignant typhoid fever, 1; consumption, 5; premature birth, 1; diptheria, 1; nervous prostration, 1; inflammation of the brain, 1; spasms, 3; scarlatina, 1; heart disease, 2. The ages were: Under one year, 11; from one to five, 4; from five to ten, 2; from twenty to thirty, 5; from thirty to forty, 1; from forty to fifty, 2; from sixty to seventy, 1. Males, 10; females, 16. White, 26. Colored, none.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

A Fourth of July Jubilee.

As stated in the columns of the COMMERCIAL some days since, Col. John M. Kinney is preparing for a grand celebration of Independence Day at the Union Park, Allegheny, and his arrangements are now so far completed as to warrant the entire success of the affair. The entertainments offered will be novel in character, and cannot fail to interest and amuse all classes. There will be athletic and equestrian sports, including, under the latter head, a tournament of mounted knights according to the rules which obtained in the days of chivalry, and a grand exhibition of fireworks at night, when $3,000 worth of papered-up powder will be burned. As a special attraction each visitor will be the recipient of a present of greater or less value, as his good or ill luck may decide. Further particulars may be looked for hereafter.

Old Dan Rice Coming.

Hundreds, aye, thousands of people in this community who have a weakness for the spangles and motley, will be rejoiced to know that "Old Dan Rice," as he is familiarly called, will soon spend a week in the city, with his latest and best circus organization. His career in the sawdusted arena began in the city of smoke; and here he has admirers by the score among people of all classes. What Dan don't know about the circus business wouldn't be hard to learn. For ever so many years he has been connected with the best organizations of this class put on the road, nearly always as manager, or at enormously high salaries as an attraction. He now promises to introduce to the attention of our citizens forty first-class performers, four clowns and the greatest collection of perfectly trained performing animals ever gotten together in one show. His season will begin on Friday, July 3d, and continue for one week, as before stated. On the Fourth three performances will be given, the first at 9 A. M., the second at 2 P. M., and the third in the evening. The exhibition ground is the Robinson lot, at the Allegheny city end of the Suspension bridge. Turn out and give the veteran showman a rousing welcome to his old home.

Races at Monongahela City.

The Monongahela City Park Association announce the inauguration of their track—claimed to be the best half-mile course in the State—on the 3d and 4th of July, by a series of races. The premiums offered are liberal, and will no doubt secure the attendance of many speedy goers. Excursion tickets will be issued by the Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railway, over which four trains will be run each way, daily; while the Pittsburgh, Brownsville and Geneva Packet Company will offer similar inducements by that favorite route of travel. The grounds of the Park Association have been very handsomely fitted up, and there is little question that those who attend will have a most enjoyable time. Persons desiring programme should address the President, I. S. Crall, Esq., at Monongahela City.

ST. PAUL'S ORPHAN ASYLUM.

Election of Managers.

The contributors to the St. Paul's Orphans' Asylum, of this city, met yesterday for the purpose of electing managers for the ensuing year. Dr. George H. Keyser was called to the chair, and Mr. M. Wall made Secretary. An election was then held with the following result: Bishop M. Domenec, Rev. J. Hickey, T. Campbell, E. Houston, [illegible] O'Connor, C. Magna, E. J. Smith, W. [illegible], John Mullin, P. Clark, Domenec [illegible], Thomas Rourke, D. Coleman. The next [illegible] be held [illegible]

SELECT COUNCIL.

City Employees and Salaries.

CITY HALL FOR THE GREYS.

Official Information for Taxpayers.

Communication from Contractor Howard—He Charges Extravagance in Water Works Foundations—The New Districts and Taxation.

An adjourned meeting of the Select Branch of the Pittsburgh Councils was held yesterday afternoon, Dr. Gross in the chair, when the following business was transacted:

PETITIONS, &C.

Mr. Hunter, appeal from Mr. McCance. Referred to Committee on Appeals.

Mr. Darlington, a petition from citizens who were compelled to use the Oakland, Ormsby and Minersville Passenger Railways, setting forth that as the track on Fourth avenue was often blocked up by travel, the cars were detained. They therefore asked for the laying of a track on Third avenue, so as to make a circuit, and prevent the blockading. Referred to the Street Committee.

Mr. Braun, petition for street crossing on Liberty street at Ninth.

Also, called up the resolution from Common Council in reference to a reduction of the police force. He asked for suspension of rules to consider the resolution. Carried.

In C. C. the resolution was passed. S. C. concurred and passed finally.

Mr. McCandless, resolution instructing the Finance Committee to report what employees could be dispensed with, and whether reduction in the salaries could not be made. Carried.

Also, a resolution approving action of Controller Snodgrass in refusing to issue any more bonds. Objected to and laid over to await the decision of the Court.

Also, resolution authorizing a warrant for $10 to W. A. Purnell for services as page to S. C. The resolution was passed.

Dr. McCandless also offered a resolution adopted at the taxpayers' meeting held at City Hall in the forenoon protesting against the extension of the Smith pipe contract. Referred to the Water Committee.

Also, petition from Armstrong & Matthews for permission to rebuild coal siding. Referred.

Mr. Ahlborn, a petition from Mrs. E. F. Denny, asking for a discontinuance of the work of grading and paving of Thirty-fifth street, from the Allegheny Valley Railroad to river. Referred.

Mr. Negley, petition and resolution for appointment of Viewers on the opening of Union street. Petition referred to Board of Viewers, and passed.

Also petition to have location of Collins avenue changed from Stanton avenue to its northern terminus. Referred.

THE WATER WORKS FOUNDATIONS.

Mr. Negley presented the following communication:

NEW WATER WORKS,
PITTSBURGH, June 27, 1874.

To the Honorable Select and Common Council of the City of Pittsburgh:

The undersigned citizen wishes to submit to your honorable body the following statement of facts for your consideration, to wit:

J. L. Lowrey, in his annual report on the water works engine foundations, for January 1st, 1874, says he has about 1,800 perches of masonry laid in the foundations.

Now, that there was that amount of stone delivered at the work at that time, may be true, as there had been some 390 perches delivered by Douglas, and 168 car loads delivered from Shade's quarry; also 81 car loads from Coll's quarry; but that 1,800 perches was laid, is not so clear by any means. *In fact such was not the case.*

He also says in the same report that upwards of 4,600 perches have been quarried and cut at the quarries. An assertion that is, to a very great degree, without foundation in fact, as there were but very few stone cut at the quarries, except what was at that time, and are still at White Rock, about 1,550 perches in all, 1,250 of them gotten out by Douglas.

As proof of this, I will refer you to the fact that only 267 car loads of dimension stone has been delivered since first of January up to June 1st, 1874. Which, after deducting the 1,550 perches at White rock, from the 4,600 perches claimed to be cut at the quarries, leaves 3,150 ready for delivery. Which, divided by the 267 car loads, all that has since been delivered, would show nearly twelve perches to the car load, thus making about twenty-four tons to the load, whilst the standard load of the railroad is ten tons.

Again, if there was that amount of stone there, to-wit: January 1st, 1874, what has become of all the stone quarried and cut in the first five months, none of which were at Coll's quarry June 1st, (the only place at which there is being any quarrying done for that work)? Mr. Lowry's assertion that the rubble and block stone at said quarry is estimated at one thousand perches, to the contrary, notwithstanding, there was acsolutely no dimension stone at the quarries, with the exception of White Rock stone, at that time. Hence if there was 3,150 perches at that time, January 1st, 1874, ready for delivery, and they exhausted all the capacity of the 267 car loads since shipped, (and certainly the average of 12 perches to the car load is very liberal on the part of railroad,) it follows as a matter of fact that all the work done at the quarry for the past five months, at an expense of twenty-four thousand dollars, has resulted in nothing but the delivery of 204 car loads, (all that has been delivered since that time) of rubble stone, at say the same tonnage, 12 perches per car, that it took to deliver 3,150 perches of dimension stone; and we have for all this expenditure of $24,000, 2,448 perches of rubble stone, costing at the rate of $9 80 per perch quarried and loaded, whereas equally good stone can be delivered at the foundation on the cars, for $1 75 per perch.

There seems therefore no escape from the conclusion that the statement made in the annual report, that upwards of 4,600 perches was cut and quarried at the quarries was untrue, or that that the whole of the subsequent time (five months) at a cost of $24,000, was spent for almost nothing of value to the city.

Choose ye, therefore, which horn ye will of this dilemma.

APPROXIMATE CALCULATION.

Owing to the want of statements of the work done or stone delivered, and want of reliability of such statements as have been made, it is simply impossible to arrive at anything like an accurate estimate of the work actually done, or the stone delivered, only as you can approximate it by the car loads of stone already delivered, which, on examination of the Allegheny Valley Railroad records, proves to be about 460 loads of dimension and 301 loads of rubble stone—total, 761 loads. And we will, in order to do no injustice to any one, suppose that the railroad did allow them to load ten perches to the car, which would make nearly two standard loads, and there would now be delivered on the work 7,610 perches, to which add 300 perches delivered by Douglas, and we have in all 7,910 perches of stone actually delivered—all of which are supposed to have been laid at the time the report for May was made, except 1,200 perches of cut, and 300 perches of rubble, which he claimed in that report was still on the ground and not laid, and we have as the amount actually laid 6,410 perches, which is supposed to be considerably less than one-half of the masonry in the work, at a cost of *one hundred and seventy-four thousand dollars*—the amount expended since the work was taken from Douglas—or an average per perch of *twenty-seven dollars and fifteen cents* FOR ALL KINDS.

WHAT IS YET TO BE DONE.

It is supposed that there will be in the entire work 14,000 perches of masonry of all kinds, which would leave yet to be done, 7,590 perches.

But as the preparations for the work are mostly made, and as there was 1,500 perches of stone delivered, and 1,550 quarried and cut at White Rock, it is probable that the remaining 7,590 perches under the same management, can be done at considerably less expense, say, $20 per perch of all kinds, equal to $151,800, making the entire cost of the foundations without any building on them including what was paid Douglas, ($23,000) equal $348,800.

And as to the time it will take to complete the work, at the rate of progress made since the first of April,—there having been shipped since that time to June 1st 275 car loads or 138 car loads per month. At same rate as above, (10 perches to car) making 1,380 perches, per month, thus requiring five and one half months to furnish the stone. But as the railroad has to my certain knowledge, determined not to be so *liberal in the size of loads*, it may take even longer than that time and cost more money than I have stated.

COMPARISON OF COST.

By way of showing the cost of work under different management—I present the following facts for consideration.

It is stated in the report of expenditures for Colls quarry for May, that there are now employed as laborers 100 men, 82 quarrymen and 3 mechanics, in all 185 men, at a cost of $8,188 25; result of said months work being 192 car loads of stone, in nearly equal quantities of dimension and rubble; whereas, the undersigned worked at his quarry near the same place, 30 stone quarrymen and 20 laborers, and quarried and shipped 169 car loads of stone, all except ten or twelve being dimension stone, at a cost of about $2,500.

And further, said report states that the entire force at foundations and quarry for that month was 416 men, at a cost of $21,846 70; whereas, in the same month on the pay rolls of the two reservoirs, Hiland avenue and Brilliant Hill, 470 men, 150 horses, and at the quarry 50 men, in all 520 men, 150 horses, for which an estimate of *less than thirteen thousand one hundred dollars* was paid.

THE REASONS GIVEN.

I feel impelled to lay before your honorable body the foregoing facts for the following reasons, to wit:

First. I deem it the duty of every good citizen, when cognizant of the fact that the public monies are being squandered and wasted, either through corruption or incapacity, to make that fact known to the proper authorities.

Second. I am now engaged in the construction of a very important, and expensive work for the city and am doing the work in a substantial manner, in good faith and at low prices. I am therefore in hopes that the city will be able to pay for it as it progresses, and at its final completion. But fear if this exhausting waste of the public monies continue, it will not be able to do so.

Third. Quite a number of propositions have recently emanated from honorable gentlemen in Councils, and some out of it to abandon certain portions of my work, with a view to save money for the dear people ignoring at the same time the important fact, that from ten to fifteen thousand dollars was being worse than wasted every month on the foundation.

REMEDY SUGGESTED.

Now allow me respectfully to suggest to your honorable body, a plan of operations by which this exhausting waste can be stopped, and more money saved thereby than will pay the entire cost of completing the work proposed to be abandoned. And at the same time save from humiliation and shame, every citizen of our noble city when he invites his friends from other cities, to see our great water works, completed and beautified, instead of a part of it being left a "frog pond," a breeder of disease and perhaps pestilence.

The plan I propose is to simply stop this shameless squandering of the public monies by putting the work under contract to a competent contractor; not only the foundations, but the connections with the reservoirs, also; and putting the work in charge of a competent civil engineer that *understands his business.*

By which at least one hundred and fifty to two hundred thousand dollars may yet be saved, that under present management will be lost.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

C. HOWARD.

Mr. Negley, at the conclusion of the reading of the paper, said the matter was one of importance, and he thought it ought to be investigated. He therefore moved the appointment of a committee of five, two for Select Council and three for Common Council, to make such investigation and report the facts. Passed.

Mr. Aiken, petition for change of grade on eastern terminus of Ellsworth avenue. Referred.

Also, petition for John Linsay, for correction of clerical error in taxes for 1873.

—Also, a preamble and resolution setting forth—that as there had been doubts expressed as to the power of Legislature to pass an act classifying cities, under three classes, because it was called special legislation—that the City Solicitor be instructed to test the constitutionality of the act known as the Wallace bill.

After a word of explanation from Mr. Aiken and others, a motion was made to suspend the rules to put the resolution on its final passage. Lost.

Mr. Scully, report of Road Commissioner Bowers. Received and filed.

NEW DISTRICT TAX.

Mr. Fox presented the following:

WHEREAS, It is believed that the present ruinous taxation is for the purpose of making up a deficiency caused by a debt acquired before annexation of the new wards of the city, thereby perpetrating a great wrong on the taxpayers of said wards; therefore,

Resolved, That a Commission of five be appointed by this Council, three of whom shall be citizens of the city district, north of the river, and two citizens from the south of the river, none of whom shall be City, County or State officers. It shall be the duty of said Commission to ascertain if any part of taxes for 1874 embraces any part of the city indebtedness which may have been incurred prior to January 1st, 1873, and report the result of said investigation to this Council at the earliest day possible. Some doubts were expressed as to the power of the chair to appoint a committee outside of Councils.

Mr. Atterbury moved to amend by making the Committee consist of Councilmen. Carried.

A motion was then made to suspend the rules to consider the resolution, which was lost and the resolution was laid over.

Mr. Goldthorpe, a resolution authorizing appointment of a committee of five—two for S. C. and three for C. C. to revise the rules, in accordance with the Wallace bill. Passed.

Mr. Shipton, a resolution instructing the Committee on City Property to take measures to compel the City Hall Commission to file in the District Court an account in accordance with the law. Passed.

Mr. Anderson, petition for the erection of a wooden building. Referred.

Also, petition with reference to an unauthorized change of plan on improvement of Hazlewood avenue. Referred to the Road Committee.

INFORMATION WANTED.

Mr. Anderson also presented the following:

Resolved, That the City Controller and City Treasurer, by and with the advice and assistance of the Finance Committee, be and they are hereby instructed:

First. To prepare a statement of the indebtedness of the city, by calculating all funded and floating debt.

Second. To deduct therefrom all moneys in the treasury, all outstanding solvent debts and all revenues applicable within one year to the payment of the debt.

Third. To obtain the opinion of the City Attorney as to whether the grading and paving assessments, under the Penn Avenue Act, are not "outstanding solvent debts," and as such subject to deduction from the gross indebtedness.

Fourth. To ascertain the assessed value of the property within the city, and determine the per centum of the debt upon the same.

Fifth. That it is the sense of Councils that, in estimating the assessed value of the property of the city, the triennial assessment of 1874 should be taken as a basis, as it is upon the aggregate assessment for county purposes that the city taxes are levied.

Sixth. That the statement called for in this resolution be made so as to include the month of June, instant.

Seventh. That the officers named and the Committee report to Councils as early as possible.

Mr. Darlington, petition for paving of Water street, from Duquesne Way to Penn avenue. Referred.

CITY HALL FOR THE GREYS.

Mr. Hunter, by permission, called up ordinance No. 566 authorizing the making of a lease with the Duquesne Greys of old City Hall for five years. C. C. passed.

Mr. Aiken moved as an amendment the words "unless sooner wanted by the city for market purposes."

Some discussion ensued upon the matter, when the amendment was voted down.

Mr. McCandless then offered an amendment making the Greys pay the gas bills. The amendment was voted down, the yeas and nays being called, with the following result:

AYES—Messrs. Ahlborn, Aiken, Atkinson, Atterbury, Dannells, Doyle, Eitemiller, Fox, Froelich, Marshall, Meyer, McCandless, McCune, Rafferty, Rayburn, Shipton, Watson, Zern—18.

NAYS—Messrs. Adams, Anderson, Braun, Brown, Burgwin, Chalmers, Chislett, Clark, B. Darlington, H. Darlington, Elder, Goldthorpe, Haines, Hays, Holliday, Hunter, Jeremy, Jones, Liddell, Lloyd, Littell, Macfarlane, Mitchell, Murray, Musgrave, McClurg, McMahon, Negley, O'Neil, Scully, Spaur, President Gross—32.

The motion was then called on the final passage of the ordinance.

Before the vote was taken, Mr. Braun said he stated now, on the authority of the Board of Control of the Greys, that they would pay the gas bill.

The ordinance was then passed by a vote of 43 to 5.

Mr. Shipton, by permission, presented the report of the Gas Committee, with a resolution ordering lamps in certain parts of the city. Report received and resolution passed.

ORDINANCES CONSIDERED.

Mr. Brown, from the Survey Committee, called up ordinance 336, establishing grade of Thirty-third street, between Penn avenue and Laurel avenue.

Ordinance No. 335—upon which 336 hinged—was first taken up. It provided for a change in the grade of Liberty avenue. Ordinance lost. Upon a call of the yeas and nays, the Constitutional majority not voting in its favor—there being but 31 ayes and 2 nays.

Mr. Braun asked for a call of the house to ascertain if there was a quorum present. 49 members answered to the call.

Another vote was then taken on ordinance No. 338. The vote stood 35 ayes, 14 nays, so the ordinance was not passed.

Mr. Burgwin said that he had voted no, and now, to give the friends of the ordinance full opportunity, he moved to reconsider the vote and lay the ordinance over to next meeting. Carried.

Ordinance No. 336 was similarly disposed.

Ordinance No. 289, establishing grade of Lincoln avenue, was laid over, on motion of Mr. Mitchell, until next meeting.

Ordinance No. 334, providing the manner of "striking off" for street improvement and any profound changes in grade.

Mr. Burgwin moved to amend, so as to require the "striking off" only when a committee reported in favor of the change. The amendment was adopted, and the ordinance went over accordingly under the rules.

Ordinance No. 350, repealing an ordinance establishing width of roadway for Forbes street, from Brady street to Shady lane. The ordinance was passed by the constitutional majority.

Mr. Clarke, of the Thirty-fifth ward, rising to a question of privilege, said he had voted with the majority in the matter of the ordinance in relation to Sarah street at last meeting. He now moved a reconsideration of that vote, and that the ordinance lay over until next meeting. Passed.

Mr. Dannells called up the resolution authorizing the payment of $142 50 to M. F. Kimball for building steps on Park and Oak alleys.

An amendment was made that the money be paid out of the street appropriation. Carried.

The resolution as amended was then passed by a call of the yeas and nays, the constitutional majority voting in favor.

Mr. Musgrave called up ordinance No. 409, for a twenty-inch pipe sewer on Wilson and Elm streets. There were thirty-seven votes in its favor.

The Chair (Mr. Chalmers) held that as there were two vacancies in Council, this number was a constitutional majority of the members elected, and the ordinance was accordingly passed.

Mr. O'Neil called up No. 485, establishing the grade of Locust street, between Sturgiss and Magee streets. Lost, there being only 36 affirmative votes.

Mr. Burgwin called up ordinance No. 395, authorizing the opening of Twenty-third street, South Side, and No. 402, for grading, paving and curbing of Twenty-first street. He moved to refer both back to the Street Committee. Carried.

Adjourned.

THE HIGH SCHOOL.

The Recent Examination of Applicants—One Hundred and Ninety-Eight Successful—The Numbers Held by Them.

The examination of pupils for admission to the High School was held, as our readers already know, on Monday and Tuesday last. There were three hundred and seventeen applicants for admission to the Academical department, and of these, we are gratified to state, one hundred and ninety-eight passed, while seven others were admitted to the Commercial Department. With reference to the latter department, it may be stated that examinations are held throughout the year and pupils can obtain admission at any time. All these pupils who have just been examined, as well as their many friends, teachers and others, have been anxious to know the result. We publish the result at the earliest day possible. Last year the announcement was made at an earlier day, but this year no effort appears to have been made to speedily inform the public. Following are the numbers of the successful ones applying for admission to the

ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT.

Nos. 2, 4, 7, 10, 11, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 44, 45, 48, 51, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 103, 106, 107, 108, 109, 112, 115, 117, 118, 119, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 140, 142, 143, 144, 146, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 169, 170, 175, 176, 177, 178, 180, 182, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 195, 196, 198, 200, 201, 202, 203, 211, 212, 213, 215, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 225, 227, 228, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 240, 242, 247, 249, 250, 251, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 262, 264, 265, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 287, 288, 294, 295, 296, 297, 303, 307, 308, 309, 310, 313, 314, 315, 316: total 198.

COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Nos. 47, 49, 50, 102, 139, 283, 317: total 7.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

U. S. District Court—Judge McCandless.

In the case of Cornell & Werling, alleged bankrupts, a restraining order was granted against W. H. Brown, the Shoe and Leather Bank, executors of G. E. Warner, Pittsburgh and McKeesport Car Company C. C. Fawcett and Milliken & Niehaus for use.

McMillian & Stewart, bankrupts. Exceptions third and fourth to the Register's report of distribution were sustained by the Court, and the Register instructed to allow the judgment of the First National Bank of Meadville for use of McMillan and Hiram Amidon to have precedence.

Davis Zollers, bankrupt, Washington county. Report of sales by assignee was confirmed.

Standley & Secklesmith, bankrupts. Register Harper filed his opinion as to the claim of the First National Bank of Waynsburg.

In the proceedings against the steam tugs "Leopard" and "Little Giant," W. Sees & Co., were permitted to intervene.

United States vs. Miles Mellotte et. al. On motion of United States Attorney Reed, judgment was entered against defendant for $155 80 for costs of suit in default of an appearance and plea.

On motion of J. F. Slagle, Esq., W. H. Sutton, of Pittsburgh, was admitted to practice in the United States District and Circuit Courts.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Stowe.

Wm. Gallagher, indicted on oath of W. A. Tyse, was found guilty of the larceny from the Fort Wayne Railroad Company, of one box of oranges.

James McNeil, indicted for assault and battery, on oath of Charles A. Stein; *nolle prosequi* allowed on payment of costs by the prosecutor.

Adam Teis and Joseph Burk were found guilty on oath of R. Brankstone of the larceny of an iron bar of the value of five dollars.

Charles Stein, indicted on oath of James McNeil for felonious assault and battery, plead guilty of simple assault and battery.

Leopold Heibert, indicted on oath of Barnhard Grosskinsky for the larceny of a small quantity of coal, was found not guilty.

Frank Carrigan, indicted on oath of R. W. Boyce for selling liquor without a license, plead *nolo contendere.*

John O'Neill, charged with the same offense on oath of Matthew Keep, also plead *nolo contendere.*

Henry Stein plead *nolo contendere* to the charge of selling liquors to minors, being indicted on oath of James Wackham.

E. F. Anson was found guilty of larceny and horse stealing on oath of H. Schuchman.

There were five indictments against Jacob Riedlinger for illegal liquor selling. Defendant plead *nolo contendere*, and *nolle pros.* allowed on payment of costs.

Michael Baumar, indicted for selling liquor to minors, on oath of Mrs. S. S. Chessman. *Nolle prosequi* allowed on payment of costs by defendant.

Wm. J. House, indicted on oath of Mrs. M. B. Lewis for selling liquor on Sunday and to minors. Defendant plead *nolo contendere*, and *nolle pros.* allowed on payment of costs.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. August Kramer and Eugene Schulz, charged on oath of J. K. Lanahan with larceny and receiving stolen goods, is on trial.

The Temperance Nominations.

Yesterday afternoon the committee of Prohibitionists appointed to nominate candidates, met at the Alliance rooms. The meeting was merely a preliminary one, and the general subject of temperance nominations was under consideration. No decision whatever was arrived at, in the premises. The committee, consisting of Samuel H. Baird, chairman, and Messrs. T. H. Babe, J. W. Wightman, William M. Dallas, George Reid and R. D. Nichols will, however, have a definite report to offer at the meeting on Wednesday afternoon.

RE-OPENING OF LIBERTY STREET M. E. CHURCH.

Sermons of Dr. Sehon—Re-Union Services—Touching Incidents, &c.

This time-honored church structure, after being in the hands of workmen for several weeks, refitting and improving it inside and outside, was formally reopened for divine service on Sabbath last. Among the improvements were the following: The main audience room, and stairway and hall, elegantly frescoed. The ceiling very elaborate and rich in design, with an elegant piece of frescoing behind the pulpit, and the side walls plain of a blueish flesh tint. The entire front and side, covered with cement, was retouched and painted stone color, and the wood-work of the exterior was neatly painted. The floors of the audience chamber was covered with carpet, reflecting much credit upon the establishment, of which Mr. McFarland is the senior member, and the treasurer of the Improvement Committee; and the vestibule and stairwar with cocoa matting. Under the original plan, the Trustees, who were the committee, very wisely provided the means for the expense, intending to reopen without using any effort to secure money, beyond a simple statement of the cost, &c., and then take a plate collection, but before the night service closed, matters took a turn which rendered the day one of unusual pleasure.

Information having been received that Rev. Dr. E. W. Sehon, of Louisville, Ky., an eloquent minister of the Southern Methodist Episcopal Church, was visiting among old friends in Ohio, the committee sent an urgent telegram for him to come and reopen the church, to which he responded favorably. In view of his having entered the ministry near this city forty-seven years ago, and become a member of the Pittsburgh Conference, and especially his fraternal sentiments at the late Southern General Conference in favor of fraternity with the M. E. Church, the occasion was one of unusual interest. A number of old Methodists had heard him, when he first started to preach, and remembered the eloquent utterings of the "boy preacher," as he commenced to preach when he was nineteen years of age. Dr. Lindlay, of Connellsville, came fifty-seven miles to greet him, as Dr. Sehon had gradnated at the Ohio University, where Dr. Lindlay's father was President.

Quite a large and interesting congregation gathered at the morning service, and the Doctor discoursed eloquently, and with much pathos from these words, "Will God indeed dwell on the earth," at the close of which, Rev. Dr. W. Hunter, editor of the Pittsburgh *Christian Advocate*, offered prayer. Rev. R. T. Miller, the excellent and gentlemanly pastor, called Mr. Jacob B. Hubley, who had borne much of the brunt of the work of supervision, to make a brief statement, after which the collectors passed around and in a little while, with the munificence of an "elect lady," nearly all the sum necessary was received.

In the afternoon a reunion meeting was held at which some of the old pastors and former members united in the services. Rev. Dr. W. Hunter, who had been associated in the pastoral work of this charge about forty years ago, presided, and opened the exercises, after a spiritual prayer by the venerable Rev. Wesley Smith, with a touching history of by-gone years. Rev. Dr. Sehon and Revs. R. T. Miller, J. H. Ebbert, W. A. Davidson, Dr. Lindlay, of Connellsville, and Messrs. R. E. Sellers, W. W. Wallace and James T. Kincaid, Sr., spoke of the tender memories of the past. The latter worthy personage was one of the original members of the church. The afternoon passed away so rapidly that others who designed to speak were prevented. During the exercises, songs of praise were sung with full hearts and voices.

At night, Dr. B. F. Brooke, the eloquent pastor of Christ Methodist Episcopal church, was to have preached, but Dr. Sehon being an old personal friend, he was pressed into work again, Dr. Brooke and his people joining in the service. Notwithstanding the great heat, a large congregation assembled, and Dr. Sehon preached with wonderful power from these words: "Who is the Almighty that I should serve him, and what profit shall I have if I pray unto Him?" It was a sermon that few that heard it will soon forget the utterances of the venerable and eloquent doctor. The question of a new organ was started, and in a short time the sum was raised, and the project which was supposed would cost ten or twelve hundred dollars, reached finally seventeen hundred, and the whole was secured. Mr. Alexander Bradley, part of the time the host of Dr. Sehon, performed a work of kindness that will be remembered, and much might be said of Mr. Joseph Horne, R. E. Sellers, Esq., and others whose names we didn't learn. Dr. Brooke closed with prayer, and afterwards aided in the movement to pay for the organ, etc.

Among the ministers present, besides those named, were Drs. J. L. Read, J. Horner and Watkins, Revs. M. L. Weekly, W. Long, J. H. Ebbert, E. B. Snyder, L. Payne, A. W. Butts, L. McGuire, M. B. Pugh, E. J. Smith.

Words are empty things, sometimes, but in the case of the able and efficient Board of Trustees who managed the matter, we name them here as worthy of much commendation: M. Dravo, J. B. Hubley, J. W. McFarland, W. Wilkinson, William Moore, Sidney Omohundro, Samuel W. Hay, S. S. Kirby. The pastor, Rev. R. T. Miller, deserves honorable mention.

Yesterday morning Dr. Sehon was present at the Preachers' meeting, and addressed the body in his usual felicitous manner, and leaves this morning on the 9:53 A. M. train for Louisville.

ALLIANCE MEETING.

The Newspapers Under Consideration—The Temperance Party and the Taxes.

Yesterday morning a meeting of the Temperance Alliance was held, with Rev. Dr. Swift in the chair.

Rev. Mr. Ferris offered a resolution tendering the thanks of the friends of temperance to most of the papers in the city for their reports of the recent convention of the Women's Christian Union, but condemning the action of one of the city papers, in giving two columns of its space to the Tilton-Beecher scandal, and only "four inches of a *collom* to a report of two sessions of one of the most refined and respectable conventions that ever assembled in our own city."

The resolution was discussed at length and finally laid upon the table.

Mr. Ormond offered another resolution returning thanks to all the papers that had given extended reports of the Convention.

Mr. Hershberger moved to lay on the table. He said he did not consider any such a resolution at all in order. The reporters had come to the Convention, and had given just as much of the space of their papers to the proceedings as they thought proper. They had said nothing either for or against the Convention and its objects, but had reported the proceedings without comment.

The motion to lay on the table was then put and carried.

Mr. Finley, of the Twenty-fourth ward, stated that he had drawn up some resolutions, in a hurried manner, which he would like to offer. They were in reference to the present high taxation.

The Chair explained that anything of a political nature should come before the Prohibition party and not before the Alliance, as the latter was not at all interested in politics.

Mr. Finley, however, by request, read his resolutions, though no action was taken on them. The resolutions set forth that the muttering thunder of chafed and tax ridden people, call loudly to the Legislature to fix the salaries of the county and municipal officers, and take other measures for reform and economy, which shall prevent taxation from being, as it is now in many instances, in effect confiscation. Mr. Finley explained that this was but a rough draft, but he had merely wished to call the attention of the Alliance to the importance of adopting something of this kind in the platform for the fall campaign.

The resolutions were taken under consideration, and it was promised that they should be brought to the attention of the Executive Committee at the meeting this evening.

The Alliance then adjourned.

THE CITY HALL MEETING.

A Small Attendance—The Pipe Contract Under Consideration.

Yesterday morning, according to announcement, a meeting was held at old City Hall, for the purpose of protesting against the extension or renewal of the Smith pipe contract. The attendance was but small.

On motion of Mr. A. King, Mr. James Kelly, of Wilkinsburg, was called to the chair, and that gentleman explained what he took to be the object of the meeting.

Hon. Thomas Howard then took the floor and explained the object of the meeting to be to taken some action in regard to the Smith pipe contract. He was informed that when this contract was made iron was at about the highest price it had been for years, and any sensible business man must have known, if he had reflected, that it could not have maintained any such price for any length of time. Yet a contract was made at $85 00 a ton for this enormous amount of pipe, the contract extending over several years. He understood that this pipe could now be furnished at $35 00 per ton, and if there has been, as is alleged, a breach in the contract so that the city can get rid of it, he thought it ought to be done.

In conclusion, he offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That we protest against any renewal or extension by Councils of the Smith contract; that it is an outrage on the taxpayers to pay $85 per ton for pipe which can be had for $35, especially so as it is evident Mr. Smith has no legal right to the extension of the contrac, which was grossly wrong in the first place.

On motion the resolution was adopted.

Mr. P. O'Keefe then moved that a committee of three be appointed the resolution to Councils this afternoon. The motion prevailed and the Chair appointed the following committee: Mr. O'Keefe, H. McCullough and Harvey Robinson.

On motion adjourned.

EXAMINATION OF TEACHERS.

When and Where Applicants will be Heard.

The examination of new applicants for teachers' certificates and present teachers for professional certificates will be conducted at the Ralston School House, July 1, 2 and 3 1874, according to the following programme, viz:

Wednesday—History, Grammar, Spelling.
Thursday—Natural Philosophy, Music, Drawing, Theory of Teaching.
Friday—Geography, Arithmetic, Penmanship.

Examinations in Mental Arithmetic and Reading during the Tuesdays as usual.

The following named persons have been appointed a committee to assist in the examination for this year:

T. Jeff. Duncan will examine in History and Orthography.
Thos. H. Douglass, Penmanship and Music.
Andrew Burtt, Grammar and Reading.
Benjamin Jones, Drawing and Mental Arithmetic.

The examination in arithmetic, algebra, natural philosophy, theory of teaching and other branches will be by the Superintendent.

DISTRESSING FATAL ACCIDENT.

A Little Child Run Over and Instantly Killed.

About one o'clock yesterday afternoon a most distressing accident occurred at Twenty-sixth and Penn streets, resulting in the almost instant death of a little boy eight years of age, named William Bott. The family resides on Fiftieth street, in the Eighteenth ward, and the little fellow had taken his father's dinner to him at his place of employment, the Star Brick Works, near Twenty-sixth street and the Allegheny river. Upon leaving his father he took advantage of a departing cart filled with fire brick, and took a seat with a driver. While the attention of the driver, John Brown by name, was attracted from the little fellow he fell off, and a wheel of the vehicle ran over his head, killing him almost instantly. The distressing news was taken to the father and to the mother at home, and the shock that the occurrence gave them may be better imagined than described.

Coroner McCallin held an inquest and a verdict of accidental death was rendered.

Not Dead.

We are glad to state that D. G. Steen, the printer who was reported to have died as the result of his fall from a window, is not dead, though [illegible]. The report of his death was [illegible] brought to the Central Station House, but, happily, was unauthentic.

THE ISABELLA FURNACES.

A Stranger's Description of Them.

A special correspondent of the New York *Times*, writing from this city, gives a description of his visit to the celebrated Isabella Furnaces of Messrs Spang, Chalfant & Co. We append a few extracts:

The Isabella Furnaces are located on the Allegheny river, about five miles from Allegheny city, in a suburban village known as Etna borough. They stand on a plot of land about forty acres in extent. They are immediately adjacent to the great rolling mills of Spang, Chalfant & Co., and have all the advantages of the circular railroad running round the village, which is the property of that firm. I took a turn round this railroad in order to take a stroll through the mills of Spang, Chalfant & Co., in company with Mr. Campbell Herron, one of the members of the firm. We rode after the most lordly fashion. There were no Pullman palace cars, not even an ordinary passenger car, nor even a freight or flat car. There was no room for us in the cab of the engine, so we made the journey, in a free and easy way, on the cow-catcher. What the sensation of riding on the cow-catcher at the rate of forty-five miles an hour may be I have yet to learn. At the modest speed of fifteen or twenty miles an hour, I can say that one succumbs to an instinctive tendency to hold on "for grim death." But "familiarity breeds contempt," and my friend, Mr. Herron, created a feeling of unlimited envy in my inmost soul by deliberately crossing one leg over the other, while holding his cigar in one hand, and pointing out objects of interest with the other. Verily, there is an artistic way of riding even on a cow-catcher.

But to return to the furnaces. There they stand, their gigantic stacks looking like mountainous loaves of sugar that have been well tarred or painted ivory black. The bases of these two enormous stacks, which are twenty-seven feet in diameter, are each supported by eight massive cast-iron columns. The walls of the stacks are composed of fire brick and red brick, and are incased in heavy sheets of boiler-plate iron. The capacity of the No. 1 stack is 12,800 cubic feet; that of the No. 2 stack is 14,000 cubic feet. Here is plenty of room for a heavy charge of iron ore, limestone and coke. But the thing to do is to see them actually in blast, and note the fearful power of the various agencies at work. Looking through one of the numerous peep-holes through which, by studying the color of the heat, the Superintendent of the furnaces arrives at the right time to run out, first the slag and then the molten metal, one can easily picture to one's self the burning, fiery furnace, seven times heated, into which Shadrach, Meshech and Abednego were cast for refusing to fall down and worship the golden image which Nebuchadnezzar, the King, had set up. The contemplation of such a flaming heat, far above 1,000 degrees Fahrenheit, is fascinating in the extreme, though one rather shrinks from it, but the workmen pay not the slightest regard to it. And there sits Mr. John Chalfant, the President and General Manager of the Company, in the luxurious office down town, apparently thinking little of the vast powers of nature which are controlled by a word over the private telegraph wire which is at his elbow. A brawny, powerfully-built man, he converses with the utmost ease with such callers as myself; but, let one enter who wants to buy a thousand tons or more of pig iron, and the man changes. His social demeanor and hearty laugh are gone, he settles down at once to the serious business in hand, transacts it quietly, readily, and intelligently, bids the buyer good-day, and is again the social man of the world, offering you the most fragrant Cabannas. No wonder that his firm have been so successful in their long business career; that he is so warmly regarded by his friends and respected by those whose business brings them in contact with him. Under his able management it is not surprising that the Isabella furnaces have been so great a success, and that the pig metal made in them stands so high in the market—nearly all of it being "foundry" iron.

Of the qualities of iron made in these magnificent furnaces it is not within my province to dilate. Suffice it to say that Isabella pig metal bears the highest reputation among consumers of first-class iron. But these furnaces have this great interest for all who take a pride in what must sooner or later become the leading industry of the world, viz.: The American iron trade; they show on what scale iron can be successfully manufactured. Within the experience of iron-masters now living, a ten-ton furnace was a large one; many only made as much as six or seven tons a day. Yet the Isabella furnace makes 150 tons a day. That two moderate-sized furnaces are better than one large one is a principle for which some old-fashioned iron-masters still contend; but the success of the Isabella furnaces is a brick wall in the shape of argument which these gentlemen are unable to climb. It is the old proverb over again: "The proof of the pudding is in the eating."

THE PAY ROLLS.

Number of Employees and Salaries in Different Departments of the City Government.

In response to the resolution of Mr. Aiken, adopted by councils June 22nd, reports were yesterday made to councils showing the number of employees and salaries paid to each in different departments of the city government, as shown below. The reports were not, however, read, and consequently no action was taken.

MAYOR'S OFFICE.

Mayor Blackmore reported that he had but one clerk at a salary of $2,000 per year, fixed by ordinance, and in his judgment the salary is no more than adequate for the labor performed.

City Assessor Phelps reported but one clerk, at $100 per month.

WATER EXTENSION.

Mr. Kennedy, Civil Engineer, reported the following:

Employees.	
J. E. Shields, Hiland, per year	$2,000
R. McClelland, Resident Engineer, Brilliant Hill, per month	$150 00
Goshen P. Low, Jr., Resident Engineer, Herron's Hill	150 00
Three rodmen, each	75 00
Two flagmen, each	60 00
One flagman	50 00
John Brown, Inspector of Embankments	83 30
C. K. Dickson, Inspector of Castings	100 00
Total	$11,760 00

He did not think any of the employees could be discharged without great risk.

George W. Wilson Esq., President of the Board of Fire Commissioners reported the following:

	Salary for year.
1 Chief Engineer	$1,680 00
1 Assistant Engineer	1,380 00
1 Secretary	1,000 00
1 Superintendent of Telegraph	1,200 00
3 Operators, each	900 00
1 Repair man	900 00
1 Store keeper	1,260 00
1 Fuel wagon driver	900 00
13 Foremen, each	1,020 00
10 Engineers, each	1,000 00
14 Drivers, each	930 00
53 Hosemen, each	900 00
12 Ladder men, each	900 00
Total yearly salaries	$105,800 00

These salaries are authorized by ordinances, and in the opinion of the Board, only due compensation for valuable and meritorious services. The rates, while over some cities, are under many.

CITY CONTROLLER.

Controller Snodgrass reported the following:

One Chief Clerk	$2,000
One Assistant	900
Total	$2,900

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE.

City Treasurer Magee responded, by reporting as follows:

Two clerks, each	$2,000
One clerk	1,200
One clerk	1,000
Eleven temporary clerks at $100 per month	3,850
Three additional clerks during July, August and part of September	750
Total	$10,800

No reduction can be made until September next.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE.

Construction Corps, fifteen employees, total per month	$1,095 33
Survey Corps, eighteen employees, salary per month	1,281 66
Registry Department, six employees, at a total salary per month	470 00
Street Opening Department, two employees, at a total monthly salary of	150 00

Making a total of forty-one employes and the total salary of $2,962 per month.

The City Engineer does not consider the force too large, nor the salaries paid too high.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds have been filed of record in County Recorder Richardson's office since our last report:

James C. Peancy to John Penney, June 23, 1874, tract of land in South Versailles township. Price....$5,000

James C. Penney to Rebecca A. Penney, June 23, 1874, tract of land in South Versailles township. Price....$5,000

Jno. Penney to James C. Penney, June 22, 1874, tract of land in South Versailes township. Price....$5,000

Wm. J. Kiddo et al. to Peter Boyer, March 1, 1873, piece of land in Snowdon township. Price....$300

Thos. D. Hamilton to James Lynch, June 23, 1874, lot of ground in Kilbuck township. Price....$2,608

Joseph O'Conuor Campbell to Mathew Campbell, February 21, 1872, lot of ground in East Birmingham on Sarah street. Price....$1,500

Philip Schumber to John Schmidtiel, May 15, 1872, lot of ground in Allegheny city, being part of lots Nos. 83 and 84, in a plan of lots laid out by Wm. Robinson, in Spring Garden. Price....$700

John B. Robinson to Amond Fierie, June 1, 1872; lot of ground on the south-western corner of Franklin and Fulton streets, in the Sixth ward of Allegheny. Price....$3,000

William Penn Building and Loan Association to Ernst Koch, January 15, 1874, lot of ground in the Twenty-seventh ward, city. Price....$1,300

Robert Stewart to Mrs. Ann Jane Crumrine, April 11, 1873, lot of ground in the Nineteenth ward, city, being lot No. 1 in Mellon's plan o Rural avenue. Price....$90

Lewis Elsesser to Addison Lysle, June 16, 1874, lot of ground on Page street, in the Fifth ward of Allegheny. Price....$1,000

Samuel Hamilton to William Hamilton, November, 1873, lot of ground in North Versailes township. Price....$225

John Walker, Jr., to James G. Blaine, the one undivided third part of two certain tracts of land in Forward township. Price....$5,700

Homestead Bank and Life Insurance Co. to Arthur W. Howfield, June 19, 1862, lot of ground No. 63 in North Homestead, Wilkins township. Price....$1,000

Wm. Magill to James Applegate, August 12, 1875; all the interest of certain parties to two parts of lots No. 150 and 151 in Samuel Walker's upper extension of Elizabeth borough. Price....$165

Homestead Bank and Life Insurance Co. to C. I. Wendt and Agnes S. Wendt, June 16, 1874, lots Nos. 4, 5 and 6 in Homestead Park. Price....$1,500

David Aiken to Alex. V. Verner, May 25, 1874, lot of ground on Ellsworth avenue in the Twentieth ward, city. Price....$6,500

Thos. O'Reilley to Isabella Maclean, September 13, 1873, lot of ground on Quince alley in the Sixth ward city. Price....$1,500

Thomas Conroy to Right Rev. Michael Domenec, September 1, 1873, lot of ground on Neville avenue, city. Price....$600

Chas. A. Murray and Edward Sullivan to Right Rev. M. Domenec, September 1, 1873, eight lots in the Thirty-second ward, city, beginning at corner of Halpin and Neville streets. Price....$16,000

Muscular Patrick.

Yesterday Pat. Murphy, Patrick the celebrated and historical, identified with the fame of Allegheny, signalized himself anew. He got into a fight with a grocer on Robinson street, near Craig. Patrick is old and worn, but he succeeded in achieving a victory in the present case. He hit the grocer over the head with a club, producing a phrenological development heretofore unknown. Then, we regret to say, Pat ran, and made very good his escape. The injured grocer came before Alderman Bailey, with the purpose of making information for assault and battery, but thought better of it, and no information was made.

Snowden & Kemp's

Cracker [illegible] Bread Bakery is at Nos. 29 and 31 Seventh [illegible] street, where their wholesale customers [illegible] be supplied. The retail store is at corner [illegible] and Seventh streets. Fresh bread daily.

[illegible] Works for the Fourth.

[illegible] Jackson crackers, and fire [illegible] every description, go to Snowden & [illegible] corner of Penn and Seventh streets.

ALLEGHENY WATER COMMITTEE.

Meeting Last Night—Business Transacted.

Last evening the Water Committee of Allegheny Councils held a meeting.

The petition for water mains on Howard avenue, Seventh ward, was considered, and it was decided to report upon it favorably.

Resolutions were adopted instructing the Superintendent to lower the water mains on Troy Hill road, and to lay water mains on Troy Hill road, from Eberhardt's brewery to Oemler's line, the work in both instances to be done at once.

A petition for water pipe on Lane alley. Committee report favorably.

Petition for water main on Belmont street. Referred to Superintendent to examine.

Resolution to lay pipe on Knox street. Laid over until committee can visit the place.

Petition for water pipe on Veto street, in the Second ward. Committee report favorably.

Petition for water pipe on Clark street. Referred to Superintendent for examination.

Petition for water main on Adams street, Sixth ward, below Preble avenue. Referred to Superintendent to examine.

Petition for water pipe on Windsor street. Committee report favorably.

Exonerations asked for were considered and acted upon.

The report on the condition of the Lowry pumping engine was received. It is estimated that about six weeks will be required to make the necessary repairs. Messrs. Hartupee & Co. were instructed to proceed at once with the work of repair.

We may state here that Superintendent Paul stated, in conversation, his full confidence in the worth of the engine and in its ultimate success.

EDUCATIONAL.

Meeting of Committees in Allegheny.

Last night the Committee on Special Instruction, from the Allegheny Board of School Controllers, met with Mr. James Parke, Jr., in the chair. The chairman presented his written report on music, drawing, calisthenics, &c., to be presented at the meeting of the Board on next Tuesday evening. The report was considered at some length, and its views coincided in by those present. No further business was transacted.

The Committee on Text Books, from the Board of Control, also met, with Mr. McCance in the chair. It was decided to drop from the list of text books, Dean's Intellectual Arithmetic. It was also decided to introduce Guyot's Grammar School Geography, to take the place of the Intermediate and Common School Elementary Geographies, being taught from the wall maps. The introduction is to be effected gradually, as new classes are formed. No other business was done.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

ADVANCED corn is tasseling.

MENAGERIE and circus this week.

"DOG-DAYS" and dog-catching time are here.

FOURTH of July on Saturday. Hurrah boys! hurrah!

MONEY can be borrowed at a cheap rate of interest now.

WHEAT cutting has commenced in portions of this county.

FLORAL gardens are suffering from the protracted dry weather.

MARRIAGEABLE young ladies are described to be patrons of husbandry.

PAY your county taxes to-day, and get a reduction of ten per cent.

How to avoid sun-stroke—keep in the shade, and never quarrel with your mother-in-law.

THE water was on Sunday turned into the mains on Fifth avenue, East End, and the supply in that vicinity will now be abundant.

THIS afternoon at two o'clock the adjourned meeting of the creditors of the Allegheny Valley roilroad will be held at Lafayette Hall.

A MAUD MULLER laughed heartily at a young hay-maker when the yellow jackets got up his nankeen trousers. But when they got up her'n, 'twas no joke.

THE hay-making season is about over. Broad acres of golden grain are awaiting the reaper's sickle, the swinging cradle and the noisy reaping machine.

NICHOLAS MILLER, a youth arrested on Sunday evening for disorderly conduct in the Allegheny Parks, was last evening fined a dollar and costs by Mayor Fleming.

ON SUNDAY two boys were out skiff riding at Port Perry, when they approached too near the dam and their skiff upset. People on shore saw the accident and rescued the boys.

A YOUNG girl of Millvale station is reported to have attempted suicide last week by taking Paris green. Antidotes were administered, and she is now recovering. Her mother scolded her, was the reason of the attempt.

YESTERDAY morning Mayor Blackmore heard five cases of the Board of Health against the denizens of an alley on Webster avenue, who are charged with keeping the alley in a filthy condition. A fine of two dollars and costs was imposed in each case.

GEORGE ERDNER had a hearing before Mayor Fleming, of Allegheny, yesterday morning, on a charge of renting a house for improper purposes. The accused was held in the sum of $500 to appear at court.

YESTERDAY W. B. Ross made six informations before Allegheny Aldermen, charging John Gertman, Joseph Lofink, Sr., Joseph Lofink, Jr., —— Heddell, Michael Koontz, and John Gorghart with Sunday liquor selling. Hearings will be had to-day.

PETER LAKE was arrested last evening on Spring Garden avenue, Allegheny, for breaking windows. It is stated that, in the exuberance of his spirits he broke twenty-five panes of glass. Then he was brought in a wagon to the lock-up, where he now remains.

A MEETING will be held in the Mt. Washington school house on Wednesday evening of tax-payers of the Twenty-seventh, Thirty-first, Thirty-second and Thirty-fifth wards, for the purpose of taking into consideration the legality of certain taxes levied in these wards.

TO-MORROW evening the Water Committee will hold a meeting when a decision will be reached as to whether water pipes will be laid on Liberty street. If they decide not to do so, Street Commissioner Hunter will begin the work of improving the throughfare on Thursday.

"YOUNG men," said an inebriate as he staggered into the midst of a dozen clerks in a wholesale establishment in this city yesterday; "young men, here I am. All I have ever had in the world I've sold for a glass of rum and a cigar!" The forcibleness of this laconic speech is only equaled by its brevity.

IT is reported that Mr. French, of this city, who left here on Sunday morning, on the Pacific express, lost two hundred and fifty dollars in money and papers representing eleven thousand dollars, between Altoona and Harrisburg. His pocket-book containing the money is supposed to have dropped to the floor of the car while he was asleep.

A NUMBER of old graves have been discovered at the mouth of Squaw Run, this side of Claremont. One of the graves had a tombstone with the name of John Landsdown, died 1808, aged 67 years, very plainly inscribed thereon. The rest of the tombstones were so badly decayed that it was impossible to read what was inscribed thereon.

LOUIS BELL, the colored man who attempted to commit suicide, was yesterday arrested, being charged by W. A. Streanger, a painter, with the larceny of a lot of painter's material, valued at about $75. The officer made a search of Bell's room at No. 54 Fourth avenue, and discovered a large number of articles, supposed to have been stolen. Among them were over one hundred books.

Pittsburgh Monumental

Granite Works, corner Penn avenue and Thirty-second street.

DODDS & CASKEY.

Hello! Boys!

Go to Snowden & Kemp's, corner Penn and Seventh streets, and get a hat full of crackers, torpedoes, etc., etc., and be happy. Fiz!—bang! hurrah!

ST. JAMES HOTEL.

Liberty Street, Opposite Union Depot.

Persons coming into the city by rail, will find the St. James Hotel, Liberty street, opposite the Union depot, a very comfortable as well as very convenient place at which to stop. The house is newly built, furnished in the best style, and admirably kept. Whether visitors come for business or pleasure, the location will be found accessible, and the facilities for getting meals cannot be excelled, as the hotel is conduted on the European plan—you can order what you want at any time, and only pay for what you order. The house is convenient to the Union Depot, where all the principal railways center, and is in the business heart of the city. The principal places of amusement are only a few squares distant. Mr. J. K. Lanahan, the gentlemanly and popular proprietor, has built up a large custom, by attending promptly to the wants and wishes of his guests, giving them every possible comfort for very reasonable compensation, and making them feel perfectly at home during their stay. We commend the St. James to the patronage of the traveling public.

Money Saved is Money Earned;

and any one using Duryeas' "Satin Gloss Starch" and "Improved Corn Starch" *will* save money. TThs

A New Confectionery.

Messrs. Snowden & Kemp, the well known cracker bakers, 29 and 31 Seventh street, in order to accommodate their retail trade, have opened a retail store at the corner of Penn and Seventh street, where they have a large stock of crackers, cakes, confectionery, etc. Their family bread is so good that they are taxed to supply the demand.

Fourth of July Goods,

In full supply at Snowden & Kemp's, Penn avenue and Seventh street.

Lippincott's Keystone Soda Fountains.

In the above-named apparatus the wants of the trade have been carefully studied, and we now present an apparatus in which purity, strength and durability are combined with unequaled workmanship and elegance of design. Before purchasing, please call and examine our samples or send for catalogue. We are able to present many new and elegant designs, and this season have many novel features to produce never before brought out. We also deal in every article appertaining to the business, more specially a full line of extra choice fruit essences of the following flavors, in pound bottles, at low prices:

Vanilla,	Raspberry,	Ginger,
Lemon,	Pineapple,	Sarsaparilla,
Strawberry,	Orange,	Fruit Acid,
Orgeat,	Sherbet,	Peach,
Nectar,	Hock,	Rose,
Coffee,	Chocolate,	Blackberry.

In an effort to produce an attractive apparatus, we have not lost sight of the essential point of a good apparatus—viz: purity of production. This has had our closest attention. Every part coming in contract with soda water or syrups is thoroughly coated with pure silver or block tin. Don't forget to call at McClarren & McKennan's drug store, No. 85 Market street, Pittsburgh.

House and Sign Painting,

The best and cheapest in the city, at John T. Gray's, No. 54 Ninth street. TThs

It is Hard to Please Every One,

but Duryeas' "Satin Gloss Starch" and "Improved Corn Starch" does it. All good housekeepers say it is just the thing. Sold by grocers generally.

TITUSVILLE, December 9, 1871.—Duryeas' Starch has proved itself to be the best we have ever used, and cheerfully recommend it as superior in gloss and whiteness to any that has ever been introduced in this market

Yours truly,
BRACE BROS.,
Proprietors Titusville Steam Laundry.

T TH

The New Colonnade Hotel,

Philadelphia, Pa., has a well deserved popularity.

DIED:

REDMAN—On Monday, June 29, 1874, WALTER, eldest son of John W. and Annie Redman, aged eleven years and eleven days.

Funeral THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of his parents, on Sidney street, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second streets, South Side.

LIVINGSTON & CO.,
Manufacturers of LIGHT Grey Iron
Castings,
Plain, Japanned, Bronzed, Coppered or Galvanized.
Light Work our Specialty.
Office and Works near Outer Depot, ALLEGHENY CITY. Postoffice address, Lock Box 302 Pittsburgh, Pa. MWF

THE W. U. P. [illegible]

To, In and From Cincinnati—Enthusiasm in Parting From New Made Friends—Safe to Louisville.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

PALACE COACH, BOUND FROM CINCINNATI TO LOUISVILLE,
June 27, 1874.

We entered Cincinnati last night without the loss of a man, woman, infant or bandbox.

But to take up the thread where I left off yesterday. Conductor Hottel turned us over at Columbus to the good hands of Conductor G. H. McFarland, Mr. John Clyne being his engneer. Columbus distinguished herself by giving us a very good supper. Here too, Capt. Rohrbacker was furnished with a document from our never-to-be-forgotten friend, William L. O'Brien, Esq., General Ticket and Passenger Agent, that seemed to have a most potent charm in securing for us the best possible treatment.

At this point we strike the Little Miami Railroad, running through to Cincinnati. The scenery is quiet along the level counties of Franklin—watered by the beautiful Scioto—Madison, Clark and Greene. We barely touch Clarke county. Of the others, the county towns are Columbus, London and Xenia, respectively. The Little Miami Valley opens up before us as we enter Warren county. Fort Ancient, sixty-one miles east of Cincinnati, reminds us that we are traveling through most interesting Indian mound country. The old fort, so called, which gives the name to the station, is as Mr. McFarland informed me, about six miles in circumference and has been the object of much antiquarian research.

Twenty-three miles run, at a high speed through Hamilton County, brought us, on schedule time, I believe, to Cincinnati, its county seat. In three squads, so as not to disturb the drowsy city by our thunder's tramp, we marched up to the Merchants' hotel, where, with a promptness that did credit to the efficiency of its management, and to Captain Rohrbacher's thoughtfulness in telegraphing ahead a description of our party, we were all put to bed. The boys spent but little breath or time in superfluous remarks, and it was a surprise to the writer to see how so fifty-eight mighty intellects—say fifty-seven, for personal reasons—could be brought down to the commonplace level of gaming and snoring.

Thus ended one day's history in the chronicles of the W. U. P. excursion of '74. The only casualty reported the representative of the press, was the melancholy death, by the locomotive, of three pigs of tender years that we left for the coroner to dispose of.

To-day has been a busy one. No restraint was put upon the movements of the students, care being taken only that they should return in time for dinner and the train. Some went to the magnificent synagogue, corner of Mound and Eighth streets, and were at times awed and at times thrilled by the sweet and solemn tones of that ancient liturgy. These again, and probably all the others, ran up the Inclined Plane, and refreshed themselves with a view of the city, and ice cream. A large squad waited on our old friend the Rev. Dr. James R. Newell, with whom there was an interchange of highly rhetorical salutations, Captain Rohrbacker, speaking in the present instance, the English tongue the vehicle for conveying the sentiments of his heart. Here were must talk of Pittsburgh, and the most delicious of spring water. The magnificent fountain of Cincinnati was the theme of universal and unbounded admiration. Unfortunately, their bronze majesties, not having received word of our coming, could give us but a dry reception.

Just before dinner there were three accessions to our party, Messrs. Wm. M. Culbertson, Samuel F. Kerr and Jas. P. Wilson, Jr. Mr. Stengel's route diverged at this point from that of the party so that we now number an even sixty.

Dinner was accomplished with entire satisfaction to at least one party in the transaction. Indeed, the only circumstance that broke in upon the calm composure of your correspondent's frame of mind was a sudden outburst of enthusiasm on the part of the well-dined students in the clerk's office as the cases respectively of Messrs. E. Henry Carter and George W. Brown, proprietors, and of their courteous clerks were called up for final action.

There was a slight *contretemps* in going down to the train, two articles of the hand baggage of one group of excursionists having been left in a street car, but I have no fear but that the two young gentlemen who remained behind to recover the property will join us in a few hours, "ppified," and happifying too, for that matter, for there are some in the present company who feel an interest in that baggage.

We are now on what is called the Cincinnati Southern Fast Line, leaving New York, for example, yesterday at 9:35 A. M., and reaching Louisville at 7:15 this evening, making there important Southern connections. Our conductor, Mr. S. P. Vris, proves to be a worthy successor of his worthy predecessors. Mr. James McLean is running Engine 38 for us at a lively rate.

I almost wish I had not called the scenery of yesterday beautiful, for I have no adjective left for to-day. Aside from its feature, the road is an interesting one for tourists. The bridge that takes us over from Cincinnati to Covington is a splendid piece of bridge architecture. Mr. Vris states that one span is longer than any one elsewhere found in a *truss* bridge, being a sheer length of four hundred feet. From this, too, there is in view a beautiful bridge across to Newport, lower down, and across the Licking from Covington. E. S. Taylor, late of our University Engineering Department, called my attention to some interesting features in the bridges, he, true to the instinct of his profession, having devoted a part of this morning to an examination of them. The road was mainly engineer, one may say, by the Ohio, and is curved perpendicularly and horizontally to a degree marvellous to see. We follow the Licking for three miles; enter then the valley of the Bank Lick, which manages to get run over by our engine and ourselves just fourteen times. Trestle No. 12 is a dizzy affair. It is 112 feet high and 340 feet long. We run along Eagle creek for twenty miles, and at its mouth cross the Kentucky river. Then we climb up the Mill creek grade for ten miles. At Peewee, in a valley of the same name, there is a prominent female school under charge of Rev. Dr. Sloan, of the P. [illegible] church, while at Anchorage, five miles further on, Rev. Dr. Hill, of the Presbyterian church has a similar institution. Thence on to Louisville we pass through the famously rich Beargrass region.

At Beard's Station, twenty miles from Louisville, we took on a Sabbath School excursion party of about 200, including enough pretty young East Baptist young ladies from that city to create a marked sensation all around me.

Conductor Norris assures me that we can have Tuesday unbroken at the cave, take the train up from Glasgow Junction at 10 Wednesday morning, leave Louisville at 2:25 P. M., and reach Pittsburgh Thursday morning.

Sixty hearts salute Pittsburgh, Allegheny, Sewickley and suburbs as I wind up the thread of my story for the week. We are all nicely roomed at the Galt House. C.

OHIO NEWS.

Three hundred men are employed at the Bellaire Nail Works.

None of the six Cleveland rolling mills are now running on full time.

They are arranging for the removal of the county seat in Mahoning county.

Two out of the three wholesale liquor houses in Tiffin have closed their doors for want of business.

Three fat sheep, shipped from New London last week, weighed respectively 230, 210 and 130 pounds.

The total clip for Tuscarawas county will be only about 400,000 pounds, a falling off of 20,000 pounds from last year.

During the crusade fever in Findlay, between $6,000 and $7,000 were subscribed by the temperance people to back the ladies. Last week they needed some money to pay lawyers' fees, carriage hire, etc., and concluded to call for five per cent. which would have yielded from $300 to $350. A collector was sent around, and after working for three days succeeded in getting just $8 50.

At a diocesan convention at Gambier, on Thursday, after the commencement exercises at the college, it was resolved to divide the State into Northern and Southern dioceses. After this subject was disposed of, Bishop Bedell notified the convention that for some time past his determination had been to remove his official residence to Cleveland. This announcement he had not made before, as he did not wish to do so until the convention had decided upon the division of the State.

The Pomeroy *Telegraph* says: Our readers have already been informed of the boring of a well for oil, now in progress on the farm of Mr. John T. Caldwell, of Letart, this (Meigs) county. The well has reached a depth of 280 feet. At the depth of 250 feet a 6½ foot vein of coal was struck. Below this is 3½ feet of rock. Then comes 26½ feet lead ore mixed with what appears to be sandstone rock and iron pyrites. The lead ore was brought up in small square pieces, and appears to be quite pure. On heating some of them in a tinner's furnace they were found to melt freely, and yielded about 50 per cent. of what appears to be soft lead. We have some specimens of the ore in our office, for the inspection of the curious.

THE most approved style of cremation has been invented by a Leipsic professor, and is simple, pious and cheap. The corpse is lowered into a smoothly walled room where no other objects can be found. Nothing touches it but the air, heated to a whiteglow intensity, the oxygen of which combines with atoms of the organic structure. Only the ashes remain, and these can be gathered up unmixed with foreign substances. The cost of burning a body by this process is about two dollars. An architect is engaged in constructing a cremation oven according to this model in Dresden, and if the prospective trials prove satisfactory the communes of both Dresden and Leipsic have declared their readiness to adopt the system.

ADDITIONAL RIVER DISPATCHES.

NASHVILLE, June 29.—River on a stand; one foot eight inches on shoals.

CAIRO, June 29.—Arrived—Henry Ames, St. Louis; Helena, Vicksburg. Departed—Mary Louise, Cincinnati; Mary Alice, New Orleans; Helena, St. Louis. River fourteen feet eight inches and falling. Weather cloudy; mercury 84.

EVANSVILLE, June 29.—Weather chiefly clear to-day; heavy wind last night; mercury 77 to 90. Port list—Down: Shippers Own, Bowling Green, Frank B. Gracey, Mary Ament and Idlewild. Up—Arkansas Belle, George Roberts, Morning Star, J. N. Miller and Sandy. Business light.

MEMPHIS, June 29.—A dispatch from Hot Springs, Arkansas, says: Billy Davis, a well-known river bar-keeper, was shot and mortally wounded, on Saturday, by Captain Bill Forrest. No particulars. There was a heavy rain and thunder storm south of here this evening. River fell five inches. Generally clear during the day, with a storm in the evening. Departed—Belle Memphis, St. Louis and Cincinnati. Arrived—Mary Miller, Memphis; Thomas Sherlock, New Orleans.

ST. LOUIS, June 29.—Arrived—Lady Lee, Peoria; Grafton, Missouri river; Capitol City, Vicksburg; Kountz, Maude and City of Alton, New Orleans; Minneapolis, St. Paul; Dolphin, Illinois river. Departed—Rock Island, St. Paul; Chester, Memphis; Lady Lee and Dolphin, Illinois river; Addie Johnson, Galena; Harry Johnson, Keokuk. River falling steadily. Weather clear and cooler.

LOUISVILLE, June 29.—River stationary with 4 feet 9 inches in canal, and 2 feet in Indian chute. Arrived—John S. Bransford, Cumberland river; Bermuda, Evansville; Shamrock and barges, Ironton. Departed—Bermuda, Cincinnati. Weather pleasant and clear. Business dull.

NEW ORLEANS, June 29.—Arrived—John Kyle, St. Louis. No departures. Weather clear; thermometer 89.

VICKSBURG, June 29.—Up—Bismarck. Down—Shannon, Commonwealth and Frank Pargoud. Arrived—St. Genevieve. Weather warm and clear. River fell 3 inches.

Cotton Markets.

NEW ORLEANS, June 28.—Cotton—demand slack; sales 1,000 bales; prices ⅛c lower; good ordinary to great good ordinary 14⅝@15⅜c; low middling to strict low middling 15⅞@16⅝c; middling to strict middling 16⅞@17¼c; good middling 18⅛@18¼c. Receipts 812 bales. No ports; stock 41,607; unsold last evening 30,300.

MOBILE, June 29.—Market nominal—offerings light; middling 16¾. Net receipts 214 bales. Exports—Great Britain 3,100 bales; coastwise 154; stock 5,672.

GALVESTON, June 29.—Market quiet and unchanged; good ordinary 15c. Net receipts 135 bales. Exports—coastwise 172 bales; sales 130; stock 6,587 bales.

SAVANNAH, June 29.—Market dull and nominal; middling 16¼c. Net receipts 102 bales; gross 102 bales. Exports—coastwise 1,959 bales; sales 37 bales; stock 11,598.

CHARLESTON, June 27.—Market dull; middling 16c; low middling 15¾c; good ordinary 14⅞c. Net receipts 108 bales. Expert—coastwise 59 bales; sales 100 bales; stock 9,652 bales.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, June 29.—Cattle—Receipts 5,000 head. The market is dull and lower on all descriptions; good to choice steers selling at $5 45@6 15; extra $6 25@6 50; through Texans $2 50@3 00; shipments 1,500 head.

Hogs—Receipts 12,000 head. The market active and higher at $5 30@6 25 for poor to choice; closed dull and the advance lost, $5 25@6 15 being the closing figures; shipments 6,000 head.

Sheep—Receipts 900 head. Market dull and nominally unchanged; $2 50@4 50 for fair to choice.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, June 29.—Wheat dull but unchanged. Corn dull but steady at 70@72c. Oats quiet at 53@55c. Petroleum firm and steady; standard white, in car lots, 10½c; Ohio State test to 150 deg. 13½c.

Oldest Ins. Co. in America.
ASSETS, $3,975,762 25.
Ins. Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WILLIAM L. JONES, 84 Fourth Ave.

STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD LINE—THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS, between New York and Liverpool, calling at Cork Harbor.
Sailing Every Wednesday and Saturday.
THE GREAT FLEET OF 1874.
SCOTIA, RUSSIA, BOTHINA, SCYTHIA, CUBA, ALGERIA, ABYSSINNIA, JAVA CHINA, CALABRIA.
RATES OF PASSAGE:
CABIN—$80, $100, $130, Gold. Excursion Tickets at Reduced Rates.
STEERAGE rates unsettled. Passengers will more than serve their interest by booking at my office.
Passengers also booked to and from Hamburg, Bremen, Sweden, &c., at low rates.
DRAFTS issued at Lowest Rates.
For Cabin or Steerage Passage apply to
JOHN J. McCORMICK, Agent,
Smithfield street and Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE, &C.

FOR SALE.
WHEELBARROWS,
FOR RAILROAD CONTRACTORS, BRICK MAKERS, STONE MASONS, STORES AND GARDENERS. Manufactured in large numbers, and for sale cheap, at
DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS,
Corner Craig Street and Allegheny River, two Squares below Suspension Bridge.
C. COLEMAN & SON.

FOR SALE OR RENT—
COUNTRY PROPERTY.
A Dwelling of 7 Rooms, Hall and Kitchen, with one, two or three Acres of Ground, immediately at Fair Oaks Station, P., Ft. W. and C. R. R. A Stable and Henery on the premises, and an abundance of water for household purposes, and of large and small Fruit. Time to city from 40 to 45 minutes. A Board Walk to the Station. Apply to J. M. STONER, 158 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh.

CORDWOOD.
FOUR HUNDRED CORDS GOOD, WELL-SEASONED HARD WOOD, MAPLE AND OAK, one year cut, for sale.
Apply to SAMUEL RIDDLE.
32 Wood street.

PLUMBING SHOP FOR SALE,
IN YOUNGSTOWN, OHIO.
I offer my entire stock of Plumbing Materials and Gas Fixtures for sale on long time, with security, or will trade for Real Estate in most any part of the county. Stock about $4,000, in good order. Shop doing a fair business. Address
A. J. PACKARD, Youngstown, O.

PROPOSALS.

Proposals for Re-modeling and Re-seating the Hall of the Senate of Pennsylvania, at Harrisburg.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF CLERK,
SENATE OF PENNSYLVANIA,
Harrisburg, June 24, 1874.

In pursuance of an act of General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved 16th day of March, 1874, sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Chief Clerk until WEDNESDAY, JULY 8TH, 1874, at noon, for the work and materials necessary in re-modeling and re-seating the Hall of the Senate and adjoining rooms. The proposals to be opened at Harrisburg, and the contract awarded to the lowest responsible bidder, on THURSDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1874.

The successful bidder or bidders, shall, before entering upon the performance of his or their contract, (which shall have been approved by the Governor, Auditor General and State Treasurer,) give a bond with sufficient security on such terms as may be prescribed by the Attorney General for the faithful performance of the obligations of such contract.

All contracts awarded and approved, and all bonds given for their faithful performance, will be filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Proposals will be received for furnishing all the materials and doing all the work required to complete the alterations in the several adjoining rooms, and in the basement, and preparing the floor of the Hall of the Senate for the Desks, and the Lobbies for the Seats.

Separate Proposals will also be received for the necessary Desks, Window Shades and Seats, required in the Hall and Lobbies.

Also, for the Carpenter Work, Plastering, Plumbing and Gas Fitting, Plain Painting and Glazing.

Plans and specifications for the foregoing can be examined at the office of L. M. Simon, Architect, Harrisburg.

Sealed proposals, with colored designs, will also be received at the same time and place for Frescoing the Hall of the Senate.

Proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Remodeling and Reseating the Hall of the Senate of Pennsylvania," and directed to

RUSSELL ERRETT.
Chief Clerk Senate of Pennsylvania.

Directed in the care of
SULLIVAN S. CHILD,
Librarian Senate,
Harrisburg, Pa.

NEW JEWELRY STORE.
T. P. BEDILION & CO.,
DEALERS IN
SOLID SILVER WARE,
American and Foreign Watches,
DIAMONDS, CHAINS, SETS OF JEWELRY, &c.,
NO. 75 SMITHFIELD STREET.
SPECIALTY—REPAIRING OF FINE WATCHES.

BARBOUR'S
Non-Explosive Head-Light Oil,
ONLY 25 CENTS PER GALLON.
BARBOUR & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS.
Also, Agents for TESSY'S PATENT REFLECTING LAMP BURNER.
Office No. 1 DUQUESNE WAY.

$300,000.
[MI]SSOURI STATE LOTTERIES!
Legalized by State Authority and
DRAWN IN PUBLIC IN ST. LOUIS.
[A] Single Number Scheme of 50,000 Nos.
Draws the Last Day of Each Month.
[CAP]ITAL PRIZE, $50,000.
[5,]380 PRIZES, amounting to $300,000.
Tickets, $10; Halves, $5; Quarters, $2 50.
[G]reat Combination Scheme, with a Capital [of] $32,500, and 32,396 Prizes, amounting to [illegible]. Draws every Saturday during the year.
Tickets, $10; Halves, $5; Quarters, $2 50.
[illegible] for Tickets and Circulars,
MURRAY, MILLER & CO., Managers,
[P. O.] Box 2,446. ST. LOUIS, MO.

[J.] SULLIVAN & CO.,
Commission [and] Produce Merchants,
DEA[LERS IN]
[A]LL KINDS OF COUNT[RY PR]ODUCE,
92 LIBERTY STREET.

FLOUR.
Best Brands of Winter and Spring Wheat Flour,
In store and to arrive. For sale by
D. WALLACE.

AMUSEMENTS.

DAN R[ICE'S]
CIRCUS!
ONE WEEK,
Commencing Friday, July 3d,
Robinson's Lot.
50 FIRST-CLASS PERFORMERS.
DAN RICE IN THE RING!
FOUR POPULAR CLOWNS!
Three Grand Performances on July 4th.
Doors open at 9 A. M. and and 7 P. M.
Admission 50 cents. Children under 10 years 25c.

UNION PARK.
FOURTH OF JULY.
Great National Games!
Hippodromical Sports!
Tournament on Horseback!
ACROBATIC AND GYMNAS[TIC] PERFORMANCES.
50,000 Presents Given A[way]
MAMMOTH $3,000 EXHIBITION [OF] FIRE WORKS!
For particulars see Programmes.
JNO. M. KIN[NEY],
Agent and Business M[anager].

CONSERVATORY OF MUS[IC].

AMERICAN CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,
29 and 31 Fifth Avenue.
PIANO, VIOLIN, SINGING, FLUTE, CORNET, HARMONY, &c.,
TAUGHT BY THE BEST MASTERS.
Students may begin at any time.
Circulars at the Office and Music Stores.
Evening Lessons in all Branches.

RACING.

MONONGAHELA CITY PARK ASSOCIATION.
GRAND INAUGURATION.
THIRD AND FOURTH OF JULY, 1874.
$2,000 Premiums Offered.
One of the best half mile tracks in the State. New Stands, Stabling, Fountains and Buildings complete. Excursion Tickets will be issued by the Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railway—four trains daily each way. Also, the Pittsburgh, Brownsville and Geneva Packet Company will issue Excursion Tickets. Send for Programme.
I. S. CRALL, President.
Monongahela City, Pa., June 20, 1874.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—

On and after SUNDAY, JUNE 28TH, 1874. Trains will leave Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows: CITY TIME.

MAIN LINE EASTWARD.

Pacific Express daily, except Monday, at 2:36 a.m., arriving at Harrisburg 11:35 a.m., Philadelphia 3:35 p.m., New York 6:35 p.m.

Day Express daily, at 7:26 a.m., arriving at Harrisburg 3:05 p.m., Philadelphia 6:40 p.m., New York 9:30 p.m., Baltimore 7:35 p.m., Washington 9:32 p.m.

Mail Train daily, except Sunday, 7:46 a.m., arriving at Harrisburg 8:15 p.m.

Cincinnati Express daily, at 12:21 p.m., arriving at Harrisburg 10:40 p.m., Philadelphia 2:50 a.m., New York 6:45 a.m., Baltimore 2:40 a.m., Washington 6:20 a.m.

Philadelphia Express daily, except Sunday, 4:21 p.m., arriving at Harrisburg 2:50 a.m., Philadelphia 6:30 a.m., New York 9:45 a.m., Baltimore 6:45 a.m., Washington 8:42 a.m.

Fast line daily, at 6:26 p.m., arriving at Harrisburg 2:45 a.m., Philadelphia, 6:40 a.m., New York 9:45 a.m., Baltimore 6:45 a.m., Washington 8:42 a.m.

Wall's Accommodation, 6:06, 10:21, 11:46, a.m., 2:41, 5:41, 6:06 and 11:31 p.m. Sunday, 12:41 p.m.

Brinton Accommodation, 6:46 a.m., 5:01 and 9:21 p.m. Sunday, 9:21 p.m.

Wilkinsburg Accommodation.....4:01 and 7:11 p.m.

Johnstown Accommodation.....3:31 p.m.

MAIN LINE WESTWARD.

Trains arrive at Union Depot (city time) as follows:

Mail Train daily, except Monday.....1:21 a.m.
Fast Line daily, except Monday.....1:41 a.m.
Pittsburgh Express daily, except Monday.....8:41 a.m.
Cincinnati Express daily.....9:06 a.m.
Pacific Express daily.....1:41 p.m.
Way Passenger daily.....8:31 p.m.

Wall's Accommodation 6:36 and 8:21 a.m., 1:21, 2:41, 5:46 and 7:51 p.m. Sunday, 10:01 a.m.

Brinton Accommodation, 7:31 and 9:01 a.m., 7:11 and 11:11 p.m. Sunday, 7:11 p.m.

Wilkinsburg Accommodation.....5:11 and 9:21 p.m.
Johnstown Accommodation.....10:36 a.m.

WEST PENNSYLVANIA DIVISION.

From Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City. City Time:

Mail Train.....6:3[illegible]
Express.....2:1[illegible]
Freeport Accommodation.....9:26 a[illegible]
Springdale Accommodation, 11:21 [illegible]
11:21 p.m. Sunday, 12:51 p.m.
Accommodation for Butler, 6:36 a[illegible]

Trains arrive at Federal Street Depot [illegible]:

Express, connecting from Butler.....[illegible]
Mail Train, connecting from Butler.....[illegible]
Freeport Accommodation.....8:11 a.m. [illegible]
Springdale Accommodation, 6:51 a.m. [illegible]
10:06 p.m. Sunday, 9:51 a.m.

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company [will call] for and check baggage from hotels and [residences]. Time cards and full information can be [obtained at] the ticket offices, No. 78 Fifth avenue and [Union] Depot.

D. M. BOYD,
General Passenger [Agent].
A. J. CASSATT, General Manager.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE [AND] CHICAGO RAILWAY, CLEVELAND [AND] PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

On and after [illegible] Trains leave from [and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh,] as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
[Fast] Line	2:13 a m	Atlantic Ex	2:18 a[illegible]
Chicago Mail	6:13 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:53 a[illegible]
Erie and Ashtabula Ex	6:28 a m	Chicago Ex	11:58 a[illegible]
Clev & W Mail	6:53 a m	Erie and Ashtabula Ex	2:38 p[illegible]
Chicago Ex	9:53 a m	Chicago Mail	3:4[illegible]
Clev & Whg Ex	1:58 p m	Cleveland Ex	3:53 p[illegible]
Pacific Express	2:13 p m	Cleve & W Ex	5:48 p[illegible]
Wellsville Ex	4:28 p m	Chicago and St. Louis Ex	6:08 p[illegible]
Erie & Wrn Ex	4:38 p m	Erie and Ashtabula Ex	11:28 p[illegible]
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
Beaver Falls Ac	8:38 a m	Leetsdale Ac	[illegible]
Leetsdale Ac	10:28 a m	Leetsdale Ac	[illegible]
Leetsdale Ac	12:08 p m	Beaver Falls Ac	[illegible]
Sharpsville and Ashtabula Ac	1:13 p m	Enon Ac	[illegible]
Enon Ac	3:48 p m	Sharpsville and Warren Ac	9:53 a[illegible]
Leetsdale Ac	5:23 p m	Leetsdale Ac	12:53 p[illegible]
Beaver Falls Ac	6:23 p m	Beaver Falls Ac	4:13 p[illegible]
Leetsdale Ac	8:28 p m	Leetsdale Ac	4:28 p[illegible]
Leetsdale Ac	10:58 p m	Leetsdale Ac	7:33 p[illegible]
Fair Oaks Sunday Church	12:43 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday Church	9:53 a[illegible]

Pacific Express leaves daily.
Chicago Express arrives daily.
Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excepted.
Atlantic Express arrives daily, Mondays excepted.
All other trains will leave and arrive daily, Sundays excepted.

J. N. McCULLOUGH, General Manager.
F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY, PAN HANDLE ROUTE.

On and after MONDAY, JUNE 29th, 1874, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	2:13 a m	McDonald's Ac	6:53 a[illegible]
Columbus Mail	7:13 a m	Washington Ac	8:03 a[illegible]
Washington Ac	8:33 a m	Steubenville Ac	9:3[illegible]
Pacific Express	9:38 a m	Cincinnati Ex	7:0[illegible]
McDonald's Ac	10:43 a m	McDonald's Ac	[illegible]
Pittsburgh Ex	2:13 p m	Washington Ac	[illegible]
Steubenville Ac	3:28 p m	Columbus Mail	[illegible]
Washington Ac	5:03 p m	Fast Line	[illegible]
McDonald's Ac	6:13 p m	Southern Ex	[illegible]
Sunday Church Train	12:48 p m	Sunday Church Train	10:03

Fast Line and Pittsburgh Express leave daily.
Fast Line and Cincinnati Express arrive daily.
All other trains will run daily, except Sunday.
Sleeping Cars, without change, to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.

W. L. O'BRIEN, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
GEO. WEBB, General Superintendent.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

On and after MONDAY, June 29th, 1874, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, (Pittsburgh Time), as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Buffalo Express	6:45 a m	Night Express	[illegible]
Hulton Ac	6:50 a m	Hulton Ac	[illegible]
Kittanning Ac	9:40 a m	Soda Works Ac	[illegible]
Hulton Ac	12:10 p m	Hulton Ac	[illegible]
Titusville Ex	3:25 p m	Brady's Bend Ac	[illegible]
Brady's Bend Ac	3:45 p m	Hulton Ac	[illegible]
Hulton Ac	5:00 p m	Titusville Ex	[illegible]
Soda Works Ac	6:00 p m	Kittanning Ac	[illegible]
Night Express	6:45 p m	Hulton Ac	[illegible]
Hulton Ac	10:50 p m	Buffalo Ex	[illegible]

Buffalo Express daily; on Sundays to Oil City only. All other trains daily except Sunday.

Church Train—Leaves Soda Works at 8:35 a.m., arriving at Pittsburgh at 10:10 a.m. Returning leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p.m., arriving at Soda Works at 2:25 p.m., stopping at all Stations.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars on Night Express between Pittsburgh and Mayville.

Buffalo Express connects at Red Bank for Brookville, Driftwood, Williamsport and all points Northeast.

Orders can be left with Excelsior Baggage Company, 78 Fifth avenue, for Baggage to be checked from Hotels or Residences to destination.

Ticket Offices, No. 78 Fifth avenue and Union Depot.

J. J. L[AWRENCE], General Superintendent.
THOS. M. KING, Assistant Sup[erintendent].

PITTSBURGH AND CON[NELLS]VILLE RAILROAD—PITTSBURGH, [WASH]INGTON AND BALTIMORE "SHORT L[INE]"—CHANGE OF TIME—SUMMER ARRA[NGEMENT].

On and after SUNDAY, May 10 [trains] on this Road will depart and arrive [at the Depot, co]rner Grant and Water streets, as fo[llows, city] time:

DEPART.

Local Mail.....6:10 a m
Through Mail.....7:00 a m
Mixed Way.....9:0[illegible]
McKeesport Ac.....11:00 a m
McKeesport Ac.....2:35 p m
Connellsville Ac.....3:25 p m
McKeesport Ac.....4:30 p m
W. Newton Ac.....5:10 p m
[illegible]
[illegible] Ac.....11:00 p m
[illegible] Ch T.....12:45 p m